U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 20535

January 9, 2023

MR. NOAH SCHEER
[redacted]

FOIPA Request No.: 1576498-000
Subject: DRAPER, MURIEL

Dear Mr. Scheer:

The FBI has completed its search for records subject to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) that are responsive to your request. The enclosed 262 pages of records were determined to be responsive to your subject and were previously processed and released. Please see the selected paragraphs below for relevant information specific to your request as well as the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for standard responses applicable to all requests.

☑ In an effort to provide you with responsive records as expeditiously as possible, we are releasing documents from previous requests regarding your subject. We consider your request fulfilled. Since we relied on previous results, additional records potentially responsive to your subject may exist. If this release of previously processed material does not satisfy your request, you may request an additional search for records. Submit your request by mail to **Initial Processing Operations Unit, 200 Constitution Drive, Winchester, VA 22602**, **or by fax to (540) 868-4997.** Please cite the FOIPA Request Number in your correspondence.

☐ Please be advised that additional records responsive to your subject exist. If this release of previously processed material does not satisfy your request, you must advise us that you want the additional records processed. Please submit your response within thirty (30) days by mail to **Initial Processing Operations Unit, 200 Constitution Drive, Winchester, VA 22602**, **or by fax to (540) 868-4997.**. Please cite the FOIPA Request Number in your correspondence. **If we do not receive your decision within thirty (30) days of the date of this notification, your request will be closed.**

☐ One or more of the enclosed records were transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). Although we retained a version of the records previously processed pursuant to the FOIA, the original records are no longer in our possession.

If this release of the previously processed material does not satisfy your request, you may file a FOIPA request with NARA at the following address:

National Archives and Records Administration
Special Access and FOIA
8601 Adelphi Road, Room 5500
College Park, MD 20740-6001

☐ Records potentially responsive to your request were transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), and they were not previously processed pursuant to the FOIA. You may file a request with NARA using the address above.

☐ One or more of the enclosed records were destroyed. Although we retained a version of the records previously processed pursuant to the FOIA, the original records are no longer in our possession. Record retention and disposal is carried out under supervision of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) , Title 44, United States Code, Section 3301 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1228; Title 44, United States Code, Section 3310 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1229.10.

☐ Records potentially responsive to your request were destroyed. Since this material could not be reviewed, it is not known if it was responsive to your request. Record retention and disposal is carried out under supervision of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) according to Title 44 United States Code Section 3301, Title 36 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Chapter 12 Sub-chapter B Part 1228, and 36 CFR 1229.10.

☑ Documents or information referred to other Government agencies were not included in this release.

Please refer to the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for additional standard responses applicable to your request. **"Part 1"** of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. **"Part 2"** includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records about yourself or any third party individuals. **"Part 3"** includes general information about FBI records that you may find useful. Also enclosed is our Explanation of Exemptions.

For questions regarding our determinations, visit the www.fbi.gov/foia website under "Contact Us." The FOIPA Request Number listed above has been assigned to your request. Please use this number in all correspondence concerning your request.

Please be advised that if you are seeking a new search for records, you may wish to narrow the scope of your request based on material that you have already received, e.g., timeframe or locality. Additionally, be advised that "unusual circumstances" may apply. See 5 U.S.C. § 552 (a)(6)(B)(iii). These "unusual circumstances" will delay our ability to make a determination on your request within 20 days. See 5 U.S.C. § 552 (a)(6)(B). Additionally, the payment of pertinent fees may apply to your request. See 5 U.S.C. § 552 (a)(4)(A)(viii). The application of "unusual circumstances" is not a determination of how the FBI will respond to your substantive request.

If you are not satisfied with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's determination in response to this request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.

You may seek dispute resolution services by emailing the FBI's FOIA Public Liaison at foipaquestions@fbi.gov. The subject heading should clearly state "Dispute Resolution Services." Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified. You may also contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS). The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,

Michael G. Seidel
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Information Management Division

Enclosure(s)

FBI FOIPA Addendum

As referenced in our letter responding to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request, the FBI FOIPA Addendum provides information applicable to your request. Part 1 of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. Part 2 includes standard responses that apply to requests for records about individuals to the extent your request seeks the listed information. Part 3 includes general information about FBI records, searches, and programs.

Part 1: The standard responses below apply to all requests:

(i) **5 U.S.C. § 552(c).** Congress excluded three categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIPA [5 U.S.C. § 552(c)]. FBI responses are limited to those records subject to the requirements of the FOIPA. Additional information about the FBI and the FOIPA can be found on the www.fbi.gov/foia website.

(ii) **Intelligence Records**. To the extent your request seeks records of intelligence sources, methods, or activities, the FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(1), (b)(3), and as applicable to requests for records about individuals, PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(1), (b)(3), and (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records is itself a classified fact protected by FOIA exemption (b)(1) and/or would reveal intelligence sources, methods, or activities protected by exemption (b)(3) [50 USC § 3024(i)(1)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that any such records do or do not exist.

Part 2: The standard responses below apply to all requests for records on individuals:

(i) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Watch Lists.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of any individual's name on a watch list pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that watch list records do or do not exist.

(ii) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Witness Security Program Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records which could identify any participant in the Witness Security Program pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(3) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(3), 18 U.S.C. 3521, and (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

(iii) **Requests for Confidential Informant Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of confidential informant records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F) [5 U.S.C.§ § 552 (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F)] and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C.§ 552a (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records would reveal confidential informant identities and information, expose law enforcement techniques, and endanger the life or physical safety of individuals. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

Part 3: General Information:

(i) **Record Searches and Standard Search Policy.** The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for reasonably described records by searching systems, such as the Central Records System (CRS), or locations where responsive records would reasonably be found. The CRS is an extensive system of records consisting of applicant, investigative, intelligence, personnel, administrative, and general files compiled by the FBI per its law enforcement, intelligence, and administrative functions. The CRS spans the entire FBI organization, comprising records of FBI Headquarters, FBI Field Offices, and FBI Legal Attaché Offices (Legats) worldwide; Electronic Surveillance (ELSUR) records are included in the CRS. The standard search policy is a search for main entity records in the CRS. Unless specifically requested, a standard search does not include a search for reference entity records, administrative records of previous FOIPA requests, or civil litigation files.

a. *Main Entity Records* – created for individuals or non-individuals who are the subjects or the focus of an investigation
b. *Reference Entity Records*- created for individuals or non-individuals who are associated with a case but are not known subjects or the focus of an investigation

(ii) **FBI Records.** Founded in 1908, the FBI carries out a dual law enforcement and national security mission. As part of this dual mission, the FBI creates and maintains records on various subjects; however, the FBI does not maintain records on every person, subject, or entity.

(iii) **Foreseeable Harm Standard.** As amended in 2016, the Freedom of Information Act provides that a federal agency may withhold responsive records only if: (1) the agency reasonably foresees that disclosure would harm an interest protected by one of the nine exemptions that FOIA enumerates, or (2) disclosure is prohibited by law (5 United States Code, Section 552(a)(8)(A)(i)). The FBI considers this foreseeable harm standard in the processing of its requests.

(iv) **Requests for Criminal History Records or Rap Sheets.** The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division provides Identity History Summary Checks – often referred to as a criminal history record or rap sheet. These criminal history records are not the same as material in an investigative "FBI file." An Identity History Summary Check is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization, or military service. For a fee, individuals can request a copy of their Identity History Summary Check. Forms and directions can be accessed at www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks. Additionally, requests can be submitted electronically at www.edo.cjis.gov. For additional information, please contact CJIS directly at (304) 625-5590.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

(b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;

(b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;

(b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;

(b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;

(b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;

(b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

(b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;

(b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or

(b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

(d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;

(j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;

(k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;

(k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;

(k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;

(k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;

(k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;

(k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;

(k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

FBI/DOJ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

S E C U R I T Y I N F O R M A T I O N - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CASE ORIGINATED AT: NEW YORK

REPORT MADE AT	DATE MADE	PERIOD	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	DEC 11 1951	10/12,13; 16-20,23, 24,31;11/1, 5,6,9,13-15/51	EUGENE W. WHITWAM

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, wa: Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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SUMMARY REPORT

~~EXPEDITE PROCESSING~~

~~DEC 14 1951~~

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject born 11/13/86, at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Subject educated in Haverhill, Massachusetts. Subject resided in Haverhill, Massachusetts until 1900; resided off and on in Europe until 1914; and since that period of time has resided in New York City. Subject's present address is 322 East 58th Street, New York City. Informants advise subject known to be member of the Communist Party and subject is active in many Communist front organizations.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 07-28-2009

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DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

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A. Birth

Mr. BERNARD DONAHUE, City Clerk, Haverhill, Massachusetts, made available the records of his office which showed that a delayed entry had been made as of June 5, 1922, showing the birth of MURIEL SANDERS (female) as November 13, 1886, at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Mr. DONAHUE also displayed a disposition #399, regarding the delayed return of the birth of the subject. This affidavit was acknowledged by NATHANIEL S. H. SANDERS, brother of MURIEL SANDERS, the subject, made before the City Clerk June 5, 1922, at Haverhill, Massachusetts. It was noted that the failure to record the subject's birth was given as "physician's negligence." This affidavit was attested to by WILLIAM W. ROBERTS, City Clerk.

B. Education

On January 19, 1944, a Miss FLASHANER, of the General Book Department of Harper Brothers, 49 East 33rd Street, New York City, made available an undated one and one-half page memorandum by which MURIEL DRAPER had informed the publishers of "Biographical Data" concerning herself in regard to a book Harper Brothers was publishing. This memorandum stated that the subject attended Burnham public schools and Haverhill High School (both believed to be in Haverhill, Massachusetts), which school she left at the age of 14 on the request of her teachers. MURIEL DRAPER stated further in the memorandum that she had studied French for two years thereafter upon leaving school.

C. Marital Status

Mr. BERNARD DONAHUE, City Clerk, Haverhill, Massachusetts, advised that the subject was married to PAUL DRAPER on March 28, 1909.

At the main building of the New York Public Library, in the files of the Music Library, a file was obtained concerning PAUL DRAPER, husband of the subject. This file reflected a clipping from the April 1, 1916 issue of the publication "Musical America", which stated that PAUL DRAPER of 24 East 55th Street, New York City, was sued for divorce in the Supreme Court by Mrs. MURIEL G. DRAPER.

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The records of the New York County Supreme Court maintained in the Hall of Records, New York City, reflected that MURIEL DRAPER of 116 East 57th Street, New York City, received a final judgment on her action for divorce from PAUL DRAPER on October 27, 1916, and that this judgment was filed on October 28, 1916.

D. Criminal Record

There is no known criminal record regarding MURIEL DRAPER.

E. Employment

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was reported to have been employed by the "New Yorker" magazine for a short period of time as a writer in approximately 1936.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was employed by PAUL CHALFEN, Architect of New York City, sometime after the year 1914, and remained in his employ for approximately three years, where she was doing designing and decorating work. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER was later employed by a Mrs. DeWITT WALSH and was engaged in the same line of work as previously stated.

F. Residences

On January 19, 1944, Miss FLASHINER of the General Book Department of Harper Brothers, 49 East 33rd Street, New York City, furnished a memorandum written by the subject. This memorandum stated that she was in Haverhill, Massachusetts until 1900. MURIEL DRAPER states in the memorandum that she went abroad at the age of seventeen (1903) and returned to the United States in 1905. The memorandum stated that MURIEL DRAPER returned to Europe later in 1905. After her marriage to PAUL DRAPER in 1909, MURIEL DRAPER stated in her memorandum that she returned to Europe until May of 1914.

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The records of the New York County Supreme Court reflect that MURIEL DRAPER resided at 116 East 57th Street, New York City on October 27, 1916.

Confidential Informant T-2 advised that MURIEL DRAPER resided at 19 East 48th Street, New York City, on October 20, 1923, and formerly resided at 21 East 49th Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-1 stated that as of April 24, 1925, MURIEL DRAPER resided at 19 East 48th Street, New York City, and the informant further advised that the subject resided at 312 East 53rd Street, New York City, in 1932; and that she had formerly resided at 24 East 40th Street, New York City.

On January 7 and 10, 1944, the following information concerning residences of MURIEL DRAPER was obtained from consolidated lists of registered voters for the indicated years and from voting registration lists of particular election districts as noted, obtained through the New York City Board of Election for Manhattan:

Registered in year 1932, giving 1928 residence as 20 East 40th Street, and 1932 residence as 312 East 53rd Street;

Registered in year 1936, giving residence as Apartment 1-A, 971 First Avenue, New York City;

Registered in 1937 and 1938, giving residence as 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City;

Registered on October 10, 1942, giving residence as 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that on August 7, 1943, MURIEL DRAPER changed her address from 144 Lexington Avenue to 322 East 58th Street, New York City.

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SA [redacted] advised on January 31, 1945 that MURIEL DRAPER was residing at 322 East 58th Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised on May 28, 1946, February 10, 1950, October 31, 1950 and on November 15, 1951, that MURIEL DRAPER continued to reside at 322 East 58th Street, in New York City.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA AND COMMUNIST PARTY FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

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A. Information Concerning Admission or Membership in the Communist Party, USA

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised on January 10, 1944 that the subject's name appeared on a list of members of the Communist Party which was obtained in 1941. The informant further advised that during the year 1941, the subject was connected with the American Rescueship Mission and was a sponsor for the Fifth National Conference of the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born.

Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, advised on January 13, 1944, [redacted], known to him as a [redacted] 1942. The informant further advised that he was convinced of the subject's Communist Party connection from the fact that she loaned the use of her house at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, for the purpose of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade and for gatherings of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. The informant further stated that the subject had been quite active with the American Peace Mobilization and was presently active with the National Council for American-Soviet Friendship.

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised on January 16, 1947, that

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CHARLOTTE HONIG was formerly Financial Secretary of the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party and that in January, 1947 she was a member of the Finance Committee of the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party.

It should be noted that the above organizations mentioned, which are the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, the American Peace Mobilization, and the National Council for American-Soviet Friendship have been cited by the Attorney General as Communist organizations coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, stated that MURIEL DRAPER, who is a member of the Communist Party and connected with the Congress of American Women had attended a teachers luncheon on April 17, 1948.

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised on June 21, 1950 that he first met MURIEL DRAPER at an enlarged meeting of the National Committee of the Communist Party, being introduced to her by ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN. The informant stated that these individuals had told him that MURIEL DRAPER was a Communist, which she would have to be in order to attend any such session. The informant further advised that repeatedly in the 1940's and up to 1945, he was advised by EUGENE DENNIS, together with TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, that MURIEL DRAPER was a devoted member of the Communist Party. The informant stated that in that capacity she was a member of a number of front organizations and also represented the Party in the Women's International Meeting at Prague, although she did not state her representation openly as far as the Party was concerned.

It should be noted that EUGENE DENNIS has been convicted of conspiring to teach and advocate the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and is presently serving a prison sentence for this offense.

It should be noted that ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN and ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG have been indicted under the Smith Act of 1940.

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Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised on October 14, 1950 that during the period of his membership in the Communist Party from 1931 to 1940, it was generally acknowledged among the leaders of the Communist Party that MURIEL DRAPER was a member. The informant stated that he had never seen MURIEL DRAPER at any Communist Party meetings, but his knowledge was based on her reputation.

Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised on March 12, 1951, that at the time he was a member of the Communist Party, prior to 1939, it was the opinion of other members of the Party that MURIEL DRAPER was a member.

Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, advised that he could state that the Congress of American Women was absolutely an organization of the Communist Party operating to further Communist Party aims and that he knew this through close association with top Communist Party leaders and through personal contact with Communist Party member MURIEL DRAPER.

It should be noted that the Communist Party, which is mentioned in this report, has been cited by the Attorney General as a Communist organization coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

B. History of Activity in, Attendance at Meetings of and Positions Held in the Communist Party, USA or Communist Party Front Organizations

1. "Daily Worker"

The "Daily Worker" is an East Coast newspaper of the Communist Party. A review of various issues of the "Daily Worker" reveals the following activity concerning MURIEL DRAPER:

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On July 1, 1937, MURIEL DRAPER was a guest speaker at a benefit for the Basque Refugee Children held at Mecca Temple under the auspices of the Julius Rosenthal Memorial Committee. ("Daily Worker", July 1, 1937.)

The House Committee on Un-American Activities stated in 1944, that the Julius Rosenthal Memorial Committee was a Communist front organization.

In April, 1938, the subject was one of many prominent persons who signed a statement in support of the verdicts of the recent Moscow trials of the Trotskyite Buchharnite supporters. ("Daily Worker", April 2, 1938.)

In 1938, the subject was a sponsor of a committee to send an American relief ship to Spain. ("Daily Worker", August 19, 1938.)

In December, 1938, the subject was listed as an endorser of the American Congress for Peace and Democracy, which was to be held in Washington, D. C. ("Daily Worker", December 24, 1938.)

The American Congress for Peace and Democracy was cited as a Communist front by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their 1948 report, page 67.

In February of 1939, the subject was a speaker at a rally held under the auspices of the Greenwich Village Joint Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. ("Daily Worker", February 23, 1939.)

On February 3, 1941, the subject was listed as participant in a meeting held under the auspices of the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union. ("Daily Worker", February 1, 1941.)

The American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union was cited by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report,

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page 38, as "typical of the completely Communist created and controlled organizations in civic community field."

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In March of 1941, the subject was revealed as one of the endorsers of the American People's Meeting which was to be held on April 5 and 6, 1941, at New York City. ("Daily Worker", March 27, 1941.)

The Special Committee on Un-American Activities in their report of March 29, 1944, on page 106, stated: "The name American People's Meeting was chosen for its national convention by the seditious American Peace Mobilization held April 5 and 6, 1941 in New York City."

The American Peace Mobilization has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

In April of 1941, the subject was listed as a signer of the call of the 4th Congress of the League of American Writers which was to be held in New York City, April 6-8, 1941. ("Daily Worker", April 5, 1941.)

The League of American Writers has been cited by the Attorney General as a Communist organization coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On July 23, 1941, an advertisement appeared in the "Daily Worker" which announced a lecture entitled, "Soviet Defenses by Captain SERGAI KOURNAKOFF and MURIEL DRAPER at Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth Avenue, Thursday, July 24, at 8:30 PM." ("Daily Worker", July 23, 1941).

On September 7, 1941, the "Daily Worker" contained an article concerning a message which the subject had cabled to a meeting of Soviet women held in Moscow on that date. This message read as follows: "American women will work with head and hand and heart to support you proud and fearless defenders of the great Soviet Union you have created. No enemy is strong enough to take it from you. The people always win."

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MURIEL DRAPER gave a party for members of the League of American Writers on the afternoon of February 21, 1944 at her home at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City. This party was mentioned in the "Daily Worker" and the article further stated that an individual by the name of BERTHOLD BRECHT, a German dramatist would be a guest of honor at the affair. It was reported that BERTHOLD BRECHT was a contributor to the magazine, "Soviet Russia Today". ("Daily Worker", February 20, 1943, page 7.) CONFIDENTIAL

MURIEL DRAPER of New York City described as an author was listed among signers of a statement denouncing the Dies Committee and asking for its abolition. ("Daily Worker", February 6, 1943.)

MURIEL DRAPER of New York City, writer and speaker, was reported to be among the signers of a statement issued through the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship. This statement charged that the criticism by a Committee of 66 directed against the film "Mission to Moscow" is a "distinct disservice to the cause of American-Soviet unity during the war and afterwards." ("Daily Worker", July 5, 1943.)

An article in the "Daily Worker" entitled, "Sponsors of United States-Soviet Friendship Celebration" advertised a meeting at Madison Square Garden on November 16, 1944. This article advised that MURIEL DRAPER was the sponsor of this meeting. ("Daily Worker", November 12, 1944.)

The "Daily Worker" carried an article on November 13, 1944, entitled, "Prominent Citizens Issued Call for United States-USSR Women's Rallies." This conference was under the auspices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship and the article described the subject as New York chairman of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

On April 19, 1945, the "Daily Worker" contained an announcement of a Russian War Relief forum. MURIEL DRAPER was listed as chairman of this forum.

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An article appeared in the "Daily Worker" under of January 8, 1946, reflecting that a United States delegate to the International Women's Congress in Paris, France, would report on Tuesday, January 22, 1946. The representative was to speak on the formation of the Women's International Democratic Association which grew out of the Paris convention, and it was stated that MURIEL DRAPER would preside at this meeting.

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An article appeared in the "Daily Worker" dated March 4, 1946, reflecting that MURIEL DRAPER was chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

An article appeared in the "Daily Worker" dated May 27, 1946, entitled, "Congress of American Women Asks Equality in All Fields". At the conference of the Congress of American Women the subject had spoke on a new amendment to the Constitution outlawing economic, political and social discrimination against women.

The "Daily Worker", December 31, 1946, on page 5, column 2, lists MURIEL DRAPER as a sponsor of a testimonial dinner to be given VITO MARCANTONIO, American Labor Party Congressman.

The "Daily Worker" for January 25, 1947, announced that the subject was to speak at a rally for a free Spain, on January 29, 1947, at the Foyer Academy of Music in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The "Daily Worker", dated December 1, 1947, on page 3, carried an article entitled, "Leaders in Arts, Sciences Hit Pix Purge". This article stated 65 leaders in arts, sciences and professions yesterday denounced the motion picture producers for their "shocking and degrading capitulation to the discredited and irresponsible House Committee on Un-American Activities." An open letter to the movie industry by this group was also printed in regard to the above and among the signers to the open letter was MURIEL DRAPER.

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The "Daily Worker" of January 15, 1948, page 5, column 1, carried an article reflecting that MURIEL DRAPER as Vice President of the Congress of American Women, was listed as one of the participants in the picketing of the Spanish Consulate.

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The "Daily Worker" of March 18, 1948, page 7, column 1, states that MURIEL DRAPER was to give a speech on "Where Is Women's Place", at the Village Forum, 430 Sixth Avenue, New York City, on March 18, 1948.

The "Daily Worker" of April 30, 1948, page 3, column 3, reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the signers of a protest of the Committee for Democratic Rights denouncing the Mundt-Nixon Bill.

On May 10, 1948, the "Daily Worker" on page 3, columns 1 and 2, stated that the immediate objectives of the Committee for Democratic Rights were "full and adequate public hearings before any Congressional action is taken on the bill (Mundt Bill); completion of the petition and a literature campaign to bring the truth of this bill's effect to the people".

The Mundt-Nixon Bill, introduced in Congress March 15, 1948 as HR 5852, expresses its purpose to "combat un-American activities by requiring the registration of Communist front organization and for other purposes."

The "Daily Worker" of June 22, 1948, on page 7, column 1, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER would be a speaker at a mass meeting for United States and USSR accord to be held at the City Center Casino Ballroom, on June 23, 1948, under the auspices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

The "Daily Worker" of August 28, 1948, on page 4, column 3, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the Independent Non-partisan Citizens Committee for the re-election of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, Communist candidate for re-election as City Councilman.

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The "Daily Worker" of October 20, 1948, on page 7, column 4, reflects that a "Women Fight Back" rally was to be held October 25, 1948, at the Manhattan Center. The article stated that MURIEL DRAPER was to be chairman of this meeting and that the Congress of American Women were the sponsors. This rally was being organized to protest the deportation drive.

The "Daily Worker" dated December 3, 1948, on page 6, column 1, in a dispatch from Budapest dated December 2, 1948, states that the Women's International Democratic Federation Convention gave Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, Chief United States Delegate, a five minute ovation tonight after she charged in a fiery speech that the United States was controlled by fascists who were driving it to war.

The "Daily Worker" on December 27, 1948, page 4, carried an article in which MURIEL DRAPER was described as an official spokesman for the American delegates at the second congress of the Women's International Democratic Federation in Budapest. The delegates were sent under the auspices of the Congress of American Women.

The "Daily Worker" of February 2, 1949, page 5, column 3, reports of a dinner given at the Hotel McAlpin, New York City, for thirty-three homecoming delegates from the Women's Congress at Budapest. According to this article, MURIEL DRAPER, Executive Vice President of the Congress of American Women, who visited the Soviet Union after the Women's Congress, reported Moscow citizens "laughed at the Voice of America."

The "Daily Worker" dated February 6, 1949, page 3, column 4, reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was an endorser of a conference to protest the means of selecting a jury for the trial of the indicted Communist leaders.

The "Daily Worker" of February 21, 1949, page 2, column 4, refers to a statement made the previous

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day by the American Council for a Democratic Greece protesting the use of United States troops in Greece. The article stated that a peace in Greece rally would be held on February 28, 1949, at the City Casino, in New York City, and that MURIEL DRAPER would be among the principal speakers.

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The "Daily Worker" of February 28, 1949 listed MURIEL DRAPER as a speaker at a rally for democracy and peace in Greece under the auspices of the American Council for Democratic Greece.

The American Council for Democratic Greece has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The "Daily Worker" of March 10, 1949, page 4, column 5, reports that the Joint Committee of Italian-American Women was sponsoring a mass meeting for peace to be held on March 11, 1949, and that among the speakers would be MURIEL DRAPER.

The "Daily Worker" of May 10, 1949, page 6, column 1, reflects that three hundred women representatives of the Congress of American Women from twelve states led by their newly elected president, MURIEL DRAPER, had presented a peace petition on May 9, 1949 to the United Nations.

The "Daily Worker" of May 12, 1949, page 3, column 3, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER of the Congress of American Women had appeared before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to express opposition to the North Atlantic Military Alliance.

The "Daily Worker" of July 31, 1949, page 4, column 2, reflects that a rally was held at Columbia University protesting the discriminatory practices in the application forms for students at Columbia. MURIEL DRAPER was among the speakers who addressed this rally.

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The "Daily Worker" of August 2, 1949 reflects that MURIEL DRAPER had joined the list of prominent people who were endorsing the young progressives of New York's state fair. This was described as a "grand interracial youth festival."

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The "Daily Worker" of August 21, 1949, page 2, column 4, carried an article entitled, "Rally Against Arms Bill To Be Held Tuesday". This article states that the rally will be held, sponsored by the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions and states that MURIEL DRAPER would be a speaker.

The "Daily Worker" on August 28, 1949, on page 4, column 1, carried an article which stated that MURIEL DRAPER would be a sponsor of the Independent Non-partisan Citizens Committee for the Re-election of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

The "Daily Worker" of August 29, 1949, on page 2, column 2, carried an article which stated that MURIEL DRAPER was in attendance at a reception for BENJAMIN J. DAVIS sponsored by the Independent Non-partisan Citizens Committee for the Re-election of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

The "Daily Worker" of September 28, 1949, on page 3, column 1, states that a delegation of American women had gone to the United Nations on the previous day to plead for the life of KETTY ZEVGOS, Greek woman leader sentenced to die by a court martial in Greece. The article stated that among the delegates was MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women.

The "Daily Worker" of November 18, 1949, on page 7, carried a dispatch from Moscow reflecting a conference of the Women's International Democratic Federation was held on November 17, 1949, and that MURIEL DRAPER was elected to the Executive Council of the Women's International Democratic Federation on that date.

The "Daily Worker" on November 29, 1949, on page 2, column 1, states that MURIEL DRAPER would be flying back from Moscow to address a rally on "Outlaw the Atom Bomb", which was to be held in Madison Square Garden,

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on December 5, 1949, This article described Mrs. DRAPER as Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

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The "Daily Worker" of April 5, 1950, on page 4, column 3, carried an article entitled, "Demonstrate Today Against H Bomb". This article stated that MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women would lead the Manhattan contingent of a city-wide protest demonstration against the manufacture of the H Bomb.

The "Daily Worker" of May 26, 1950, on page 4, column 2, contained an article entitled, "Manhattan Leaders Oppose Mundt Bill". This article lists the names of various people who expressed their opposition to the Mundt Bill and included in this list was MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women.

The "Daily Worker" of June 6, 1950, on page 4, column 1, contained an article entitled, "2500 at Rally Open Drive to Free 21". This article reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was to be one of the main speakers at this meeting.

The "Daily Worker" of November 20, 1950, on page 12, column 3, carried an article entitled, "Soviet Amity Rally Backs World Peace Congress". This article concerns a meeting commemorating the 33rd anniversary of the Russian Revolution held at the Riverside Plaza Hotel in New York City, and MURIEL DRAPER was listed in the article as one of the speakers at this meeting. The meeting was sponsored by the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

The "Daily Worker" of May 1, 1951, on page 11, columns 1 and 5, carries an article which reflects that the American Peace Crusade was announcing an art contest to be held. MURIEL DRAPER was listed in the article as one of the sponsors for this contest.

The "Daily Worker" of May 18, 1951, on page 3, columns 1 and 2, carried an article entitled, "Women Visit Capitol, Assail McCarran Drive". This

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article stated that a group of women presented an open letter signed by fifty-five prominent American women to the Executive Assistant to the President DAVID K. NILES. This open letter called for a halt to the McCARRAN deportation proceedings. This letter further stated that "it is disturbing to think what effect the persecution of these non-citizens will have on the civil rights of every resident of the United States, citizen and non-citizen alike, since these deportations are based on the un-Constitutional proposition of denying non-citizens freedom of speech and belief." MURIEL DRAPER was mentioned in the article as one of the signers of this open letter.

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The "Daily Worker" of June 22, 1951, on page 4, column 4, carried an article concerning a meeting held about the Supreme Court decision and the Johnson Peace Resolution. The article also stated that GEORGE CROCKETT, Negro attorney, who faces a prison term for his defense of the Communist 11, will address the meeting. The article further stated that MURIEL DRAPER would be present at this meeting.

2. "Soviet Russia Today"

Confidential Informant T-13, of known reliability, advised that on April 29, 1949, MURIEL DRAPER contacted JESSICA SMITH of the magazine "Soviet Russia Today" and discussed with her her recent trip to Paris as a delegate from the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship to the conference of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

Confidential Informant T-13 advised that on June 12, 1946, the subject contacted JESSICA SMITH, Editor of "Soviet Russia Today", to inquire whether information could be obtained relative to women's clubs and organizations in the Soviet Union. T-13 also advised that on March 6, 1946, the subject contacted the Managing Editor of "Soviet Russia Today" and requested that he give her suggestions as to the subject matter of a speech that she was to give at a meeting of th Congress of American Women.

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The October, 1947 issue of "Soviet Russia Today" carries an article stating that the book reviews for the magazine are handled by MURIEL DRAPER. CONFIDENTIAL

The March, 1947 issue of "Soviet Russia Today" carries an article by MURIEL DRAPER of the Executive Committee of the Women's International Democratic Federation concerning the meeting in Moscow of women to plan for peace. In this article MURIEL DRAPER stated, "Russian people have faith in people and believe us capable of joining in this adventure of democracy."

On May 2, 1951, Confidential Informant T-14, of known reliability, advised that the magazine, "Soviet Russia Today", is aware of the present address of MURIEL DRAPER and that on May 2, 1951 LIBUSE VELEBILOVA, a stenographer at the Czechoslovakian United Nations Delegation, inquired of the magazine the address of MURIEL DRAPER.

On April 30, 1951, Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER sat on the dais during a dinner celebration for the first birthday of the "New World Review", at the Riverside Plaza Hotel, in New York City. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER gave a short speech in which she stated, "A new world is being born. You hear it in Poland, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia and all over the world, even in Washington. I am glad the editor of the new magazine is a woman, I am grateful to JESSICA SMITH - we need her kind of courage."

In the January, 1951 issue of "Soviet Russia Today", JESSICA SMITH, Editor of the magazine, published a message to the readers. This message, in effect, stated that for nineteen years "Soviet Russia Today" had been presenting the truth about the Soviet Union to the American people and that beginning with the February, 1951 issue, the magazine would be known as "New World Review".

On March 15, 1948, Confidential Informant T-16, of known reliability, advised that "Soviet Russia Today" is a Communist Party activity and is on sale at

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all Communist Party section headquarters.

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Confidential Informant T-9 states that JESSICA SMITH was a trusted Communist and that her specific assignment is to extend the influence of pro-Sovietism in the United States among as many public figures and agencies of public opinion as possible.

3. Activities in Communist Party, USA

Confidential Informant T-17, of known reliability, advised on April 5, 1951, that MURIEL DRAPER is a member of the National Women's Council and was Co-ordinator of women's activities for the Party in 1949. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER is known to be a Party member.

Page 239 of the book, "Men Without Faces", by LOUIS FRANCIS BUDENZ, states in part, "LOUISE BRANSTEN (who was also a Soviet agent), and Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER were given the responsibility of working out relationships which would plant Communists firmly in Scarsdale, Larchmont and Bronxville. Where actual Communist converts could not be made, friendly associations were to be initiated which would permit concealed Communists to speak before community organizations as experts on foreign affairs, particularly on the satellite states and China."

4. Congress of American Women (CAW)

The records of the County Clerk, New York County, New York County Courthouse, New York City, reflect that MURIEL DRAPER placed her signature on the certificate of incorporation for the CAW, which was filed on January 17, 1947.

The "Newark Evening News", a Newark, New Jersey newspaper, carried an article in their March 7, 1949 issue stating that a report of the second congress of the Women's International Democratic Federation, held in Budapest in December of the previous year, was to be given at the Hotel Sheraton, New York City, and that MURIEL DRAPER, head of the delegation and vice president of the CAW was to speak.

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The "New York Daily News", a New York daily newspaper, in their issue of January 7, 1950, carried an article regarding a press conference held on January 6, 1950. The article stated that at this conference President MURIEL DRAPER of the CAW, disclosed that the CAW had defied a Justice Department order to register as an agent of a foreign power. According to this article, MURIEL DRAPER said, "We cannot register as foreign agents when we are not."

According to this article, Mrs. DRAPER was requested to register on October 8, November 3 and December 29, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER stated at this conference, according to the newspaper article, that the CAW had, on December 11, 1949, withdrawn from the Women's International Democratic Federation.

On October 28, 1950, Confidential Informant T-18, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER still comes to the headquarters of the CAW at Two East 23rd Street, New York City. This informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER, who is still president of the CAW, comes to the building daily and works there for a few hours.

Confidential Informant T-18, of known reliability, furnished the minutes of a meeting of the CAW, which was dated May 2, 1950. According to the minutes, the meeting was presided over by MURIEL DRAPER.

On June 30, 1950, Confidential Informant T-18 furnished the minutes of the administrative committee meeting held by the CAW on June 7, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order by President MURIEL DRAPER and a general discussion was held regarding the future activity of the CAW.

On June 28, 1950, Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, furnished a letter dated June 13, 1950, issued by the CAW Metropolitan Council, 1133 Broadway, New York City. This letter stated that MURIEL DRAPER, President of the CAW, had suggested that members of the National Executive Board of the organization should be invited to attend their meeting.

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Confidential Informant T-20, of known reliability, on March [illegible], 1947, advised that MURIEL DRAPER, Executive Vice President, had signed the general report of the CAW to the Women's International Democratic Federation at the International Council Meeting at Prague, on February 20, 1947.

Confidential Informant T-21, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was co-chairman of the panel on peace and democracy at the Eastern Seaboard Conference of the CAW on June 7, 1947.

Confidential Informant T-21 advised on August 15, 1947, that at a conference of the CAW, held on June 7, 1947, MURIEL DRAPER was co-chairman of the panel on peace and democracy and that she made an announcement at this meeting to the effect that the CAW would march in the labor rally on June 10, 1947.

Confidential Informant T-22, of unknown reliability, on October 24, 1950, furnished the minutes of the National Executive Board of the CAW dated September 21, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order by President MURIEL DRAPER. The minutes further reflected that MURIEL DRAPER reviewed the history of the CAW and many aspects of work the organization was engaged in. She stated, according to the minutes, that the CAW was not receiving the support necessary for its continuation as an actively functioning national women's organization. At this meeting a committee to wind up the affairs of the CAW was appointed, one of whom was MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T-22 on August 9, 1949, furnished information concerning the executive board meeting of the CAW for July 26, 1949. The Informant stated that this meeting was called to order by the president, MURIEL DRAPER, and that the progress of the work around the Congress for Peace to be held in Mexico City was brought up to date by MURIEL DRAPER. The informant advised that the CAW was to be responsible for a delegation of its own.

The final CAW officers as candidates for the Women's International Democratic Federation

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Executive Board and Council were voted on and accepted and among these candidates was MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T-23, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was elected President of the CAW at the Constitutional Convention of the CAW, held in Brooklyn, New York, May 6 to 8, 1949. The informant further advised that previous to this, MURIEL DRAPER had been Executive Vice President of the CAW.

On January 11, 1950, Confidential Informant T-24, of known reliability, made available a mimeographed letter dated December 21, 1949 on the letterhead of the CAW, which was signed by MURIEL DRAPER, President of that organization. This letter briefly sketches the history of the organization's efforts to resist registration under the Foreign Agents Registration Act.

On May 6, 1949, Confidential Informant T-25, of known reliability, advised that she attended the National Constitutional Convention of the CAW at New York where MURIEL DRAPER was chairman and introduced the speakers.

On June 13, 1950, Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, furnished the minutes of the meeting of the CAW dated May 31, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order by President MURIEL DRAPER and the following items were discussed at the meeting:

"Report on United Nations Delegation";
"Summer Plans";
"Financial Report";
"Metropolitan Council Report".

On June 17, 1949, Confidential Informant T-27, of known reliability, furnished a copy of the minutes of the Executive Board of the CAW for a meeting which was held at New York City. The presiding officer of this meeting was MURIEL DRAPER and the informant advised that at this meeting MURIEL DRAPER made a pledge of $25.00 to assist in the financing of a

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trip for the Executive Secretary of the CAW to the National Convention of the Union of French Women, to be held June 5, 1949, im Marseilles, France.

The CAW has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835. CONFIDENTIAL

5. Activities in the Women's International Democratic Federation (WIDF)

The "Daily People's World", a West Coast Communist newspaper, in its April 1, 1949 issue, on page 11, there was an advertisement relative to a meeting sponsored by the American Russian Institute of Southern California on April 3, 1949. This advertisement stated that MURIEL DRAPER, described as head of the American delegation to the WIDF and who just returned from Soviet Russia, Poland, Czechoslovakia and Hungary, would be featured.

It should be noted that the American Russian Institute of Southern California has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General in a letter to the Loyalty Review Board released April 27, 1949.

The "New York Herald Tribune", a New York daily newspaper, carried a dispatch on November 16, 1949, from Moscow, Russia, dated November 15, 1949, announcing the opening of the WIDF Convention with MURIEL DRAPER mentioned as being present.

The "New York Daily Mirror" of June 30, 1949, relates that during the trial of the 11 United States Communist leaders, on the previous day GILBERT GREEN testified regarding the WIDF and during his testimony he listed Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER as a member of the WDIF's Executive Committee.

It should be noted that GILBERT GREEN has been indicted for conspiracy to advocate the overthrow of the United States Government and is a fugitive from justice.

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The "New York Herald Tribune", a New York daily newspaper, carried an article on May 19, 1948, which mentioned that MURIEL DRAPER, as representative of the CAW, was a delegate to the WIDF in Rome. The article further stated that through an informal poll at the WIDF, at least half of the delegates were found to be Communist Party members. According to the article, MURIEL DRAPER stated that she was a member of the HENRY WALLACE new 3rd party.

Confidential Informant T-28, of known reliability, advised on October 11, 1946, that the subject had been visiting the Soviet Union and France for conferences of the WIDF.

Confidential Informant T-28 also advised on November 19, 1946 that MURIEL DRAPER had stated that during her October trip to Moscow for the WIDF Conference, she had run into difficulty with the Russian representatives on the WIDF because they were demanding information concerning the CAW and American women which she knows they have been previously furnished. To a request by the Soviet delegate by the WIDF Secretariat for information on women's organizations in the United States, informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER replied that there was on file in Moscow the finest research that had ever been done on that subject and that this research had taken four women a year to compile. T-28 further advised that MURIEL DRAPER had declined appointment to the WIDF commission to investigate conditions in Germany and Indo-China because she was too busy with American affairs. Informant stated that the subject had said that she took the plane from the Soviet Union on October 16, 1946, because of reservations from France, but had been invited to stay in Russia and to tour any part of it. The subject was also reported to have stated that while in France during the fall of 1946, she marched in a victory parade as a delegate to the WIDF in the row behind the re-elected Communist women members of the French Chamber of Deputies.

The records of the Passport Division, Department of State, on October 26, 1949, reflected that a passport was being issued, valid for four months,

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to MURIEL DRAPER to attend a Moscow meeting of the council of the WIDF from November 15-20, 1949.

On April 6, 1949, Confidential Informant T-29, of known reliability, furnished a copy of the bulletin entitled, "Around the World", Volume 2, Number 1, March, 1949, which is a bulletin of the CAW affiliated with the WIDF. This bulletin contained a photograph of the American delegation to the WIDF Conference at Budapest, on the front page of this bulletin and included in the photograph as a delegate is MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T-30, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER saw MARY JANE KEENEY on April 1, 1948, concerning PAUL ROBESON'S acceptance to be National Sponsor of the WIDF Exposition. T-30 also advised that from March 1, 1948 to April 6, 1948, MURIEL DRAPER and MARY JANE KEENEY had seen each other often relative to activities of the WIDF Exposition and that on one occasion the informant advised that the two had discussed individuals they should contact to finance the Exposition of the WIDF in Paris, France.

Confidential Informant T-31, of known reliability, advised that MARY JANE KEENEY was a member of the Communist Party. The informant stated that MARY JANE KEENEY informed him that she became interested in Communism during a period of illness and then became affiliated with the Communist Party.

The WIDF was cited by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report in 1948, pages 228 through 232, as a Red international organization.

6. Activities in the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship (NCASF)

Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, advised on November 16, 1950, that MURIEL DRAPER was in attendance at a rally for American-Soviet amity, held at the Riverside Plaza Hotel, New York City, on November 16, 1950, and which was sponsored by the NCASF.

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The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER gave a short speech declaring, in part, as follows:

"It is joyful that we can meet here tonight to celebrate the 33rd anniversary of the Russian Revolution."

The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER then made an appeal for money for the organization.

Confidential Informant T-32, of known reliability, also advised that MURIEL DRAPER had attended the above meeting at the Riverside Plaza Hotel, which was sponsored by the NCASF in honor of the 33rd anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution in Russia. Informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER made the collection appeal and that she also underlined that the Soviet Union is working for a world peace and she called upon the women in the United States "to organize a great women's peace movement in the United States" and to "join the women of the Soviet Union and the women of all lands in the struggle for peace."

Confidential Informant T-20 advised that on October 4, 1948, that a dinner was held at the Iceland Restaurant, 1660 Broadway, New York City, on September 29, 1948, which was given by the NCASF.

The informant advised further, that MURIEL DRAPER was present at this dinner and also was a speaker. It was also stated that MURIEL DRAPER highly praised one RICHARD MORFORD, who is the head of the NCASF.

Confidential Informant T-28 advised that on March 25, 1946, the subject, MURIEL DRAPER, inquired about various speaking assignments that had been given her in the New York area by the NCASF Speakers Bureau. The informant advised that she was inquiring about these speaking engagements in a conversation with LEONA SARON, head of the Speakers Bureau of the NCASF.

The informant further advised that on this same day MURIEL DRAPER had a discussion with RUTH RUSS of the Cultural Committee of the NCASF and

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discussed with her the fact that she would probably resign as chairman of the Committee of Women of the NCASF and accept a position as general secretary of the CAW. Informant stated that the subject had informed RUTH RUSS that there is nothing being done in the CAW that she does not initiate.

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Confidential Informant T-28 advised that on November 1, 1946, that the NCASF had a brief biography of MURIEL DRAPER which was used in publicity blurbs. This biography, informant advised, stated in part that MURIEL DRAPER had gone to the Soviet Union in August, 1934 until August, 1935, where she had studied Soviet life. She was also sent as a delegate of the Committee of Women of the NCASF to the International Women's Congress which took place in Paris, France, November 26 to December 1, 1945, and was elected chairman of the American delegation. Informant advised that this publicity blurb further stated that upon her return a nation-wide organization known as the CAW was formed as a result of this international congress. It further stated that MURIEL DRAPER was Executive Vice President of the CAW.

Confidential Informant T-28 advised on March 28, 1947 that MURIEL DRAPER had attended a meeting of the NCASF at 163 East 78th Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-33, of known reliability, advised on March 19, 1948 that MURIEL DRAPER, Chairman of the Women's Commission, NCASF, had a discussion with the Exexutive Secretary of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee concerning the sending of a telegram from the NCASF and CAW. The informant stated that the contents of this telegram was not discussed in his presence.

Confidential Informant T-34, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER, whom he described as Secretary of the Committee of Women of the NCASF, had a conversation with TERRY RIGGS of the National Maritime Union, on February 14, 1944, concerning a meeting of the Committee of Women of the NCASF at Carnegie Hall, in New York City. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER

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was soliciting support for the meeting and wanted the Women's Auxiliary of the National Maritime Union to assist in the sale of tickets.

Confidential Informant T-35, of known reliability, stated that on November 19, 1944, MURIEL DRAPER had a discussion with JESSICA SMITH, Editor of "Soviet Russia Today". The informant advised that this discussion concerned a program of the Women's Committee of the NCASF.

Confidential Informant T-36, of known reliability, advised that he was present during a conversation between JESSICA SMITH and ALEXANDER TRACTENBERG on November 16, 1944, at which time SMITH advised TRACTENBERG that the subject, MURIEL DRAPER, was interviewed by the "Daily Worker" and that numerous material was gathered concerning the activities of the NCASF.

Confidential Informant T-21 advised that MURIEL DRAPER spoke at a luncheon sponsored by the Committee of Women of the NCASF on December 12, 1946. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER had made a statement that "language is not a barrier to world unity and that there should be a world congress for peace and friendship."

Confidential Informant T-21 also advised on March 23, 1948 that MURIEL DRAPER had attended a dinner given at the Hotel Commodore in New York City by the NCASF welcoming Ambassador PANYUSHKIN, newly appointed to the United States. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was seated at the table reserved for guests of honor.

Confidential Informant T-37, of known reliability, advised that according to the minutes of the regular meeting of the Executive Board of the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship, held on March 8, 1943, MURIEL DRAPER was among the board members of this organization and was present at the meeting. These minutes also reflected, according to the informant, that a motion was made at the meeting, although not

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acted upon, that all executive board members were expected to assume responsibility for active work with one or another of the city-wide committees or with one of the divisions of this organization. (X)

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The informant also stated that MURIEL DRAPER was appointed to a committee to bring in recommendations on the question whether the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship should pay dues and be a dues-paying membership organization. T-37 also advised that, according to the minutes of the executive board meeting of the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship, held on July 26, 1943, MURIEL DRAPER was present among the board members and was appointed to a committee considering reorganization. The informant further advised that a meeting of this council on August 23, 1943 and another held on September 14, 1943, reflected on each occasion MURIEL DRAPER'S presence as a member of the board. Informant further advised that minutes of the latter meeting reflected that MURIEL DRAPER had been appointed to a committee to draft a slate of officers and of executive board members, which slate was to be presented to the membership of the organization at their first annual meeting to be held October 22, 1943. (X)

T-37 advised that, according to the minutes of the October 11, 1943 executive board meeting, MURIEL DRAPER was present as a member of the board and on October 22, 1943, at the annual meeting of the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship MURIEL DRAPER was again elected to the Executive Board of this organization for the term of one year, ending October 22, 1944. (X)

The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER was present as a board member at a meeting of the Executive Board of the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship on December 1, 1943, according to the minutes of this organization, and that she was noted in the minutes as being chairman of the Women's Committee of this organization. T-37 also advised that at the meetings of the Executive Board of the New York Council of American-Soviet Friendship, (X)

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held January 3, 1944, MURIEL DRAPER was present as a board member and was appointed to a committee to investigate the possibilities of reorganization.

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Confidential Informant T-37 advised that prior to May 4, 1944, MURIEL DRAPER was listed on a membership card of the NCASF. The informant stated that the card reflected MURIEL DRAPER'S address to be 322 East 58th Street, New York City, telephone ELdorado 5-3965, and also that the subject had paid annual dues of $5.00 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944. The informant stated that this membership card was stamped with the date October 22, 1943.

Confidential Informant T-37, just prior to May 11, 1944, made available a memorandum from EDWIN S. SMITH, Executive Director of the NCASF. This memorandum was address to 25 persons, believed to be members of the staff of the national organization and MURIEL DRAPER was among those so addressed. This memorandum itself related to the Red Army Day Dinner and to the Women's Day Meeting, which affairs were to be held in February and March, 1944.

Confidential Informant T-37 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was to be paid a salary of $25.00 per week or $1,300.00 per year for her work on the Women's Committee of the NCASF, from January 1, 1944 to December 31, 1944. The informant advised that the subject was being paid this amount of money for part time work on the Women's Committee.

The informant further advised that the subject, as secretary of the Committee of Women of the NCASF, prepared an undated mimeographed letter acknowledging acceptance of the membership of the Committee of Women. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER, as chairman of the Committee of Women, was to engage in the furtherance of a project proposing that the NCASF make available a number of women speakers reporting on special subjects of interest to women organizations. The informant stated that the NCASF wished to reach through the Speakers Bureau out of town organizations where speakers familiar with the subject matter were not always available.

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Confidential Informant T-38, of known reliability, advised that he was present when MURIEL DRAPER, as president of the Women's Committee of the NCASF, received a cablegram from VALENTINA ~~X~~CRIZODUUOVA, Chairman of the Joint Anti-Fascist Committee of Moscow. The informant stated that the contents of this message to MURIEL DRAPER was as follows:

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"Hearty thanks for greetings to 4th Women's Anti-Fascist Meeting. We are confidant that at this decisive stage in struggle, our peoples against Hitlerite tyrants, American women will do everything to hasten victory over our common enemy. Long live friendship Soviet and American women."

Confidential Informant T-39, of known reliability, advised that a meeting to be held on January 7, 1947, by some members of the Women's Division and members of the Board of Directors of the NCASF, would be attended by MURIEL DRAPER, Chairman of the Women's Commission. The informant stated that this meeting was to discuss reorganization of the Women's Committee and afford members of the Board of Directors the opportuntity to question MURIEL DRAPER concerning the policies of the NCASF.

Confidential Informant T-40, of known reliability, advised on October 11, 1949, that he had received a copy of an invitation to a dinner in honor of ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY, to be given under the auspices of the Board of Directors of the NCASF. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was listed among the Board of Directors on this dinner invitation.

Confidential Informant T-41, of known reliability, advised that on September 6, 1946, MURIEL DRAPER of the NCASF saw the Vice Consul of the Soviet Union concerning a delegation of women which would go to Paris.

On September 4, 1943, SA [redacted] b6 b7C advised of a pamphlet published by the NCASF entitled, "Hear about the USSR". This pamphlet explained the organization to those interested in securing a speaker

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on Russian topics and MURIEL DRAPER was listed in this pamphlet as a speaker for the Speakers Bureau of the NCASF.

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Confidential Informant T-42, of known reliability, advised on April 6, 1951 that as of April 5, 1951, MURIEL DRAPER was known to him to be listed as a member of the Board of Directors of the NCASF on their organizational membership lists.

Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, advised on March 3, 1949, that Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER continues as the National Chairman of the Women's Committee of the NCASF and that he knew her to be listed as a member of the Board of Directors of the NCASF.

Confidential Informant T-26 further advised that a news release had been issued by the NCASF on May 12, 1948 concerning a protest of the motion picture "The Iron Curtain". The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as one of the signers of this protest, according to the NCASF.

On March 22, 1949, Confidential Informant T-27, of known reliability, advised that the NCASF made a report to the membership of the Council and submitted a report which indicated membership list of the NCASF. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER'S name appeared on this membership list.

Confidential Informant T-6 advised on January 25, 1945, that the subject was active in the affairs of the NCASF as well as other organizations, but that the subject is most interested and active in the NCASF than the others.

The NCASF has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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7. Activities in the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee (JAFRC)

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Confidential Informant T-6 advised that on May 23, 1942, the subject had attended a party at 237 East 61st Street, the proceeds of which were donated to the benefit of the JAFRC.

Confidential Informant T-6 advised on March 14, 1943 that he had attended a party at the home of DOROTHY SHERTAK, held by the JAFRC. The informant stated that the purpose of this party was to raise funds for the release of prisoners held in North Africa and that MURIEL DRAPER was among the guests at this party.

The informant advised on March 26, 1943, that he had attended a cocktail party at the home of MURIEL DRAPER, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, which was held by the JAFRC and the informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was a member of this organization. Also in attendance at this party, according to the informant, was CHARLOTTE HONIG, who has previously been described as a Communist Party member.

The informant advised on May 8, 1943 that he had attended a party which was given to raise funds for the JAFRC by Dr. MAXWELL MALTZ, who was a member of the Committee, according to the informant. The informant further stated that MURIEL DRAPER was present at this party as a guest.

Confidential Informant T-6 further advised that on March 12, 1944 he had attended a tea honoring Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER and that at this gathering a total of $1,200.00 was collected from the assembled guests and turned over to the JAFRC.

On January 25, 1945, Confidential Informant T-6 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was still active in the affairs of the JAFRC. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER was in attendance at another party at 237 East 61st Street, at which time the proceeds of this benefit party went to the JAFRC.

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Confidential Informant T-43, of known reliability, advised that as of July 22, 1942, MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the JAFRC.

Confidential Informant T-44, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a national sponsor on the stationery of the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the JAFRC, which stationery had been received by him.

Confidential Informant T-45, of known reliability, advised on October 31, 1947 that MURIEL DRAPER, among others, had attended a dinner given by the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the JAFRC on October 30, 1947, at the Hotel Astor in New York City.

On October 9, 1948, Confidential Informant T-46, of known reliability, stated that it had been learned by him that MURIEL DRAPER was contemplating a plan of action in connection with the then current JAFRC's anti-FRANCO campaign. The informant stated that, according to his knowledge, this was to take the form of writing letters to General MARSHALL, President TRUMAN and United States Senator CHAN GURNEY protesting possible United Nation's recognition of Spain.

Confidential Informant T-46 further advised that on February 27, 1947, he had been advised that MURIEL DRAPER would be one of the speakers at a luncheon to be held by the Women's Division of the JAFRC, at the Biltmore Hotel, on February 28, 1948. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER was to leave on May 12, 1948 for Rome, Italy, for a conference of the WIDF and that it had come to his attention that while in Europe MURIEL DRAPER would do some assignment for the JAFRC. Informant stated that he could give no information regarding the nature of this assignment in Europe.

Confidential Informant T-47, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was to be a

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guest of honor, among other persons, at a dinner sponsored by the JAFRC, on March 18, 1946.

Confidential Informant T-48, of known reliability, advised on July 11, 1949, that the JAFRC, in April of 1949, had sponsored five lectures given by MURIEL DRAPER. The informant advised that the purpose of these lectures was to urge the public to keep FRANCO Spain out of the United Nations. The informant stated that these lectures were given by MURIEL DRAPER at Berkeley, San Francisco, Petaluma, Palo Alto and Marin, California.

Confidential Informant T-27, of known reliability, advised that as of March 8, 1949, MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the JAFRC.

Confidential Informant T-27 advised on March 20, 1950, that, according to an invitation he had received to an annual dinner of the JAFRC, to be held March 21, 1950, MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a dais guest.

The JAFRC has been cited by the Attorney General as a Communist organization coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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8. Activities In The American Women For Peace

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Confidential Informant T-19 advised that on August 8, 1950 she accompanied a delegation of the American Women for Peace to Washington. Informant advised MURIEL DRAPER, who was active in the Congress of American Women, was one of the leaders of this delegation.

Confidential Informant T-51, of known reliability, advised that on September 25, 1950 numerous members of the Congress of American Women attended a delegation of the American Women for Peace held in Washington, D. C. on August 8, 1950; that this delegation of members of the Congress of American Women registered their support and approval of the American Women for Peace as a permanent organization, and that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the individuals who supported the American Women for Peace, stating that her affiliation was the Congress of American Women.

Confidential Informant T-49, of known reliability, advised that she attended a meeting held by the American Women for Peace at the Hotel Fairfax, 24 East 73 Street, New York City, on December 18, 1950. Informant stated that this meeting was held to honor the delegation, who had recently returned from the Warsaw Peace Conference. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER was in attendance at this meeting.

T-49 also advised that MURIEL DRAPER attended the Peace Festival of the American Women for Peace on June 15, 1951 at 34th Street and Eighth Avenue, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-49 advised on September 6, 1951 of a birthday celebration of the American Women for Peace which was held on August 30, 1951 at 13 Astor Place, New York City. The informant advised that at this meeting it was announced that MURIEL DRAPER and her friends had made a contribution of $25.00 to the American Women for Peace.

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The American Women for Peace has been cited as a Communist front organization by the Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report #378, on the Communist Peace Offensive, dated April 25, 1951 (original date, April 1, 1951, page 75).

9. Activities In The Committee For A Democratic Far Eastern Policy

Confidential Informant T-26 advised on March 17, 1949 that as of February 24, 1949 MURIEL DRAPER was listed on the letterhead of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy as a member of the Board of Directors.

Confidential Informant T-27 furnished copies of an invitation to a dinner to be given on April 19, 1949 at the Hotel Roosevelt, New York City. The informant advised that this dinner was to be sponsored by the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy, and that MURIEL DRAPER was listed on the invitation as a sponsor of the "China Welfare Fund" of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy.

The informant further advised on April 14, 1949 that on a letterhead as of that date of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy addressed to "Our Board Members and Sponsors", MURIEL DRAPER'S name appeared on the letterhead under the heading, "Board of Directors".

Confidential Informant T-47, of known reliability, advised on April 11, 1951 that as of April 3, 1951 MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a member of the Board of Directors of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy on letterheads of that organization.

Confidential Informant T-15 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the Board of Directors of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy on January 2, 1951, April 3, 1951 and May 2, 1951, and was listed on the organization's letterheads as such.

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The Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy was cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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10. Activities In The Veterans Of The Abraham Lincoln Brigade; Friends Of The Abraham Lincoln Brigade

The reports of the Special Congressional Committee to Investigate Subversive Activities, known as the Dies Committee, reveals that in May, 1938 the subject was a representative to the Tenth Annual Convention of the Communist Party as a speaker of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade.

This report also revealed that on April 12, 1940 the subject was revealed to have been a sponsor of the Maryland Branch of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade.

Confidential Informant T-52, of known reliability, advised on January 29, 1941 that MURIEL DRAPER was listed on a letterhead of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade as a sponsor of that organization.

Confidential Informant T-6 advised on April 11, 1945 that at a dinner held by the Abraham Lincoln Brigade at the Hotel Commodore, New York City, the subject sat on the dais, and the informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER contributed $100.00 to the Abraham Lincoln Brigade so that they would be able to carry on their present work. The informant advised that the dinner was a tribute to Spain on her 14th anniversary as a republic.

Confidential Informant T-26 made available the copy of minutes of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade staff meeting on November 17, 1947. The informant said that these minutes reflected that a letter was to be sent to MURIEL DRAPER of the Congress of American Women asking her to be present at a Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade conference.

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Confidential Informant T-26 further advised on November 19, 1947 of a press release of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade which stated that prominent Americans called on the United Nations American delegation to break with FRANCO. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the sponsors of this protest.

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The Abraham Lincoln Brigade and the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade have been cited as Communist organizations by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade has been cited by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report of March 29, 1944, Pages 82 and 125. The organization has also been cited in the Report dated January 3, 1940, Page 9.

11. Activities In The American Peace Mobilization

Confidential Informant T-53, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been associated with the American Peace Mobilization.

Confidential Informant T-54, of known reliability, advised on March 3, 1948 that MURIEL DRAPER was mentioned on a program of the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee.

Confidential Informant T-55, of known reliability, advised that as of October 22, 1940, MURIEL DRAPER'S name appeared on a list of speakers maintained by the American Peace Mobilization in New York City.

Confidential Informant T-43 advised that on August 4, 1940 greetings were extended to the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee by MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T-57, of known reliability, in 1944 furnished a copy of a letter addressed to the delegation of the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee. This letter said that they must be organizers of the American Peace Mobilization.

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The American Peace Mobilization has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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12. Activities In The American Council On Soviet Relations

[Confidential Informant T-43 advised] that as of December 22, 1942, MURIEL DRAPER'S name was reflected on the membership list of the Board of Directors of the New York Council on American-Soviet Relations, and the informant advised that this organization was an affiliate of the American Council on Soviet Relations.

Confidential Informant T-58, of known reliability, stated that on September 29, 1942, SOPHIE AMES of the New York chapter of the American Council on Soviet Relations, advised BLACY MEYERS of the National Maritime Union, that speaking for MURIEL DRAPER regarding a letter proposed by MEYERS to be sent out in behalf of the Council that DRAPER wanted MEYERS to know that there would be a conference on that date.

The informant stated that an invitation to attend a dinner sponsored by the Council on Soviet Relations was also extended to MEYERS in behalf of MURIEL DRAPER by SOPHIE AMES of the American Council on Soviet Relations.

[Confidential Informant T-53 advised] that on October 19, 1942, MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a speaker for the American Council on Soviet Relations in literature of the organization. The informant said that this organization described MURIEL DRAPER as having travelled extensively in Europe, and as having spent considerable time in the Soviet Union.

The American Council on Soviet Relations has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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13. Additional Activities Of MURIEL DRAPER In Other Communist Party Front Organizations

Confidential Informant T-55 advised ~~X~~ ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ that the subject was a member of the Schappes Defense Committee of New York City.

The Schappes Defense Committee has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The newspaper "Peoples Voice" dated September 8, 1945, carried an article on the campaign to reelect Councilman BEN DAVIS, JR., admitted Communist, to the New York City Council. In this article, MURIEL DRAPER was listed as one of the many thousand DAVIS enthusiasts working to send him back to the City Council.

Confidential Informant T-27 on November 17, 1949 furnished ~~X~~ booklet by the BEN DAVIS Ball Committee entitled, "A Tribute to Councilman BEN J. DAVIS." MURIEL DRAPER was listed in this booklet as a sponsor of the Independent Non-Partisans Citizen's Committee for the Reelection of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

Confidential Informant T-26 advised ~~X~~ that in October, 1949 MURIEL DRAPER was listed on the letterhead of the Independent Non-Partisans Citizen's Committee for the Reelection of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS as a sponsor of that committee.

BENJAMIN J. DAVIS has been convicted of conspiracy to overthrow the Government of the United States by force or violence.

Confidential Informant T-59, of known reliability, advised ~~X~~ on January 24, 1941 that the subject was a sponsor for the Fifth National Conference of the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born.

Confidential Informant T-26 advised that in a press release dated July 9, 1949, captioned "Prominent Americans Protest Hobbs Concentration Camp Bill", MURIEL DRAPER was one of the signers of this press release. The

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informant stated that this release was issued by the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born in New York City.

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The American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born has been cited by the Attorney General as a Communist organization coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-60, of known reliability, advised on December 10, 1941 that MURIEL DRAPER was reported to him as a National Board member of the League of American Writers.

The informant also advised that in June, 1939 the subject was listed as a signer of the Call for the Third Congress of the League of American Writers.

The League of American Writers has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-6 advised that on March 24, 1941 it was reported to him that the subject had attended a party held at 16 West 12 Street, New York City, to raise funds for the American Rescue Ship Mission.

The informant also advised that on February 19, 1941, the subject had attended a party to raise funds for the American Rescue Ship Mission at 130 West 57 Street, New York City.

The American Rescue Ship Mission has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-61, of known reliability, made available a list of the members of the American Committee to Win the Peace. This list contained MURIEL DRAPER'S name as a member of this organization.

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Confidential Informant T-21 advised on October 18, 1948 that he had received a pamphlet issued by the New York Committee to Win the Peace which was entitled, "Proceedings of the Win the Peace Conference at Manhatter. Center, Saturday, June 29, 1946." The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a Board member of the New York Committee to Win the Peace in this pamphlet.

The informant further advised that the New York Committee to Win the Peace is the New York affiliate of the National Committee to Win the Peace.

The National Committee to Win the Peace has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-6 advised that on January 22, 1941 the subject had spoken at a mass rally of the National Labor Defense, held on behalf of ALLAN SHAW and twelve others who were arrested in Oklahoma for Communistic syndicalism.

In a tribute to ANNA DAMON, former secretary of the International Labor Defense, appearing in the form of a pamphlet entitled, "Equal Justice and Democracy in the Service of Victory", published in September, 1944 by the International Labor Defense, MURIEL DRAPER'S name appeared as a member of the National Committee of this organization.

The International Labor Defense has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-53 advised that as of December 3,1941, MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the United Spanish-American Aid Committee.

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Confidential Informant T-6 advised on February 20, 1942 that MURIEL DRAPER was among a select group of people who attended a party given for the cast of the Broadway show, "Watch on the Rhino" for the benefit of the United Spanish-American Aid Committee.

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The United Spanish-American Aid Committee has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-6 on May 23, 1942 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the National Committee for People's Rights. The informant advised that this organization publishes a newspaper entitled, "News You Don't Get."

Confidential Informant T-26 advised on May 28, 1948 that it was known to him that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a member of the Executive Board of the Committee for Democratic Rights.

The "Daily Worker" of May 10, 1948, Page Two, Columns One and Two, stated that the immediate objectives of the Committee for Democratic Rights were "full and adequate hearings before any further Congressional action was taken on the Mundt Bill." The Bill, which was introduced in Congress, expresses its purpose to "combat un-American activities by requiring the registration of Communist front organizations and for other purposes."

Confidential Informant T-60 on January 25, 1945 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was still active in the affairs of the Committee on African Affairs.

The Committee on African Affairs has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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Confidential Informant T-26 on February 27, 1948 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a signer of a memorandum forwarded to President TRUMAN urging action to save 121 Greek guerrilla prisoners threatened with execution in Greece. This memorandum was sent by the American Council for a Democratic Greece. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The American Council for a Democratic Greece has been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-27 on March 28, 1949 stated that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a sponsor of the Cultural and Scientific Conference for a World Peace, which was held March 25-27, 1949. The informant stated that her name was mentioned on the final program of this organization.

Confidential Informant T-62, of known reliability, advised that in his opinion the Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, held March 25-27, 1949, was a follow-up on the World Congress of Intellectuals held in Poland in August, 1948, and that both were a part of the world-wide Communist-inspired "peace" propaganda campaign.

Confidential Informant T-28 advised on April 12, 1949 that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the sponsors of the American Sponsoring Committee of the World Peace Congress which was to be held in Paris, France, in April, 1949.

The World Peace Congress has been cited as a Communist front by the Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1954, April 26, 1950, Page Ten, and the interim statement on the Communist peace petition campaign, July 13, 1950.

Confidential Informant T-63, of known reliability, stated that he knew MURIEL DRAPER to be listed as a sponsor of the Young Progressives of America rally which was held in New York City.

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Confidential Informant T-8 advised that the Young Progressive Citizens of America formally merged with and became the "backbone" of the Young Progressives of America in July, 1948 at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Young Progressive Citizens Committee has been cited as a Communist front which is "a youth section of the Communist Progressive Citizens of America" by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report in the year 1948, Page 393.

Confidential Informant T-64, of known reliability, furnished letterhead of the American Committee for Indonesian Independence. This letterhead listed MURIEL DRAPER as a sponsor of this organization.

It should be noted that the American Committee for Indonesian Independence has been cited as a Communist front by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report of 1948 on Page 113.

Confidential Informant T-26 advised of an article on the Fourth Annual EINSTEIN Fund luncheon held by the Bronx Branch of the American Birobidjan Committee on May 26, 1949. He stated that this article was in the July-August, 1949 issue of the "Ambijan Bulletin." The article stated that MURIEL DRAPER was to attend this fund luncheon, and was to be a speaker.

The American Birobidjan Committee was cited as a Communist front organization by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report in the year 1949.

Confidential Informant T-66, of known reliability, advised on March 13, 1948 that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a sponsor of the National Conference of the Civil Rights Congress on a partial list of sponsors which had been seen by him.

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The Civil Rights Congress has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835. CONFIDENTIAL

Confidential Informant T-67, of known reliability, stated that he had received an invitation to a testimonial dinner which was to be given by the Voice of Freedom Committee, and the informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER was listed on this invitation as a sponsor of the Dinner Committee of this organization.

According to the 1948 report of the California Committee on Un-American Activities on Page 192, the Voice of Freedom Committee was cited as a Communist front "whose function is the support of commentators who have received the acclaim of the Communist press."

Confidential Informant T-21 advised that he was present on November 25, 1946 when MURIEL DRAPER attended a meeting of the New York chapter of the Independent Citizen's Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. The informant stated that admission to this meeting was by membership card only, and that the purpose of the meeting was to discuss the merger of the Independent Citizen's Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions with the NCPAC. Informant said that this meeting was held in the Henry Hudson Hotel, New York City.

The Independent Citizen's Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions has been cited by the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their report of 1948, Page 262, which stated that this Communist front grew out of the Independent Voter's Committee of the Arts and Sciences.

Confidential Informant T-68, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the sponsors of a National Negro Congress which was held in the Spring of 1946 in Detroit, Michigan.

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The National Negro Congress has been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

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Confidential Informant T-69, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the Call for the American Continental Congress for World Peace. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER'S name was listed on the letterhead of this organization as a sponsor.

Confidential Informant T-62 advised that at the plenum of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of France, held at Paris, JACQUES DUCLOS, secretary of the Party's Central Committee, urged that the "slogan of the struggle of peace and against the instigators of a new war" be advanced.

The informant noted that Communist Parties and organizations influenced by Communist Parties have expressed this slogan at various peace conferences by hailing the Soviet Union and its satellite nations, and denouncing the United States and nations of Western Europe. The informant advised that the American Continental Congress for Peace was, in his opinion, a part of this worldwide, Communist-inspired "peace" campaign.

Confidential Informant T-70, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER attended a meeting of the families of the Smith Act victims on September 26, 1951, held at the Riverside Plaza, 253 West 73 Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-71, of known reliability, advised on May 14, 1948 that among the sponsors of the American Jewish Labor Council was MURIEL DRAPER of the Women's International Democratic Federation, and BENJAMIN DAVIS, who was known to be a member of the National Committee of the Communist Party.

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The "World-Telegram", a New York daily newspaper, in an article dated November 19, 1947, stated that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the sponsors of the American Jewish Labor Council. This article in the "World-Telegram" was entitled, "Fifteen Democrats Pledge Use of Names." CONFIDENTIAL

The American Jewish Labor Council has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The newspaper "The New Leader" dated December 6, 1947 on Page Five, Column Three, carried an article entitled, "The Communist Party and Zionists." MURIEL DRAPER was listed in this article as a sponsor of the Jewish Dance Festival which was held under the auspices of the School of Jewish Studies.

The School of Jewish Studies has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

14. Other Activities Dealing With Communist Party Members

Confidential Informant T-38 advised on March 25, 1944 that MURIEL DRAPER had sent a cable to JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS in Moscow during November, 1942. Informant said that MURIEL DRAPER sent this message as an endorsement of TOMAS in being allowed into the United States. This cable was sent so that TOMAS could obtain a visa for travel to Mexico through the United States.

The informant further advised that TOMAS was associated with the Spanish Republic, and travelled with his wife, son and secretary to Portland, Oregon, from Moscow after residence in the U.S.S.R. for an extended period following the Spanish Civil War.

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Confidential Informant T-72, of known reliability, advised that JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS was a member of the Spanish Communist Party.

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Confidential Informant T-73, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER sent a communication to Federal Judge HAROLD R. MEDINA of the Southern District of New York, protesting the trial of Communist Party members in New York City.

Confidential Informant T-26 advised on October 31, 1949 that MURIEL DRAPER was among the signers of an appeal to the Attorney General asking that Communist Party leaders be granted bail. The informant stated that he learned this through a press release of the National Non-Partisans Committee.

III. STATEMENTS BY THE SUBJECT SHOWING COMPLETE ADHERANCE TO REVOLUTIONARY DOCTRINES EXPOUSED BY THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND ITS FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

The "Daily Worker" dated November 7, 1942 carried an article entitled, "Pay Tribute to Soviets." This article stated that at the request of the "Worker", many prominent persons here and abroad sent in greetings to the Soviet Union upon the occasion of the Union's 25th anniversary. According to the "Daily Worker", the following statement was attributed to MURIEL DRAPER, who was described as a "writer":

"The people of the Soviet Union have been on the march for a quarter of a century. We do well to celebrate the day that marks the beginning of their great achievements.

"The men, women and children of that ever-loved land have been winning victories over the unarmed enemies of mankind - ignorance, fear, injustice and greed - every hour of every day for these twenty-five years, and now they are fighting the armed enemy of us all, the Fascist military forces and the evil they represent.

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"This enemy, too, they will vanquish and we, the people of America, will join with them in the favorable battle and win with them the freedoms of world civilization it is our right to create."

Confidential Informant T-6 advised on May 1, 1943 that while he was attending a committee meeting of the Council on American-Soviet Relations, which meeting consisted of MURIEL DRAPER, among others, a discussion arose about the Polish situation. The informant stated that it was the opinion of the group that a Polish Government would be set up by the people of Poland who are now under the protection of the Soviet Union.

The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER stated at this time "that the Polish Government in exile did not speak for the millions of Polish people; that the Polish Government in exile represents the wealthy and consists of the aristocrats who had kept the Polish people subjected until these people were rescued by the Soviet Union."

IV. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBJECT INDICATING FURTHERANCE OF THE PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND COMMUNIST PARTY FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

A. Speeches of the Subject

Confidential Informant T-16 advised that MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech on December 4, 1946 at a meeting held at Public School 150, Sunnyside, Queens, New York, which meeting, according to the informant, was announced at a Communist Party meeting. Leaflets announcing this meeting were mimeographed in Communist Party, Queens County headquarters. The informant advised that this meeting was to denounce any rise in rents, and said that MURIEL DRAPER spoke as a representative of the Congress of American Women.

The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER talked of a recent trip to Moscow and Paris, and that she made a statement concerning the elections. She stated

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that the elections in America were lost, but that this was offset by gains in Poland, Roumania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria. She also boasted of the great victory of the French people in their elections.

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Confidential Informant T-50, of known reliability, advised he attended a National Council of American-Soviet Friendship "get together with Russia" rally at Town Hall, Broad and Race Streets, Philadelphia, on December 17, 1946. He advised that MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this rally, and told of her five-day visit to Moscow as representative of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

MURIEL DRAPER was reported as starting her talk by saying, "Friends of the Soviet Union as well as the United States". She stated that her five days in Moscow were worth one year in any other part of the world. She also maintained that Russia has a free press, and said that it is a government press but writers are free. She said that in Russia, unlike America, they are not, however, free to lie.

Confidential Informant T-74, of known reliability, advised that a Rally for a Free Spain was to be held in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, January 29, 1947. The informant stated that this meeting was on the tenth anniversary of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, and was held under the auspices of the American Committee for Spanish Freedom. The informant said that MURIEL DRAPER was featured in a speech in which she spoke of her visit to Europe and Spain as a member of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

Mrs. DRAPER advised in this speech that she had witnessed under the order of FRANCO, thousands of women being thrown into jail, tortured and beaten.

MURIEL DRAPER also assailed the attitude of the State Department regarding FRANCO Spain, according to the informant, and she urged those present to write letters of protest to the Secretary of State and their Congressmen, demanding a complete diplomatic break with FRANCO Spain.

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February 5, 1949. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER was present at this conference and spoke.

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The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER urged the members to make the press aware that Americans want peace and intend to wage a militant struggle for it. Informant said that Mrs. DRAPER told the members to read the "Post", New York "Times", the "Herald-Tribune", "The National Guardian" and the "Daily Worker", and to send letters favoring a peace drive on the part of the United States.

According to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER then read a resolution calling for a conference as soon as possible between the USSR and the United States.

Confidential Informant T-21 on February 28, 1949 advised that MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech at a Peace in Greece rally which was sponsored by the American Council for a Democratic Greece. The informant advised that DRAPER had given information on her recent trip to Budapest and Leningrad at this rally. The informant advised that Mrs. DRAPER condemned the Marshall Plan and the TRUMAN Doctrine, and stated as follows:

"America is oppressing every country she gives Marshall Plan aid to. The United States, once the foremost democracy of the world, has become the oppressor of many countries."

B. Organizational Directives or Reports Issued by the Subject in the Congress of American Women, a Communist Front Organization

Confidential Informant T-21 on November 4, 1948 advised of a meeting of all the Congress of American Women chapters in Manhattan on June 29, 1948 at 13 Astor Place, New York City. Informant said Mrs. DRAPER gave a speech at this meeting, and later set out an eight point plan for the Congress of American Women. This plan is as follows:

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"1. We must make friends with people of influence who will help us.

"2. We must draw into our organization people who will work for it.

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"3. Get women to join the Congress of American Women and get them active in some phase of its work even for an hour each week.

"4. Establish Women for WALLACE Committees.

"5. Get money to keep an observer - if not a delegate at the United Nations.

"6. Send a representative of the Congress of American Women to the October - November, 1948 Burma meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

"7. Send a delegate to the next meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation in Finland.

"8. Collect merchandise for the November bazaar of the Congress of American Women."

Confidential Informant T-23 on May 12, 12, 1949 furnished a list of committee members of the Congress of American Women who were scheduled to serve on the various committees at the National Conference of the Congress of American Women, held May 6-8, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER was listed as one of the committee members on the Committee on the Officer's Report.

The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been one of the several individuals preparing the Officer's Report, and that this report stated that the Congress of American Women members had chosen to be most active in the Peace and Democracy Commission under the guidance of MURIEL DRAPER, chairman of that committee.

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Confidential Informant T-18 on April 21, 1950 furnished a handwritten letter by MURIEL DRAPER addressed to "Dear Member" urging attendance at a meeting of "Mother's Day for Peace Committee" on April 6, 1950. This letter was written on Congress of American Women stationery, and MURIEL DRAPER'S name was printed thereon.

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Confidential Informant T-27 advised on June 26, 1950 that he had received a letter of the Congress of American Women dated June 21, 1950 in regard to "summer peace campaigns and finance." The informant stated that this letter was signed by MURIEL DRAPER, President, Congress of American Women, and that the letter called upon the members of the Congress of American Women to support the protest against the sentencing of the women members of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

Informant advised that this letter also called upon members to support the Stockholm Peace Petition, and to write letters to Mr. TRYGVE LIE urging him to continue his efforts for peace.

C. Contacts Between Subject and Communist Party Leaders

Confidential Informant T-82, of known reliability, advised on January 8, 1949 that MURIEL DRAPER was on the mailing list of JUNIUS SCALES, chairman of District 29, CPUSA, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.

Confidential Informant T-26 advised on April 19, 1947 that FREDERICK V. FIELD announced a party honoring CHARLOTTE HONIG at 20 East 10 Street, New York City. MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the committee for this party.

It should be noted that it has been previously stated that CHARLOTTE HONIG was a member of the Waterfront Section of the Communist Party.

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Confidential Informant T-83, of known reliability, advised on February 29, 1948 that MURIEL DRAPER had spoken at a rally held at the Golden Gate Ballroom on that same date for the benefit of CLAUDIA JONES, whom the informant advised was a functionary of the Communist Party.

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The "Daily Worker" of May 12, 1948, Page Four, Column Two, states that 50 American women sent an open letter to President TRUMAN the day before, protesting the attempt to deport CLAUDIA JONES and others because of their political opinions. According to this article, this letter was released by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, and MURIEL DRAPER was one of the signers of this letter.

Confidential Informant T-84, of known reliability, advised that on August 5, 1948, MURIEL DRAPER was contacted by ANNA LOUISE STRONG.

Confidential Informant T-85, of known reliability, advised that in 1949 and 1950, ANNA LOUISE STRONG was identified as a noted American woman Communist and a suspected Soviet agent.

The "Daily Worker" dated February 6, 1949, Page Three, Column Four, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was an endorser of a conference to protest the means of selecting a jury for the trial of the indicted Communist Party leaders.

Confidential Informant T-21 on June 7, 1949 advised that a plenary session of the Congress of American Women was held at 157 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York, and that at this session the informant observed that MURIEL DRAPER had advised ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, who was then a member of the National Board of the Communist Party, that "all of the comrades had attended the peace and democratic panel that morning, and had been a real contribution to the discussion."

Confidential Informant T-86, of known reliability, advised that a telegram had been prepared and sent out under the name of the Civil Rights Congress

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to certain individuals. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was one of these individuals, and that the telegram denounced the jail sentences imposed on JOHN GATES, HENRY WINSTON and GUS HALL, Communist Party leaders.

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V. MISCELLANEOUS

Confidential Informant T-58 advised that on December 8, 1941, Madam LITVINOV, wife of the Russian ambassador, inquired of her and of a women whom the informant believed to be Mrs. ZELLA C. BRYANT of 1699 31st Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., with regard to "MURIEL". The women whom the informant thought to be Mrs. BRYANT said that "MURIEL" was on a "black list" through joining so many Communist organizations. According to the informant, this woman was able to supply Madam LITVINOV with "MURIEL'S" address, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, when Madam LITVINOV expressed a desire to write to "MURIEL". (X5)

It is noted that MURIEL DRAPER'S address at the time of this conversation was 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, and it is believed that the person who was discussed was MURIEL DRAPER, the subject. (X5)

The reports of the Special Congressional Committee to Investigate Subversive Activities reflects that on August 14, 1941 the subject had signed an open letter to all active supporters of Democracy in Peace calling for closer unity of the anti-Fascist forces and strengthening the front against aggression through closer cooperation with the Soviet Union.

Confidential Informant T-41 advised on June 28, 1947 that MURIEL DRAPER saw PAVEL FEDOSIMOV, vice consul of the USSR in New York City, and advised him in the presence of the informant that it was necessary to contact the right people who had plenty of money. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER did not elaborate on this information. (X5)

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The report on the Congress of American Women, dated October 23, 1949, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities of the United States House of Representatives, on Pages 66 to 75, contains a summary of the activities of MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women. It furnishes some additional information regarding MURIEL DRAPER'S activities, as follows:

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On Page 74 the report reflects that MURIEL DRAPER sponsored a national conference held by the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born in Cleveland, Ohio, on October 25 and 26, 1947.

On Page 75 the report states, "Among other Communist front organizations which MURIEL DRAPER has sponsored are the American-Slav Congress, 'New Masses', its successor 'Masses and Mainstream', Progressive Committee to Rebuild the American Labor Party, and the Committee for Equal Justice for Mrs. RECY TAYLOR and others. In the 1948 campaign, she was a member of the WALLACE for President Committee and was photographed by 'Newsweek' magazine as part of the welcoming committee for the Red Dean of Canterbury, originally sponsored for a lecture by the National Council for American-Soviet Friendship."

VI. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

The following description of MURIEL DRAPER was obtained on May 9, 1942 and supplemented by information gained from other sources since that date:

Name	MURIEL DRAPER
Alias	Mrs. MURIEL GURDON DRAPER (nee SANDERS)
Race	White
Sex	Female
Citizenship	United States
Address	322 East 58 Street, New York City
Age	65 years

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Height	5'8"
Weight	145 pounds
Hair	Blonde - possibly dyed
Eyes	Gray
Build	Medium
Complexion	Fair
Peculiarities	English accent
Marital Status	Divorced (husband deceased)
Criminal Record	No record as of November 12, 1951, New York City Police Department

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[Confidential Informant T-75, of known reliability, attended a meeting of the Philadelphia Council of American-Soviet Friendship in Philadelphia in commemoration of the International Women's Day. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER was among the speakers, and the following is a summary of her speech:

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"This is the fourth birthday of the Women's Commission of National Council for American-Soviet Friendship. There is a gap between what we feel and what our representatives say; also, what comes through the press and radio. Our women must assume more responsibility. I spoke to 1,400 draftees, and found shocking, almost wilful ignorance about Russia. The Soviet people are better informed in world affairs than ours. One draftee asked about the division between the north and south of Russia. I think he must have heard of the American Civil War, and thinks it was Russia.

"The rumors about Russia are rampant. The Knights of Columbus are spreading fear, and therefore hate and poison. We must get a radio program on the other side, telling how Soviet Russia is united for peace, for the dignity of the individual, and for brotherhood.

"International work is not a career with Russian women, it is part of themselves. Privileges come to women of Russia by right of good work done. In Paris in 1945, at a meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, all 44 delegates from Russia, 12 reluctant women from America, and a handful from England, were so cautious as to be negligible, and then we blame Russia for her international! Better if we had some. The most terrible thing for women is Fascism. Tear it out by the roots from the bloody, filthy soil 'it likes.'"

[Confidential Informant T-8 advised that MURIEL DRAPER had given a speech at the Village Forum in New York City on March 18, 1948. The informant said that at this meeting one HARRY BORSTIN advised that "one may talk freely to MURIEL. She is a Communist."

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The informant stated that at this meeting MURIEL DRAPER had stated that at an international meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, the women were told to go back and set up their organizations in their countries.

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The informant further stated that at this meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, a women had accused the Federation of being entirely left, according to MURIEL DRAPER'S speech. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER then quoted herself as saying, "What do you mean that there were Communists there.... Certainly there were Communists there - and there will be many more at our next international meeting."

The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER then added, "We are becoming a Fascist police state without the majority of the American people noticing it."

The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER then spoke against the Marshall Plan, universal military training, and praised the Russian Government. Informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER stated the following information in her speech:

"The present war hysteria is because they recognize it as the will of the Italian people to join the Communist Party."

"In my opinion the Soviet women are the happiest women in the world!"

"Some of these Yugoslav women are feeling pretty good now, too."

"They have to drive against the Communists in Britain because they won't get the money if they don't."

Confidential Informant T-8 further advised that HARRY ~~B~~ORSTIN attended Communist Party meetings in Manhattan during 1948 and early 1949.

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The "Herald-Tribune", a New York daily newspaper, in its issue dated May 17, 1948, carried a dispatch from Rome by BARRETT McGURN which stated that MURIEL DRAPER, American representative of the Congress of American Women, at the meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, had distributed pins labeled "WALLACE in 1948."

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This article further stated that Mrs. DRAPER read a long report on the United States. She stated in the report that her son, PAUL DRAPER, the dancer, had to rescue her from beneath the feet of police horses when she took part in New York City in the picketing of the motion picture "The Iron Curtain". The article said that MURIEL DRAPER described this motion picture as "a deliberate incitement to war." Mrs. DRAPER was also quoted as stating, "We have not had our regeneration of democracy yet."

Confidential Informant T-20 advised on October 10, 1948 of a meeting of the Congress of American Women which was held at 13 Astor Place in New York City on June 29, 1948. The informant stated that at this meeting MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech which touched on the international situation and the Progressive Party movement in the United States.

The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER referred to the recent Women's International Democratic Federation meeting in Rome, and stated in part:

"I pointed out that American imperialism could not exist if there were not in the other countries those who supported the American policy. The Soviet Union is at the spearhead of the movement towards peace. The money being spent by the United States to stop progressive forces in Italy is not going to get anywhere. The Italians are among the most intelligent in the world. They see and have learned their lessons. They know how United States aid is operating. If I were asked to prove this, they would say MURIEL DRAPER'S Communist friends in Rome said that the poster had been made in the United States. I had 100 WALLACE buttons. I think

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"if I had more, I could have paid for my trip with the WALLACE buttons. Look what we did on the Mundt Bill. CONFIDENTIAL Look what we can do."

The "Newark News", a Newark, New Jersey, daily newspaper, in their issue of March 17, 1949, carried an article which advised that MURIEL DRAPER had spoken at a Congress of American Women rally in which she condemned the North Atlantic Pact as another step towards aggression.

Confidential Informant T-76, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was in Boston, Massachusetts, on a lecture tour arranged by the Massachusetts Council of American-Soviet Friendship on March 2,3,4, 1949.

The informant advised that at an interview on March 2, 1949, MURIEL DRAPER discussed her recent trip to Europe and the Soviet Union. The informant stated that Mrs. DRAPER discussed the people of Russia, and related of the wonderful life they lead in Russia. She stated the following:

"The first question on Russian lips is do the American people want to go to war against the Soviet Union? What are we doing about preventing it."

The informant also advised that MURIEL DRAPER spoke about the trial of Cardinal MINDSZENTY, and stated, "I don't know why American women should kneel in the streets of New York when he, himself, is a self-confessed wrong-doer."

Confidential Informant T-77, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been present and had given a speech at a meeting sponsored by the St. Louis chapter of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions on April 26, 1949. The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER stated that she had returned from Europe in January after spending two weeks in the Soviet Union.

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The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER pointed out that Hungary was moving along beautifully, and that the People's Party, of which the Communists have the largest number, is doing great things. She also said that much progress was being made in Poland.

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The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER then began to discuss the Soviet Union with great enthusiasm, and stated that the Russians were all for peace as were all of the new democracies who were unable to understand the war talk here. Informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER stated that she was shocked at the talk in the United States, and said that she disapproved of the North Atlantic Pact, the Marshall Plan and the move for the admission of FRANCO Spain into the United Nations.

It was stated that a discussion then ensued concerning ANNA LOUISE STRONG in which MURIEL DRAPER defended the Soviet Union's position.

It should be noted that the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions has been cited as a Communist organization by the California Un-American Activities Committee.

Confidential Informant T-15 advised on December 7, 1949 that MURIEL DRAPER had given a brief speech at a "Rally for Peace" sponsored by the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship at Madison Square Garden on December 5, 1949. The informant advised that all the speakers at this meeting, including MURIEL DRAPER, had asked for outlawing of the Atom Bomb, and friendship for the Soviet Union.

The "Daily Worker" of March 8, 1950, Page Five, Column Three, contained an article entitled, "Women's Rally Hits Plan to Make H-Bomb." This article stated that in a speech scheduled for delivery at this meeting, MURIEL DRAPER, president of the Congress of American Women, warned that an atomic war, in addition to the frightful horrors, would mean imposition of full-fledged Fascism on the United States.

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The article also stated that Mrs. DRAPER urged women to sign the Congress of American Women's postcard which was being distributed, which calls upon President TRUMAN to stop the manufacture of the H-Bomb. CONFIDENTIAL

Confidential Informant T-78, of known reliability, furnished a copy of the Women's International Democratic Federation's "Information Bulletin", dated June, 1948, which relates to the Fifth Executive Meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation held in Rome, Italy, from May 15 to 19, 1948.

There is an article in this bulletin on Page Eleven entitled, "Inquiry Commission in the Countries of South East Asia." This article stated that MURIEL DRAPER said that President TRUMAN could not continue his policy in Indonesia or in China without the support of the great international trusts. She further stated in this article that "it is of importance that we make this known to our friends in the United States. The terrible situation perpetrated by the imperialists exists against the will of the people of the world."

Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, advised that in the January-February, 1946 issue of the magazine "Soviet Women", there was a speech by MURIEL DRAPER which was given at the first International Women's Congress at Paris, France, which was held from November 26, 1945 to December 1, 1945. This speech is as follows:

"The women comprising the United States delegation represent the most diverse sections of the American people; however, there are among our delegates women representing the trade unions, consumers council, science and education, the Communist Party of the United States, and women standing for mutual understanding between the United States and the Soviet Union.

"As a result of the work conducted by this Congress, we have achieved an international alliance in the form of the International Democratic Women's Federation. This enables each of us on returning to our own countries to take up the unification of its women's

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"organizations that are desirous of and will work with us in the creation of a world where social, judicial and economic equality for women will exist." ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[Confidential Informant T-80, of known reliability, advised on December 5, 1949 that MURIEL DRAPER had played an active part in the Conference of the Council of the Women's International Democratic Federation. The informant advised that on the morning of November 19, 1949 at the above-mentioned conference, MURIEL DRAPER was in attendance and gave a speech which is as follows:

"The situation in the United States today gives to the democratic women of the Congress of American Women, in close association with our valiant and beloved sisters in the Women's International Democratic Federation, our greatest opportunity.

"The dawn of each new day throws a clearer light on the deadly plans that are being made in our country for war.

"The burden of these plans bears even more heavily on us as mothers, as workers, as women. We begin to see that our national security, our cultural and democratic heritage, our happiness as human beings, the lives of our children, our right to work - all are endangered by those who hold to the tragic principle that aggressive war can solve our national economic problems, and who are preparing to act on this principle.

"As the plans are seen more clearly, as the costly burden grows heavier, as the danger increases, we stand closer together in opposition to this course of action. If we do not run, no one can chase us!

"We are conscious of our responsibility to the heroic women who suffered the most terrible cost of war in every part of the world where fascists searched out their enemy. The fascists tried in vain to destroy the living forces that forever struggle through history for the right to live in peace and understanding - one with another...

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-14713

~~SECRET~~ CONFIDENTIAL

"These vital forces cannot be destroyed!

"They triumphed in your great country. You won the battle because your cause is just. The shining victory of the Chinese people is fresh before our eyes. In the Eastern European countries the people fought to transform themselves into new democracies. We can work with our neighbors in Latin America, in Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Cuba to force a Western Hemisphere pact for peace, not a North Atlantic Pact for war. In Spain, in Greece, in Viet-Nam, the struggle still goes on. In India, in Korea, in Malaya, in Indonesia, the vital forces grow daily stronger. In the United States, where our brave fighting strength was allied with yours to conquer fascism during the last world-shaking war, there are many who are still true to our early ideals of freedom and independence - ideals that stand high among the greatest in history. They will join the women and men wherever they are united to live and love in peace, not to kill and hate in war. This is our great opportunity. We will make use of it.

"Determined attacks are made upon this unity in the United States, with particular emphasis on the growing world-wide strength of women, their firm determination to prevent another war, and their creative research into its cause. It is proof of the developing effectiveness of our work that a vicious attack on the Congress of American women and the WIDF has been made by an irresponsible and gullible committee of U. S. congressmen. They are afraid of us, and the historic changes that are taking place in human relationships!

"But the members of the Congress of American Women know what we are doing. Our openly avowed goal since our inception has been the furtherance of world peace, and the settlement of the conditions of life for the people of all countries.

"The validity of our aims is beyond question. We will continue to support them. Together with the millions of the working men and women of the United States, on whom its wealth and civilisation depend, we will find the strength to carry out our aims, and join with them in victory.

CONFIDENTIAL

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"Long live the W.I.D.F!

"Long live the Soviet Union!

"Long live the women, the men and the children on this planet who will win and enjoy the Peace!"

Confidential Informant T-81, of known reliability, advised on February 25, 1949 of an article which appeared on Page 19 of the 1949 issue of "New Times", Number 51, a Russian publication. This article refers to the Women's International Democratic Federation conference held in Budapest, Hungary, in December, 1948.

The article is captioned, "At the Congress of the WIDF - A Delegate's Notes" by M. MAKAROVA. This article states in part that MURIEL DRAPER, representing 250,000 members of the Congress of American Women, spoke of the growing resistance of the democratic forces to the reactionary offensive in the United States in the struggle of progressive Americans for stable peace, for friendly cooperation with the Soviet Union, for the prohibition of the Atomic Bomb, for the annullment of anti-labor legislation, and for an end to race discrimination.

The article further stated that according to MURIEL DRAPER, the Americans were beginning to resist the efforts to introduce Fascism in their country.

Confidential Informant T-32 on December 4, 1947 stated that he had attended a luncheon sponsored by the Committee of Women of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on December 3, 1947, at which MURIEL DRAPER spoke. The informant advised that Mrs. DRAPER was particularly bitter against the anti-Soviet bloc of American people which she stated seems to have grown much larger and is even growing larger every day.

The informant further advised that Mrs. DRAPER laid particular emphasis on the talk of the coming war with Russia.

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On January 28, 1948, Confidential Informant T-32 advised that a session of the National Conference on American Policy in China and the Far East was held on January 24, 1948. The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this meeting, and that she had declared that the Women's International Democratic Federation would rally the American women to take action on the United States Government's policy in China, and would also rally the American women to "make us march together with the women of China in the common struggle for democracy and peace."

CONFIDENTIAL

The above conference was called by the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy, which has been cited as a Communist organization by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-32 advised on June 17, 1949 that a luncheon had been held by the Bronx Branch of the American Birobidjan at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on May 26, 1949. The informant advised that at this meeting, MURIEL DRAPER reported on the Congress of the World Federation of Democratic Women in Budapest.

The informant advised that during her speech, MURIEL DRAPER attacked the "warmongers and imperialists for conducting the so-called cold war against the Soviet Union." According to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER stated that Europe was on the road to Socialism, and that all energy should be expended to bring it about in the United States.

The informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER said, "We will soon compile our own subversive list and we will submit it to the American people. This will be a real subversive list, and we will show the people who are their real enemies."

MURIEL DRAPER further said, "The Russian people are a peace-loving people just like the American people, and the Russian people like the American people. There is no Wall Street in the Soviet Union, and there is

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"no rush for world markets and that is why the Soviet Union is for world peace."

[Confidential Informant T-32 advised on June 9, 1950 of a meeting held in "honor of the 21 great Americans who are on their way to jail", which meeting was sponsored by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, held at the Manhattan Center in New York City.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this meeting, and said that the cold war was responsible "for the jailing of these great Americans." The informant said that MURIEL DRAPER stated that the women are beginning to take a militant stand against the "warmongers." She stated, "My organization (Congress of American Women) is engaged fully and whole-heartedly in the fight against the cold war and for freedom of those who are being sent to jail."

The informant advised that MURIEL DRAPER then made an appeal for funds, stating that donations were coming in too slowly.

[Confidential Informant T-21 advised that on November 26, 1946 a dinner was held in honor of the Spanish Government in exile, which dinner was jointly sponsored by the Action Committee to Free Spain and the National Committee to Win the Peace.

The informant advised that the subject gave a short speech on the place of women in the fight against FRANCO, and had told of the many women who have been imprisoned in Spain by FRANCO for their anti-Fascist work. According to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER mentioned her recent trip to Moscow and said, "Five days in Moscow would win the peace."

[Comfidential Informant T-21 on February 27, 1949 advised of a conference and luncheon which was sponsored by the Women's Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship on

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ADMINISTRATIVE

INFORMANTS

T-1 [redacted]

T-2 Confidential Source [redacted]

T-3 Records of the United States Post Office, 221 East 34 Street, New York City.
b6
b7C
b7D

T-4 Telephone call made under suitable pretext to residence of MURIEL DRAPER, 322 East 58 Street, New York City, EL 5-3965. b2 b7D

T-5 [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA SAMUEL J. BEYHAM, New York, February 16, 1944.
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b6
b7C
b7D

T-6 [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-7 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted] who furnished information to SA [redacted]

T-8 Confidential Informant - S [redacted] b2 b7D
b2
b6
b7C

T-9 b7D LOUIS F. BUDENZ, who furnished information to SA WILLIAM J. MC CARTHY on June 21, 1950.

T-10 [redacted]

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-11

T-12 b2 b7D

T-13 identity known to Bureau.

T-14 Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-15 Confidential Informant -

T-16 b2 b7D Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-17 Confidential Source 588, who made information available to SA

T-18 b2 b7D Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-19 Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-20 b6 b7C Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-21 Confidential Informant - whose identity is known to the Bureau.

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-22 [redacted]

T-23 [redacted]

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[redacted], whose identity should be strictly protected.

T-24 [redacted]

T-25 [redacted] mentioned in Washington Field office letter to Bureau, February 20, 1950, entitled, "CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN; INTERNAL SECURITY -C, REGISTRATION ACT".

T-26 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted]

T-27 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted]

T-28 [redacted]

T-29 CIC 45, Pittsburgh Office.

T-30 [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA FRANCIS D. O'BRIEN, April 20, 1948, New York City, entitled, [redacted] was.; INTERNAL SECURITY -R".

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b6
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T-31 Washington Field Office [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] March 19, 1951, entitled, [redacted] INTERNAL SECURITY -C".

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-32 Confidential Informant [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau. b2 b7D

CONFIDENTIAL

T-33 [redacted]

T-34 [redacted] b2 b7D

T-35

T-36

T-37 Anonymous. b6 b7C b7D

T-38 United States Office of Censorship.

T-39 Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-40 [redacted] who gave information to SA WILLIAM A. HARTMAN, November 10, 1949. b2 b7D

T-41 [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau. b6 b7C (S)

T-42 [redacted] who furnished information to SAA JOHN H. KLEINKAUF on April 6, 1951.

T-43 Alien Squad, New York City Police Department. b2 b7D

T-44 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted]

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-45 Confidential Informant - S -

T-46 b2 b7D [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

T-47 Confidential Mail Box, New York Office.

T-48 Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-49 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted]

T-50 b2 b6 b7C b7D SAs [redacted] and [redacted], Philadelphia Office.

b2 b6 b7C b7D

T-51 [redacted]

T-52 Oklahoma City Police Department.

T-53 Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-54 b6 b7C b7D [redacted]

T-55 [redacted]

T-56 Deleted.

T-57 [redacted]

b2 b7D

T-58 [redacted] (S)

T-59 Pamphlet entitled, "Program and Call for Fifth National Conference of Committee for Protection of Foreign Born."

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CONFIDENTIAL

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-60 [redacted]

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T-61 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA JAMES J. MC CARTHY, New York, August 5, 1946, entitled, "NEW YORK COMMITTEE TO WIN THE PEACE; INTERNAL SECURITY -C".

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T-62 [redacted]

T-63 [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA PHILLIP CARROLL, New York, November 4, 1949, entitled, "YOUNG PROGRESSIVES OF AMERICA".

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b7D

T-64 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted] who gave information to SA [redacted]

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b7D

T-65 Deleted

T-66 Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-67 Confidential Mail Box, mentioned in the report of SA [redacted], New York, February 17, 1950, entitled, "VOICE OF FREEDOM COMMITTEE".

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-68 Confidential Informant - S -

T-69 Confidential Informant - S -

CONFIDENTIAL

T-70 Confidential Informant - S -

T-71 Confidential Informant - S -

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b6
T-72 b7C
b7D

mentioned in the report of SA Seattle, December 1, 1943, entitled, INTERNAL SECURITY -S-C".

T-73 who gave information to SA

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b7C
T-74 b7D Trash cover at office of American Committee for Spanish Freedom.

T-75 mentioned in Philadelphia letter to Bureau on June 2, 1947, entitled, "NATIONAL COUNCIL of AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP; INTERNAL SECURITY-C".

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b7D

T-76 Boston informant b2
b7D

T-77 St. Louis informant

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

T-78 Anonymous.

T-79 b2 b7D Deloted

T-80 Anonymous.

T-81 Anonymous.

T-82 [redacted] of Charlotte.

T-83 Confidential Informant - S - [redacted]

T-84 [redacted] mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] New York, March 4, 1949, entitled, "ANNA LOUISE STRONG; INTERNAL SECURITY -R".

T-85 b6 b7C b7D Information received by Bureau from G-2, Washington, D. C., which was originally received from General Headquarters, Far East Command, United States Army, 1949 and 1950.

T-86 [redacted] b2 b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LEADS

BOSTON

At Haverhill, Massachusetts

Will contact the Board of Education and verify subject's high school education at Haverhill High School.

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NY 100-14713

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ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

Will determine location of Burnham Public School through records of subject's education at Haverhill High School, and set out lead to have this grade school education verified.

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b7C

NEW YORK

At New York City

Will attempt to locate PAUL CHALFEN, architect, and Mrs. DeWITT WALSH, and interview them concerning subject's reported employment by them.

Will continue to follow and report the activities of the subject.

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] New York, 11/4/50

CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET~~

SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
BOSTON	5/28/52	4/22/52	PHILIP M. BREED MRH

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, wa. Muriel Gerdom Draper (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject attended Thomas E. Burnham School, Haverhill, Massachusetts, from the third grade through the ninth grade, 1893 to 1900. Attended Haverhill High School from September 18, 1900, to March, 1903. During this school period she lived at Birchbrow, her family estate, at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Her father was a man of considerable means and was the principal financial backer of ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL in Bell's research developing the telephone.

- RUC -

DETAILS: Mr. JOHN J. LYONS, supervisor of attendance, Haverhill Public Schools, Haverhill, Massachusetts, ascertained from the records of the school department that MURIEL GUERDOM SANDERS attended the Thomas E. Burnham school, Haverhill, Massachusetts, from 1893 to 1900, from the third grade through the ninth grade. No records were available for the first grade, 1891 to 1892, or the second grade, 1892 to 1893. Mr. LYONS said that it was possible that she may have attended those years also, but the records were missing.

Mr. EARL H. MacLEOD, Principal, Haverhill High School, ascertained from the records of the high

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3 New York (100-14713)
2 Boston (100-14551)

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EX-24

MAY 27 1952

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SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL

school that MURIEL GUERDOM SANDERS, who was born on November 13, 1886, and who lived at Birchbrow, Haverhill, Massachusetts, entered the Haverhill High School on September 18, 1900, and remained there as a student until March, 1903, when she left. The reason for her leaving was not shown on the record, but her school record was entirely clear. Her father's name was given as THOMAS SANDERS.

Mr. MacLEOD said that THOMAS SANDERS was a man of considerable means, who was the principal financial backer of ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL when BELL was making his research in his invention of the telephone.

Birchbrow was the family estate of Mr. SANDERS. According to Mr. MacLEOD, Mr. SANDERS made a great deal of money by his financial backing of BELL.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL

BS 100-14551

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE: Report of SA EUGENE W. WHITWAM at New York, New York, dated December 11, 1951. 100-39326-50

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 27 1952

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Carter
Mr. Clayton
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

WASH FROM NEW YORK 11

27

12-21PM

DIRECTOR URGENT

MUREIL DRAPER, ISC. DAYLET. BUFILE ONE HUNDRED DASH THREE NINE THREE TWO SIX. SUBJECT DIED AUGUST TWO SIX LAST AT UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, NYC. CAUSE OF DEATH UNKNOWN. "NY TIMES" AND "NY DAILY NEWS" CARRIES SHORT OBITUARIES. "NY HERALD TRIBUNE" CARRIES LENGTHY OBITUARY STATING SUBJECT, AN ORGANIZER AND LEADER OF CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN AND MOTHER OF PAUL DRAPER, THE DANCER, DIED YESTERDAY AT UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL AFTER A LONG ILLNESS.

END

BOARDMAN

NY R 11 WA DBD

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SEP 4 1952

EX-25

277

68 SEP 9 1952

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DATE 9/24/82 BY SP1 BM/Dos

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b1
b3

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: August 20, 1952

FROM : V. P. Keay

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER
SECURITY MATTER - C

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Mohr
Tele. Rm.
Nease

You will recall that the captioned individual reportedly has been an active Communist. She is the mother of the well-known dancer, Paul Draper.

(5)

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ACTION:

The above is being submitted for the information of the Internal Security Section.

SJP:lw

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361491

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DATE 07-30-2009

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100-39326-53

SEP 15 1952

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SAC, New York (100-14713)

Director, FBI (100-39326)

RECORDED - 4

September 9, 1952

~~SECRET~~

MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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EXEMPTION CODE 25X1A

(S)

[redacted]

9/24/96
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4/97

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Laughlin
Mohr
Tele. Rm.
Holloman
Candy

60 SEP 23 1952

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MAILED 6

SEP 10 1952

COMM-FBI

WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

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7 55 PM '52

SECRET

The above information concerning the subject's files and correspondence is furnished for your information. You should verify the subject's death in order that her Security Index card may be cancelled.

SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEM

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	9/26/52	9/15,16,18/52	

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, wa	INTERNAL SECURITY-C

b6
b7C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject expired 8/26/52, NYC. "New York Herald Tribune" describes subject as one who, in recent years, devoted herself exclusively to the pro-Soviet "peace" movement.

- C -

cc-DR 10-8-52 JCS/ew

DETAILS

At New York, New York

Records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Manhattan, New York City, under certificate number 18420, reflect the death of subject on August 26, 1952 at University Hospital, New York, New York. The certificate reflects the following:

(1) Cause of death - Natural causes
(2) Date of birth - November 13, 1886
Haverhill, Massachusetts
(3) Home address - 322 East 58 Street
New York, New York
(4) Occupation - Author and Lecturer

The certificate also reflected that subject was cremated at the Ferncliff Crematory, Westchester County, on

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APPROVED AND FORWARDED: Leland V. Boardman SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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August 28, 1952.

Short obituaries on subject appeared in the "New York Times" and "Daily News" on August 27, 1952. The "New York Herald Tribune" of August 27, 1952 carried a lengthy obituary, describing subject as "the daughter of a Plymouth Rock" family, and related to the DRAPER family of New York. Mrs. DRAPER earned an international reputation for her artistic and literary salons in her homes in Florence, London, and New York. In recent years, however, she devoted herself exclusively to the pro-Soviet "peace" movement and was said by one government agency (House Committee on Un-American Activities) to be active at one time in ten Communist-front organizations.

Concerning subject's "front group" activities, the article states that the subject was active in the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee; was an organizer of American Friends of the Soviet Union (later the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship); was an organizer of Congress of American Women, serving as Chairman, Executive Vice-President, and then President; was a delegate to the Women's International Democratic Federation meeting in Paris in 1945; and in 1949, at a meeting of the latter organization held in Moscow, Russia, she was elected to the Women's International Democratic Federation, Executive Council.

- C -

NY 100-14713

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE Report of SA EUGENE W. WHITWAM, 12/11/51, New York.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b6
b7C

TO : Director, FBI (100-39362)

DATE: 9/26/52

FROM : SAC, New York (100-14713)

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa
IS-C

Security Index card cancelled

Re New York teletype to Bureau, 8/27/52.

There are being transmitted herewith five copies of the report of SA [redacted] dated 9/26/52, New York, re captioned subject.

This is to advise that due to subject's death on 8/26/52, her Security Index card is being cancelled and her name is being removed from the Key Figure list in this office.

CANCELLED

HANDLED

RECORDED-33

100-96900-54

10 OCT

Encs. (5)

REGISTERED

1 - NY (100-96900)

RHI:MEM

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DATE 9/24/76 BY SP4 BJM/Bmg
36149

53 OCT 14 1952

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Page 123 ~ Referral/Direct;

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DRAPER, MURIEL

COMMUNIST

144 Lexington Avenue (1940)
New York, N. Y. 6/[illegible]

Speaker at benefit for Basque refugee children to be held at Mecca Temple, NY July 1, 1937, under auspices of the Julius Rosenthal Memorial Committee. (Daily Worker 7-1-37; 61-7561-136X5)

Endorser of the American Congress for Peace and Democracy to be held in Wash. D. C. on Jan. 6-8, 1938. (D. W. 12-24-38; 61-7559-3441X9)

(Feb. 1938) On Theatre Arts Committee of the Medical Bureau and North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. (Committee letterhead in file 61-7565-176)

One of prominent persons who signed a statement in support of the verdicts of the recent Moscow trials of the Trotskyite-Buckharinite traitors. (D. W. 4-2-38 page 4, Dies Committee report appendix part 1 page 809)

(1938) Sponsor of Committee to Send American Relief Ship to Spain. (D. W. Aug. 19, 1938; 61-7561-230X2 and Aug. 7, 1938, 61-7561-224X)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/92 BY SP1 BLH/DAB
36149

SERIALIZED

100-39326-1
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
2 AUG 27 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FIVE

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DRAHER, MURIEL -1a-

Sponsor of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. (Walter S. Steele, National Republic - Dies Committee Hearing - Aug. 1938 - Vol. 1, 569)

(1938) Sponsor for League of Women Shoppers, which is allegedly a Communist Front unit. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] Chicago FO 100-7053-24-p7)

Dec. 1938 - Endorser of National Committee for People's Rights, formerly National Committee for the Defense of Political prisoners. (Letterhead of Committee copy in 61-7559-3385X1)

National Committee for Defense of Political Prisoners closely associated with International Labor Defense, in that both fronts were created by the C.P. to handle and protect comrades who become involved with the law. The former committee is designed to operate in higher circles with the intellectuals, moneyed liberals. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] Atlanta FO 100-7685-36)

(Feb. 23, 1939) Speaker for the rally to be held under auspices of the Greenwich Village Joint Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy at Public School #3. (D. W. 2-23-39 copy 61-7561-257X41)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/04/12 BY SP4 BJA/ms

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Affiliated with the 3rd American Writers Congress to be held June 2, 3, 4, 1939 at NYC. (Flyer in 61-7554-94)

(1-6-40) Benefit for the Kuntslich Foundation for Waterfront Workers given at Draper's home [redacted] (Conf. Inf. [redacted] NYC 61-7559-6834 p 5)

(Mar. 1940) Reported as a defender of the Moscow purges in 1938 and as a broadcaster for the Communist; a signer of protest against arrest of 16 Reds in Detroit which protest was sent to President Roosevelt and members of Congress. (Walter S. Steele, National Republic, Wash., D. C. 61-7559-7878)

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One of the endorsers of the American People's meeting to be held April 5, 6, 1941 at NYC. (D. W. 3-27-41; 61-10498-A)

Listed as a sponsor for the 5th National Conference of American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born to be held at Atlantic City Mar. 29, 30, 1941. (Pamphlet issued by committee; 100-7046-72-p. 6)

Sponsor of the National Emergency Conference to Save Spanish Refugees, meeting held 4-14-1940. (Sp. Agt. [redacted] N.Y. F.O. 100-11124-1 p 3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/14/82 BY SP4 Bird/Dos

DRAPER, MURIEL -2a- b6 b7C b7D

(Oct. 1940) Speaker at Committee of Publishers Pan American Dinner for Writers in Exile, held at Commodore Hotel, NYC. Reported as a known front for the party (C.P.) (Conf. Inf. [redacted], N.Y. F.O. 61-7566-2006)

(Nov. 15, 1940) Spoke at meeting for American-Soviet Understanding held at Manhattan Center NYC. Stated, "the American Reactionaries know a pact with the Soviet Union will bring a spell of democracy at home, that is why they are doing their best to sabotage any attempt to bring about better relations", also urged peace pact between America, China and Soviet Union. (Conf. Inf. [redacted], N.Y. F.O. 61-10123-33) (Meeting held under auspices of the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union - flyer in 61-10123-33)

b6 b7C b7D

Endorsed Maritime Chapter of the American Friends of the Chinese People, NYC. (Letter written by Muriel Draper, 12-13-40; 100-7360-1)

Sponsor of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade Rehabiliation Fund, Inc. 125 W. 45th St. NYC. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] Chicago FO 100-7060-24-7)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/16/98 BY SP4 Bitdorf

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(1940) Sponsor of the United American Spanish Aid Committee. (Letterhead of Committee 61-7561-555X)

(Dec. 1940) Reported as being engaged in Communist activities; occupies position on the "intellectual front" and renders a most valuable service as propagandist. [redacted] 39-915-684-p. 21)

b6
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(1-22-41) Speaker at mass rally of International Labor Defense held on behalf of Allen Shaw and 12 others who were arrested in Oklahoma for criminal syndicalism. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] N.Y. F.O. 61-8381-161)

Spoke at "Mass Defense Rally" held under auspices of the International Labor Defense at Manhattan Center, NYC, Jan. 22, 1941. Charged President Roosevelt with being responsible for criminal syndicalism case (Alan Shaw); that he was selected on fake promises of defense against fascism and aggression. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] N.Y. F.O. 61-10123-57)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/86 BY SP1B/AHO

DRAPER, MURIEL -3a-

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Listed as a participant in meeting to be held under auspices of [redacted]American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union to be held 2-3-41 at 154 W. 57th St. NYC. (D. W. 2-1-41; 100-7045-sub. A)

American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union reported as a Communist Front organization. [redacted] 39-915-684-5)

(2-19-41) Present at party held at home of Dr. Sam Kallman, NYC to raise funds for Rescue Ship Mission. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] N.Y. F.O. 61-8381-188)

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(3-2-41) Present at party held at home of Frederick Fields, NYC to raise funds for Rescue Mission Ship. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] N.Y. F.O. 61-8381-174)

Guest of honor at luncheon given for Theodore Dreiser held 3-1-41 at the Hotel Commodore, NYC under auspices of the American Council on Soviet Relations. (American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union). (N.Y. Times 3-2-41; 100-7045-62)

(Mar. 1941) Muriel Draper (C.P.) sponsor of the Rescue Ship Mission. (Conf. Inf [redacted] N.O. F.O. 100-7058-61-p. 5)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/15/92 BY SP1 B-4 Jas

Signer of a petition sent to Major Lamberton by committee for people's rights requesting discharge of Adolph Heller, Director of the Phila. Workers School and Bernard Rush in connection with the "bomb plot". The petition characterized the case as "another Tom Mooney frame up". (Daily Worker April 15, 1941; 98-523-A)

May Festival of League of Women Shoppers held at home of Muriel Draper, NYC May 2, 1941. Proceeds to be used to defray expenses of League's Nat'l Convention. (Announcement in file 100-7053-72X) www

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/84 BY SP2 BTM/DCD
34491

HR:el

August 27, 1941

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. L. M. C. SMITH
CHIEF, SPECIAL DEFENSE UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/80 BY SP6 Bug/Dws

There is transmitted herewith a dossier showing the information presently available in the files of this Bureau with respect to Muriel Draper whose address is 144 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York.

It is recommended that this individual be considered for custodial detention in the event of a national emergency. The information contained on the attached dossier constitutes the basis for appropriate consideration in this regard.

It should be understood, of course, that additional information may be received from time to time supplementing that already available in the Bureau's files, and as such data are received they will be made available to you so that the dossier in your possession may be supplemented thereby.

It will be greatly appreciated if you will advise this Bureau at your earliest convenience as to the decision reached in this case.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

153
154

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
AUG 27 1941
P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Enclosure

RECORDED 100-389226-2
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
SEP 3 1941
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[redacted] September 17, 1941

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted] AIR MAIL
[redacted] RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Assistant Director E. J. Connelley
Special Agent in Charge
New York, New York

RE: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY

Dear Sir:

There is enclosed herewith a photostatic copy of a custodial detention card relating to

Muriel Draper
144 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York

for appropriate and expeditious attention in accordance with existing Bureau instructions.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosure

[redacted] RECORDED

497615

100-3/326-3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
5 SEP 19 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
SEP 17 1941
1:16 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted]

Addition

DRAPER, MURIEL
144 Lexington Ave. (1940)
New York, N.Y. (6/11/41)

-4a-

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COMMUNIST

Subject has been to Russia twice and is a full-fledged Communist. She gives the appearance of being a wealthy person, owning a three story house which was given over entirely to the delegates to the New York A.P.M. Convention, April 1941 "for their comfort and entertainment," and she supplied a "bountiful meal" for all those present. There were between 50 and 60 delegates attending the "Social" at her home, including both white and colored persons. A riotous party was conducted at Muriel Draper's home lasting all night of April 6, 1941. (Conf. Inf. [redacted] April 8, 1941, Charlotte, N.C.; 100-26696-3)

CH-15

RECORDED

100-393264

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
2 NOV 7 1941
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/96 BY SP1 BSW/MJS

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK CITY

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 EG

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK CITY	11/21/41	10/6,9,10,16, 27/41	

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER	INTERNAL SECURITY - R

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject has been considered by the Bureau for custodial detention. Supposedly came to US from England in 1914; has been a writer and an interior decorator; lives alone at 144 Lexington Avenue, NYC; supposedly divorced; no criminal or arrest record; credit record poor; no records at Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization.

- P -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 Bjkh Dmg

REFERENCE: Letter from the Bureau dated September 17, 1941.

DETAILS: AT NEW YORK CITY

Informant A stated that as of 1932 MURIEL DRAPER, 312 E. 53rd Street, former address 24 E. 40th Street, business, writer, is said to be a woman about 50 years of age and is believed to be a divorced woman. She formerly had a two room apartment at 24 E. 40th Street, but this was about a

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
	RECORDED	100-39326-5	RECORDED

COPIES OF THIS REPORT

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3 - New York

NOV 24 1941

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FEB 19 1942

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 7—2034

year ago when the present office building now there was not there then.

At the office of the "New Yorker" magazine, a publication at 25 W. 45th Street, it was stated that they had a Miss MURIEL DRAPER about four or five years ago. She was a writer with them for a short time.

The files listed a MURIEL DRAPER of 21 E. 89th Street, New York City, who was sued on September 7, 1923 by the Grand Phonograph and Piano Company, Inc. in the amount of $133 in the Municipal Court. Also the same name at 19 E. 48th Street, who was sued on April 24, 1925 by the Unity Shop for $115 in Municipal Court. There were also several more bad debts listed and at one time she was dispossessed for non-payment of rent.

Informant B advised that a MURIEL DRAPER, interior decorator, as of November 20, 1923 lived at 19 E. 48th Street, formerly at 21 E. 49th Street; that she was at this time a comparatively young woman, being married, who came to this country from London, England in 1914. Shortly after coming to the United States she was employed by PAUL CHALFEN, architect of New York City, remaining in his employ about three years. While with him she was doing designing and decorating work. She was later in the employ of Mrs. DeWitt Walsh, engaged in the same line. There were listed several suits against her for goods and also a judgment for $2728 by the Morristown School Foundation for her son's tuition and residence.

Reporting agent went to the address at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City where it was ascertained that this was an apartment, apparently a small apartment on the ground floor of this one story apartment building. The neighborhood is more or less a business section, there being only two or three other ground floor apartments in one story buildings in this block. In response to a knock at the door a colored maid answered and when told by reporting agent that he was looking for the superintendent of the premises, she advised that he did not live in that vicinity; that there was no superintendent living close to the premises. She volunteered at this time the information that Miss MURIEL DRAPER lived there alone. Reporting agent did not make further inquiry through this maid as to subject's occupation or description due to the fact that it was not

considered discreet, nor at any time did he make known his identity.

The records of the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization Service, 641 Washington Street, and the records at Ellis Island were checked with negative results. A check was also made at the New York Police Department and no record could be found on subject.

A lead is being set out at the conclusion of this report to attempt to ascertain the present occupation of subject.

UNDEVELOPED LEAD

THE NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

AT NEW YORK CITY

Will attempt to ascertain the occupation and description together with definite citizenship status of subject keeping in mind that subject has been a writer and an interior decorator.

- P E N D I N G -

b7D

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Informant A [redacted]

Informant B - Dun and Bradstreet, 290 Broadway, New York City.

ND:33

MR:LJ

January 20, 1942

CONFIDENTIAL
REGISTERED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Special Agent in Charge
New York, New York

RE: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY

Dear Sir:

There is enclosed herewith a photostatic copy of

X an addition to the Custodial Detention card relating to Subject. This addition is to be attached to the photostatic copy of the Custodial Detention card already in your possession.

___ a revised Custodial Detention card relating to Subject to be substituted for the photostatic copy of the Custodial Detention card presently in your possession which should be destroyed.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

RECORDED

INDEXED BY 9/18/42

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Tracy
Rosen
Carson
Coffey
Hendon
Holloman
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
Enclosure 20 1942
P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

100-393246-16
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
19
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

6 JAN 26 1942

HR:ijm

March 13, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. L. M. C. SMITH
CHIEF, SPECIAL DEFENSE UNIT

There is submitted herewith an addition to a dossier dated September 24, 1941, concerning MURIEL DRAPER, which was originally submitted under date of August 27, 1941, re MURIEL DRAPER.

In view of the additional information, it will be appreciated if you will advise of your opinion in this case.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Attachment

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Carson
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Holloman
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/74 BY SP4 BJA/Dms

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 10
MAR 13 1942 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

8 MAR 19 1942

NOT RECORDED
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jes:jcm

ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

May 14, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Please be advised that in the light of additional information received from the Bureau, the tentative dangerousness classification of the individual named below has been revised as follows:

Name	Classification From	Classification To
Muriel Draper 144 Lexington Avenue New York, N. Y.	C-2	B-2

If additional information is received concerning this individual which necessitates further change in his dangerousness classification you will be promptly advised.

Lawrence M. C. Smith
Chief, Special Defense Unit

By Frank W. Crockett
Assistant Chief

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 Bitt/DCB
36 1491

FOR DEFENSE BUY UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND STAMPS
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 11
MAY 29 1942 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
10 MAY 1 1942

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EX-19
SAC, NYC
5-29-42, JCB

100-39326-7
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
9 MAY 18 1942
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Pay Tribute To Soviets

At the request of The Worker, many prominent persons here and abroad sent in greetings to the Soviet Union upon the occasion of its 25th Anniversary. Many of these greetings appear in tomorrow's Worker. The editors have taken the liberty of publishing others of these statements in today's special anniversary issue of the Daily Worker.

ROBERT C. TRAVIS
First Vice-President, Illinois Industrial Union Council

"How can the labor movement of America greet the trade unionists of Russia? By sitting down with their representatives and those of Britain to consult on ways in which labor can improve production for winning the war. Such consultation would draw us closer together so that following the war it could be continued for the winning of a just and enduring peace."

* * *

BEN GOLD
President, Fur and Leather Workers International Union

"Warmest greetings personally and on behalf of 80,000 fur and leather workers in United States and Canada to the great peoples of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and to the great Soviet trade unions on this 25th anniversary. . . .

"We support and with burning eagerness await the opening of the Second Front in Europe—the crying need of the hour—together with you to complete the annihilation of Nazism and fascism and forever destroy the conspiracy of the appeasers to force upon the world a negotiated fascist peace of slavery and forever guarantee to the entire world, in the words of our Commander-in-Chief, President Franklin D. Roosevelt, "that such treachery shall never endanger us again."

* * *

FREDERICK N. MYERS
Vice-President, National Maritime Union

"The best greeting the people of the United States could send to the people of the Soviet Union on the occasion of their 25th anniversary would be, in my opinion, a Second Front.

"The heroic defenders of Stalingrad have done more than save their own country—they have granted precious months of life to London, New York, Chicago and Los Angeles. . . ."

* * *

PLEASS KELLOGG
Negro worker for 17 years at the Tractor Works of the International Harvester Co., appointed as field representative for the United Farm Equipment and Metal Workers Union.

"When I think of the Soviet government and people celebrating its 25th birthday, the first thought that comes to my mind as a Negro is that there is a land and a people where the color of my skin wouldn't make any difference.

"Therefore I do from the bottom of my heart greet the Soviet people on this Anniversary and I can appreciate fully the great struggle they are now carrying on.

"They have proved to the world that a greater democracy can exist that embraces all peoples, regardless of race, color and creed. I can see why they fight to the very death for such freedom."

* * *

This is a clipping from page 2 of the Daily Worker for NOV 7 1942
Clipped at the Seat of Government.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/96 BY SP1 BAW/PAD
ENCLOSURE
100-39326-8

DR. MAX YERGAN

President of National Negro Congress

"As an American Negro, and I know for millions of Negroes, I join you in hailing the Soviet Union on this its 25th anniversary. The normal, magnificent achievements of the Soviet people, in itself, draws forth the unstinted admiration of all honest men. . . .

"But it is on the battlefields against the Hitler fascist beasts that the Soviet people have shown their truly great qualities. They have enveloped themselves in ever-lasting glory. As long as man can write or sing, he can have no greater theme than the matchless conduct of the fighting men and women of the heroic Red Army."

* * *

MURIEL DRAPER

Author

"The people of the Soviet Union have been on the march for one quarter of a century. We do well to celebrate the day that marks the beginning of their great achievements.

"The men, women and children of that ever-loved land have been winning victories over the unarmed enemies of mankind—ignorance, fear, injustice and greed—every hour of every day of these twenty-five years; and now they are fighting the armed enemy of us all, the fascist military forces and the evil they represent.

"This enemy, too, they will vanquish, and we, the people of America, will join with them in the terrible battle and win with them the freedoms and world civilization it is our right to create."

* * *

THEODORE SPAULDING

President, Philadelphia Branch, National Association for the Advancement of the Colored People.

"The 25th anniversary of the Soviet Union will be memoralized by historians as the year in which Russia saved the world from becoming subjected to the Fascists and the Nazis. The almost unbelievable valor of her defenders has been the outstanding feature of this war. Such valor cannot be bought and of necessity must reflect credit directly to the Soviet Union. Its achievement, in successfully welding together without discrimination or designation of any as minority groups or second class citizens, of over 160 different nationalities and races of all colors and creeds, into that nation of valor, is a classic example to the rest of the world as to what democracy can do and must.

"I am happy to be counted among the thousands of others of different political belief, who congratulate the Soviet Union on its 25th anniversary."

ROCKWELL KENT

"'Workers of the world, unite' is far more than a Marxist slogan. It is a statement of principal for the hastening of victory now and for the establishment of final lasting peace throughout the world. It demands as a first step the immediate establishment of international trade union unity."

* * *

ANNA SEGHERS

German refugee writer, now in Mexico, author of "The Seventh Cross."

"On the 25th Anniversary of the great October Revolution, the Soviet peoples are put to the hardest test ever faced by any people throughout history. It is a difficult hour, but also an hour of magnificent material and moral triumph. The brown monsters believed that with their damnable vicious assault they could wipe out the reality of the October Revolution, the work of Lenin and Stalin. With their heroic resistance and with their admirable defense of Leningrad, Moscow and Stalingrad, however, the Soviet peoples and their Red Army not only victoriously defended their fatherland but also filled the hearts of all mankind with new hopes."

* * *

ANTONIO VILLALOBOS

Senator and President of the "Party of the Mexican Revolution" (PRM).

"The Party of the Mexican Revolution salutes the Soviet people on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of their liberating movement initiated Oct. 7, 1917, which brought tsarism to ruin and established a socialist regime in one-sixth of the world. . . .

"Our Party renders homage to the USSR for having built in the brief lapse of two and a half decades the most homogenous popular government in Europe, in which associate on terms of equality 182 races which speak 149 different languages. It renders homage to the USSR, also . . . for having been, along with the Mexican Republic, the only nations which aided democratic Spain in her heroic struggle, and for the heroism of her Red Army and all Russia's civil population. . . ."

FIDEL VELASQUEZ

General secretary of the Confederation of Mexican Workers (CTM).

"The Russian Revolution, which in 1917 moved the entire world by putting an end to a regime of ignominy and disgrace and by showing mankind a new way of life, a life of happiness, today more than ever justifies its reason for being. It has not only achieved the liberation of 180 million men, women and children, creating a new mentality based on a scientific knowledge of the universe, but it has made of a people then enslaved, a people capable of defending its territory and government against the greatest onslaughts any country ever suffered. . . .

"The Mexican proletariat, around the banners of the CTM, declares most sincere solidarity with the Soviet government and people, and renders fervent homage—and asks greater aid to the Soviet Union from her Allies."

* * *

ABDULLAH BRELVI

Prominent Nationalist Moslem and Editor of Bombay Chronicle

"History does not know any event which has moved men and women throughout the entire world so deeply as Soviet Russia's resistance of Nazi invasion."

* * *

Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress

"We wish to fight shoulder to shoulder with the great Soviet people."

N. M. JOSHI

Secretary of All-India Trade Union Congress

"This Anniversary holds out hope to the people of India and all the other peoples of the world that a bright future is assured them if they unwaveringly continue their struggle against fascist and Nazi brutality and unshakeably maintain faith in democracy and Socialism."

* * *

ANTONIO MIJE

Parliamentary Deputy of Loyalist Spain and Secretary of the Communist Party of Spain (in Mexico City).

"November 7th is a symbolic date for Spaniards, for it recalls the defense of Madrid. . . .

"Best commemoration for us would be to redouble the struggle against Hitler and his accomplices, to unite with the Red Army and the people of the USSR to definitely smash fascism. This is what we Spaniards think. With this conviction, we fight for opening a Second Front in Europe now as the most important steps to accelerate the defeat of Hitler-Franco imperialism."

* * *

PABLO NERUDA

Poet and Chilean Consul General in Mexico

"On this new anniversary of the USSR, I want to salute especially the Soviet writers, whom we know are on the people's side, living and fighting alongside them against the German assassins and their mercenary allies. . . ."

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

CC-287

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E.A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Coffee
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Kramer
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

LW:le

November 19, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. MUMFORD

Re: MURIEL DRAPER

Attached hereto is a photostatic copy of an item appearing in the Daily Worker for November 7, 1942, on page two thereof.

It is noted that the greeting to the Soviet Union upon the occasion of its twenty-fifth anniversary (the October Revolution) was transmitted by the subject to the Daily Worker.

Respectfully,

L. Whitson

Lish Whitson

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/13/76 BY SP4 BAUERS

Attachment

RECORDED & INDEXED
100-393268
12 NOV 20 1942

EX-46

FOR VICTORY BUY UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND STAMPS

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT New York, New York FILE NO. NY 100-14713 AMK

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
New York, New York	APR 14 1943	2/18,19,22,23, 24/43; 3/2/43	EDWIN J. DONOVAN

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER	INTERNAL SECURITY - C CUSTODIAL DETENTION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject believed to have entered the United States from London, England, in 1914. Credit record poor. No criminal record in New York. Files reveal that subject has been a sponsor and speaker on numerous committees and organizations identified with the Communist Movement. New York Files reviewed and leads set out.

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b7C

- P -

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent [redacted] dated November 21, 1941 at New York City.

DETAILS: MURIEL DRAPER continues to reside at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York and to be active in the Communist Party. As reflected in reference report she is believed to have entered the United States from London, England in 1914 at which time she was believed to be a married woman subsequently having been divorced. The records of the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, 641 Washington Street, New York and similar records at Ellis Island were examined with negative results. A review of the subject's credit and criminal record in New York failedto furnish any additional information as to the subject. Records at the New York Public Library reflect the full name of the author of "Music at Midnight", a novel, to be MRS. MURIEL GURDON DRAPER SANDERS, 1881 - , who may be identical with the subject. A review of the DAILY WORKER reflects the following activities of the subject:

On July 1, 1937 she was a guest speaker at a benefit for Basque Refugee Children held at Mecca Temple under the auspices of the Julius Rosenthal Memorial Committee. (DAILY WORKER July 1, 1937).

In April 1938 the subject was one of many prominent persons

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100-3735E 6-9

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1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, ONI
1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G2
3 - New York

26 APR 16 1943

EX-98

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 7—2034

who signed a statement in support of the verdicts of the recent Moscow Trials of the Trotskyite Buchhannite supporters (DAILY WORKER April 2, 1938).

Also in 1938 the subject was sponsor of a committee to send an American relief ship to Spain (DAILY WORKER August 19, 1938).

In December 1938 the subject was listed an an endorsor of the American Congress for Peace and Democracy which was to be held in Washington, D. C. (DAILY WORKER December 24, 1938).

In February of 1939 the subject was a speaker at a rally held under the auspices of the Greenwich Village Joint Committee to aid Spanish Democracy. This meeting was held at Public School No. 3. (DAILY WORKER February 23, 1939).

On February 3, 1941 the subject was listed as participant in a meeting held under the auspices of the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union, which meeting was held at 154 W. 57th Street, New York.(DAILY WORKER February 1, 1941).

In March of 1941 the subject was revealed as one of the endorsors of the American Peoples Meeting which was to be held on April 5th and 6th 1941 at New York City. (DAILY WORKER March 27, 1941).

In April of 1941 the subject was listed as a signer of the Call of the Fourth Congress of the League of American Writers, which was to be held at New York City June 6th to 8th 1941. The Call was held "in defense of culture". (DAILY WORKER April 5, 1941).

Also in April of 1941 the subject was a signer of a petition sent to Major Lamberton by the Committee for Peoples Rights requesting the discharge of Adolph Hiller, Director of the Philadelphia Workers School and Bernard Rush in connection with a so-called "Bomb Plot". The petition characterized the case as "another Tom Mooney Frameup". (DAILY WORKER April 15, 1941).

The DAILY WORKER of July 23, 1941 on Page 3 contained a two inch advertisement which announced a lecture entitled "Soviet Defenses by Captain Sergai Kournakoff and Muriel Draper at Manhattan Center, 34th Street and 8th Avenue, Thursday July 24 at 8:30 P.M. Admission 35¢". The DAILY WORKER of September 7, 1941 on page 3 contains a message which the subject cabeled to a meeting of Soviet women held in Moscow on that date. This message read as follows:

"American women will work with head and hand and heart to support you proud and fearless defenders of the great civilization you have created. No enemy is strong enough to take it from you. The people always win."

The following information relative to the activities of the subject appears in the files of the New York Field Division:

In 1938 the subject was a sponsor for the League of Women Shoppers which was allegedly a Communist front. (Source - F)

In February 1938 the subject was a member of the Theatre Arts Committee of the Medical Bureau and North American Committee to aid Spanish Democracy. (Source - F).

In April of 1938 the subject signed a document calling upon the American people "to support the effort of the Soviet Union to free itself of insidious internal dangers".

In May of 1938 the subject was representative to the 10th Annual Convention of the Communist Party as a speaker of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. (Source - D).

In December of 1939 the subject was an endorsor of the National Committee for Peoples Rights which was formerly the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners. (Source - F).

In June of 1939 the subject was listed as a signer of the Call for the Third Congress of the League of American Writers. (Source E).

On January 6, 1940 it was reported from a confidential source that a benefit for the Kuntslich Foundation and Water Front Workers was given at Muriel Draper's home. It was stated that a the Party Mrs. Charlotte Honig of New York City obtained volunteer recruits to help her Communist activities among truckmen and other workers on the waterfront. (Source G).

On April 12, 1940 the subject was revealed to have been a sponsor of the Maryland branch of the Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. (Source D).

On July 1, 1940 a Confidential Informant reported that he had heard the subject tell of attending a meeting at which Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was the guest of honor. According to the informant the subject stated the meeting was held in order to raise funds for the Youth Congress that was then convening in Wisconsin. The subject reportedly stated that Mrs. Roosevelt promised the committee to get the use of the World Fair grounds for a function to raise funds (Source A).

On October 21, 1940 a Confidential Informant reported that the subject was a speaker at a dinner held in honor of the first public appearance of Lion Feuchstwanger at the Committee of Publishers Pan American Dinner for writers in Exile held at the Hotel Commodore, New York City. (Source C).

On November 10, 1940 it was reported that the subject was an officer of the American Committee for Better Friendship with the Soviet Union. (Source A).

On November 15, 1940 a Confidential Informant advised that Muriel Draper was a speaker at a meeting held under the auspices of the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union held on this date. The informant advised that the subject in substance stated that only in a free country like the USSR can the people give free expression to their cultural tendencies. She reportedly stated that the American reactionaries know a pact with the Soviet Union will bring a spell of democracy at home and that is why they are doing their best to sabotage any attempt to bring about better relationships. The American people she is reported to have stated must not let insignificant enemies of democracy stand in the way of a peace pact between America, China and the Soviet Union. (Source B).

On January 22, 1941 it was reported that the subject spoke at a mass rally of the National Labor Defense held on behalf of Allen Shaw and 12 others who were arrested in Oklahoma for Communistic Syndicalism. The substance of the subject's remarks upon this occasion were reported to be that President Roosevelt was responsible for this case. She is alleged to have said that the President was reelected on fake promises against defense of fascism and aggression but is practicing these things at home. (Source A & B).

On January 24, 1941 it was reported that the subject was a sponsor for the 5th National Conference of the American Committee for the Protection of ForeignBorn (Source E).

On February 19, 1941 it was reported that the subject attended a party to raise funds for the American Rescue Ship Mission at the Home of Dr. Sam Kallman at 130 W. 57th Street, New York City (Source A).

On March 24, 1941 it was reported that the subject attended a party held by Frederick Fields at his home 16 W. 12th Street, to raise funds for the American Rescue Ship Mission. (Source A).

On March 2, 1941 the New York Times of that date carried a story to the effect that the subject on the previous day had been a guest of honor at a luncheon given by Theodore Dreiser at the Hotel Commodore, New York under the auspices of the American Council on Soviet Relief. (Source F).

On April 8, 1941 Confidential Informant [redacted] of Charlotte, North Carolina reported that the subject has been to Charlotte twice and gives the appearance of being a wealthy person. It was reported that the subject had given her house in New York City to the delegates to the North American Peace Mobilization Convention held in 1941. A riotious party was said to have been held at the subject's home lasting all night of the night of April 6, 1941 (Source - F).

b2
b7D

On May 2, 1941 the May Festival for the League of Women Shoppers was held at the home of Muriel Draper for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Leagues Convention. (Source F).

On May 21, 1941 it was reported that the subject had given a party at her home at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City on April 4, 1941 for the out-of-town delegates of the American People's Meeting. (Source D).

On August 14, 1941 it was revealed that the subject had signed an open letter to all active supporters of Democracy and Peace calling for closer unity of the anti-Fascist forces and strengthening the front against agression through closer cooperation with the Soviet Union. (Source D).

On December 10, 1941 the subject was reported as a National Board Member of the League of American Writers. (Source E).

On February 20, 1942 it was reported that the subject was among a select group of people who attended a party given for the cast of the Broadway show "Watch on the Rhine" for the benefit of the "United Spanish-American aid Committee". (Source A).

On February 10, 1942 it was reported that the subject's name and address was contained in the personal address book of Corliss Lamont, National Chairman of the American Council on Spanish relations, as one of his personal contacts. (Source E).

On March 13, 1942 the subject was reported as a member of the National Committee for Peoples Righst and that she was eligible for election to the executive committee. It was reported that the purpose of this organization is to defent persons prosecuted on charges basically political or economical in nature, and to fight for the right of asylum for political refugees an to defend victims of fascism and to fight against fascism. (Source E).

On May 23, 1942 it was reported that the subject attended a party at thehome of Margaret Osborn at 237 E. 61st Street the proceeds of which were donated to the benefit of the Fight Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, affiliated with the American Committee to save refugees; United American Spanish Committee; and the Exiled Writers Committee. (Source A).

to

In addition/the foregoing it has been reported that the subject also was a member of the Executive Committee of the Progressive Committee to Rebuild the Ambrican Labor Party and also is a member of the National Committee for Peoples Rights which is located at 156 5th Avenue New York and which publishes a newspaper entitled "News you Don't Get".

P E N D I N G

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

THE PHILADELPHIA FIELD DIVISION
AT PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Will contact the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization Service at 15th and Chestnut Streets in an effort to obtain any and all information in that Bureau's Files relative to Muriel Draper who is believed to have entered the United States from London, England in 1914 probably at the Port of New York. It should be remembered that she may have entered under the name of MRS. MURIEL GURDON DRAPER SANDERS.

THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY

Will contact the Morristown School Foundation for all information in its possession relative to the subject. It is to be noted that an examination of the subject's credit record reflected a judgement for $27,028 by the Morristown School Foundation for her sons tuition and residence.

THE NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION
AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will continue to investigate the activities of the subject and the background of subject particularly her family history, occupations and citizenship status.

Will locate and interview Mrs. De Witt Walsh and Paul Paul Chalfen architects and interior decorators who reportedly are former employers of the subject.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Sources of information contained in the report of Special Agent Edwin J. Donovan, dated APR 14 1943 at New York are as follows:

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Source A - Confidential Informant [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau.

Source B - Confidential Informant [redacted], New York City, whose identity is known to the Bureau.

Source C - Confidential Informant [redacted] New York City, whose identity is known to the Bureau.

Source D - Reports of the Special Congressional Committee to Investigate Subversive Activities, known as the Dies Committee.

Source E - New York Files
100-3620-14
100-11720-9
100-7518-55

Source F - Custodial Detention Card of 1940.

Source G - Confidential Informant [redacted] New York, whose identity is known to the Bureau.

RWF:FC
5/5/43
100-39326 - 9

RECORDED

Date:

b6
b7C

To:
Mr. Hugh B. Cox
Assistant Attorney General, War Division

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: MURIEL DRAPER
CUSTODIAL DETENTION - C
New York, New York

Reference is made to my memorandum to Mr. L. M. C. Smith, Chief, Special War Policies Unit, dated August 27, 1941, concerning the investigation of the above captioned individual.

For your further consideration, there are transmitted herewith copies of the following reports in the case entitled, "Muriel Draper, Internal Security - C, Custodial Detention:"

Report of Special Agent [redacted] dated November 21, 1941, at New York, New York.

Report of Special Agent Edwin J. Donovan, dated April 14, 1943, at New York, New York.

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DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 BJA/Dmg

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Hardo
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Enclosure

- Mr. Wendell Berge
Assistant Attorney General

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57 MAY 8 1943

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

FILE NO. 100-19207 jc

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
PHILADELPHIA, PA.	5-8-43	4-30-43	J. F. SEARS, SAC

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER	INTERNAL SECURITY - C CUSTODIAL DETENTION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: No record of subject contained in the files of the Central Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service or Alien Registration Division.

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent EDWIN J. DONOVAN dated April 14, 1943 at New York.

b6
b7C

DETAILS: At Philadelphia

This investigation was conducted by Special Employee [redacted] [redacted]

Mrs. SUSAN B. HARDY, Assistant Supervisor, Record Request Control Unit, Alien Registration Division, advised that she could locate no record of the subject having registered as an Alien under the Alien Registration Act of 1940.

Mr. GEORGE T. PATTERSON, Information Clerk, Central Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service advised that he could locate no record of the subject in the Central Office files.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

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DATE 9/18/92 BY 50 [illegible] 1993

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J. F. Sears SAC		100-39326-10

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1 Col. S. V. Constant, G-2)
2 Philadelphia

[redacted]

MAY 10 1943

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, N. Y. FILE NO. 100-19744 ma

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEWARK, N. J.	5/20/43	4/27,29/43	DOUGLASS E. WENDEL (A)

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER	CUSTODIAL DETENTION - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Records of Morristown School Foundation negative regarding Subject. No record of judgment against Subject. Two boys with surname DRAPER attended school since 1926 but neither remembered as son of Subject. Lead to interview former Headmaster set out.

- R U C -

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent Edwin J. Donovan dated 4/14/43 at New York City.

DETAILS: AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.

Mr. VALLEAU WILKIE, present headmaster of the Morristown School advised that he had been in charge of the school since the summer of 1942 and the records of the school were not complete. After a search thru these records all that could be ascertained was that two boys with the surname "DRAPER" had at one time attended the school. Their names were RAYMOND SANDERS DRAPER, who was in the class of 1931. His address at that time was 21 East 89th Street, New York, New York. According to notes on the record of RAYMOND DRAPER, he was killed in action in 1943 while serving with the R.A.F. The other boy's name was PAUL N. S. DRAPER, who was in the class of 1926. There was no other information on this person.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/92 BY SP2 [illegible]

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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25 MAY 21 1943

EX-28

50 JUN 4 1943

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Mr. GUEST, member of the law firm of MILTON, JEFFERS, & MOUNTAIN, Morristown, New Jersey, stated that he had no knowledge of any of the students that had attended the school, although he had handled bankruptcy proceedings for the school in 1933.

Mr. HORACE JEFFERS of the same firm advised that he was on the Board of Directors at the time in question and recalled the student named PAUL DRAPER, and some difficulty over tuition with DRAPER's family. The former headmaster, GEORGE H. TILGHMAN, at the present time is a Commander in the United States Navy stationed at the Naval Training School-Mechanic, 87th and Anthony Streets, Chicago, Illinois, and according to Mr. JEFFERS, TILGHMAN knew the family background of his students very well.

ENCLOSURE TO THE CHICAGO FIELD DIVISION

One copy of the report of Special Agent Edwin J. Donovan, dated April 14, 1943 at New York, N. Y.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

100-19744

UNDEVELOPED LEAD

CHICAGO FIELD DIVISION

At Chicago, Ill.

Will ascertain from Commander GEORGE H. TILGHMAN, U. S. Naval Training School-Mechanic, 87th and Anthony Streets, Chicago, Illinois his knowledge of the Subject's background and political views.

- R U C -

New York, New York

~~SECRET~~ May 25, 1943

FMH:EMS
100-20575

Director, FBI

Re: [RUSSIAN ACTIVITIES;
ESPIONAGE - R]

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the letter from the Washington Field Office, directed to the Bureau, and dated January 16, 1942, in which it was stated that it has been ascertained from a strictly confidential source that on December 6, 1941, Madame LITVINOV, wife of the Russian Ambassador, in conversation with a woman thought to be Mrs. [illegible], 1699 51st Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., inquired about an individual referred to as MUNIL. The woman thought to be Mrs. MUNIL said that MUNIL was on a black list by joining a group of many Communist organizations. Madame LITVINOV expressed a desire to write to MUNIL and was given the address 114 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

It was ascertained at Station P, United States Post Office, located at 252 East 34th Street, that the MUNIL mentioned above is identical with [illegible].

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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 07-27-2009

New York Office reflect that SAMUEL MUNIL is the subject of the current case 100-11713, which is presently under investigation.

Very truly yours,

E. E. CONROY

9/18/96
CLASSIFIED BY SP4 Bill Dietz
DECLASSIFY ON: X1
3CT491

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cc: Washington Field
1 - File 100-11713

100-39326-1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 17 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

~~SECRET~~

b6
b7C

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-12221

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	8/2/43	6/25-7/3/43	RAT:LMC

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER	CUSTODIAL DETENTION - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject and husband lived in London prior to 1922, associated with all of the great musicians of Europe and England. Subject and husband are divorced. Husband died prior to 1922. Subject has two sons PAUL, a very famous tap dancer and RAYMOND, who was killed in action in 1943, while serving in the R.A.F. Subject wrote a book "MUSIC AT MIDNIGHT" a story of her life. Subject originally from Milton, Massachusetts, regarded as an artist.

RUC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/11/76 BY SP4 [illegible]

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent DOUGLASSE. WENDEL (A), New York, 5/20/43.

DETAILS:

Commander GEORGE H. TILGHMAN at the United States Naval Training School, 87 and Anthony Street, Chicago, stated that he has known of the Subject for several years because her two sons PAUL and RAYMOND were students at the time he was the head master of the Morristown School. He stated that the Subject as far as he could determine, lead a rather Bohemian life, and that upon one occasion he was in the Subject's home with her two sons who were then minors, and found that she was not home and did not expect to be home for sometime, leaving the children to more or less shift for themselves, as far as entertainment was concerned. Their physical needs were cared for by the household servants. He stated that the Subject and her husband lived in London for several years, and ran a musician salone.

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S. J. Drayton		100-39326-13	RECORDED & INDEXED

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cc ONI & G2
Div. of Req
AUG 10 1943

1 AUG 6 1943

2 AUG 11 1943

7—2034

and were in constant association with the greatest musicians of the continent. He stated that the husband was a very great pianist and a very great drunk. The Subject and her husband were divorced and the husband had died prior to 1922. Any accurate dates relative to the divorce and death are not known by Commander TIGHMAN.

The Subject has a sister, Mrs. RUTH DRAPER, who is a well known actress and could be contacted through the New York Booking Agency. He further stated that the Subject's son, PAUL DRAPER, is a very well known tap dancer, has originated his own style of dancing and is paid roughly a thousand dollars a week for his performances. He stated that PAUL DRAPER could be contacted through any booking agency in Chicago. He further stated that RAYMOND DRAPER had been killed while flying for the R.A.F., and that he had been decorated for gallantry previous to his death.

Mr. TIGHMAN stated that the Subject has always had plenty of money, and comes from a wealthy old family of Milton, Massachusetts. He stated that he does not believe that it would be possible for the Subject to be connected with any un-American activity, however, he does believe that she would very possibly favor an intelligent parlor pink and would associate with the artist Communist arrangement. He further stated that about 8 years ago a book was published in New York, which had been written by MURIEL DRAPER. The name of the book is "Music at Midnight" and is regarded by Mr. TIGHMAN as the best source of information concerning the life and ideas of the Subject. He suggests it as a source of information. He stated that he was not familiar with the express political views of the Subject.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

WASHINGTON, D. C.

July 16, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR
HUGH B. COX, ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL
AND
J. EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

I refer to Mr. L. M. C. Smith's memorandum to me dated June 28, 1943, which reviews the history, development, and meaning of the Special Case work and of the danger classifications that were made as a part of that work.

After full re-consideration of these individual danger classifications, I am satisfied that they serve no useful purpose. The detention of alien enemies is being dealt with under the procedures established by the Alien Enemy Control Unit. The Special Case procedure has been found to be valueless and is not used in that connection. There is no statutory authorization or other present justification for keeping a "custodial detention" list of citizens. The Department fulfills its proper functions by investigating the activities of persons who may have violated the law. It is not aided in this work by classifying persons as to dangerousness.

Apart from these general considerations, it is now clear to me that this classification system is inherently unreliable. The evidence used for the purpose of making the classifications was inadequate; the standards applied to the evidence for the purpose of making the classifications were defective; and finally, the notion that it is possible to make a valid determination as to how dangerous a person is in the abstract and without reference to time, environment, and other relevant circumstances, is impractical, unwise, and dangerous.

For the foregoing reasons I am satisified that the adoption of this classification system was a mistake that should be rectified for the future. Accordingly, I direct that the classifications heretofore made should not be regarded as classifications of dangerousness or as a

100-39326

61 AUG 12 1943 195

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DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 RJH/DAS

determination of fact in any sense. In the future, they should not be used for any purpose whatsoever. Questions raised as to the status or activities of a particular person should be disposed of by consideration of all available information, but without reference to any classification heretofore made.

A copy of this memorandum should be placed in the file of each person who has hitherto been given a classification. In addition, each card upon which a classification appears should be stamped with the following language:

"THIS CLASSIFICATION IS UNRELIABLE. IT IS HEREBY CANCELLED, AND SHOULD NOT BE USED AS A DETERMINATION OF DANGEROUSNESS OR OF ANY OTHER FACT. (SEE MEMORANDUM OF JULY 16, 1943 FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO HUGH B. COX AND J. EDGAR HOOVER)."

Attorney General

RWB:LVO

100-39326

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 B24/Dgs

Date: September 23, 1943

To: SAC - New York City

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY

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A review of the case file on this subject indicates that her citizenship status has not yet been determined, it being noted that she was residing in London, England prior to 1922. The Bureau has noted that she has written an autobiography entitled "Music at Midnight" and in all probability this book will set forth the date and place of her birth. Should the autobiography not contain this information it is suggested that a lead be set forth for the Boston Office to attempt to verify the information contained in the report of Special Agent [redacted] made at Chicago, Illinois, under date of August 2, 1943, which indicated that she comes from a wealthy old family of Milton, Massachusetts.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Hendon
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Mumford
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

28 SEP 25 1943

LVO

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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100-39326-14

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
SEP 24 1943
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RWB:vj
100-39326

February 3, 1944

SAC, New York

MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

It was pointed out in Bureau letter dated September 23, 1943, that this subject's citizenship status has not yet been determined.

You are instructed to follow the suggestions contained in the Bureau's letter of September 23, 1943, to obtain this information.

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Justice
New York, 7, New York

SJB:MB
100-14713

February 2, 1944.

Director, FBI

RE: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY (C)
(Bureau file 100-39326)

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated September 23, 1943, with regard to the captioned individual.

In connection with information desired to be maintained as current for purposes of a security index card maintained on this individual, please be advised that her present residence address is 440 East 58th Street, New York City.

This information is reflected through investigation in this Field Division, which is presently in the process of being reported, and further reflects that the subject moved to this address from 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, on August 7, 1943.

Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy

E.E. CONROY
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FOR VICTORY BUY UNITED STATES WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

Op. 19

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT: NEW YORK, NEW YORK NY FILE NO. 100-14713 MB

Report Made At	Date When Made	Period For Which Made	Report Made By
NEW YORK, NEW YORK	2/16/44	1/5,6,7,10,11 12,13/44	SAMUEL J. BEYHAN

Title	Character of Case
CHANGED: MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY (C)

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SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: KEY FIGURE

Subject's biographical sketch for her publishers states her birth to be 11/13/86 at Haverhill, Mass. and her return to the U.S. in May, 1914 after European residence since 1909. Musical source material reflects her husband (married 3/28/08 at Haverhill, Mass.) was born 11/29/86 in NYC and divorced by her in NYC 10/26/16. Further despite her 5/9/42 conversational reference to her English citizenship, of which Informant [redacted] is without information, subject registered as A.L.P. voter in NYC for 1942. Moved from 144 Lexington Avenue to 322 East 58th Street, NYC, where presently residing. Informants advise that Madam LITVINOV of Russian Embassy was told 12/8/41 that MURIEL of [redacted] ington Avenue, NYC, was blacklisted through so many Communist organizations; that CHARLOTTE HONIG of CP advised that subject had joined CP 1942; that subject was referred to as CP member at CP Branch meeting 4/23/42 and that she has consistently followed CP line. Additional information set out as to her continuing sponsorship of, lecturing for and connection with allegedly CP-dominated organizations, particularly AMERICAN COUNCIL ON SOVIET RELATIONS. Subject has stated, according to Informants, that Polish Government in exile represents aristocrats who kept Poles in subjection until rescue by Soviets. Description, lead for verification of birth and

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

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100-39326-17

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5 - Bureau (1 cc. D/R)
2 - Boston
2 - Washington
1 - [redacted]
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DCG:3 New York

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clarification of citizenship set out. (S)

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REFERENCE: (Bureau file 100-39326)
Bureau letter to New York dated September 23, 1943.
Report of Special Agent [redacted] dated August 2, 1943 at Chicago, Illinois.

DETAILS: AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

The title of this case is being marked changed to reflect subject's full name and her maiden surname as reflected in investigation covered by instant report.

MURIEL DRAPER, subject, is considered a key figure in connection with activities of the Communist Party within the territory of the New York Field Division, with particular reference to her position as a member of the NATIONAL BOARD OF THE LEAGUE OF AMERICAN WRITERS.

At the main building of the New York Public Library, it was ascertained that one Mrs. MURIEL GURDON DRAPER (Sanders) 1886- ____) was the author of the book, "Music at Midnight", published by Harper Bros., New York and London in 1929. It will be later noted that the MURIEL DRAPER of the AMERICAN COUNCIL ON SOVIET RELATIONS, Speakers Bureau, is described in literature of this Speakers Bureau, as author of "Music at Midnight". The book, "Music at Midnight", proved on inspection to be the author's recollections of London musical and literary personalities prior to the year 1914. The volume was dedicated "To my sons Paul and Sanders Draper."

In a brief foreword, the author remarks "The people and the events I write of in this book are part of my life." She refers to her husband, PAUL DRAPER, as a "voice pupil" of ISIDORE BRAGGROTTI during their residence in Florence, Italy from 1909 to 1911, on page nine. On page eighty-one, the author indefinitely makes reference to her American birth and on page eighty-seven, refers to her mother by the name SUSAN. The book indicates that the author returned to American from London in 1915, and further that RUTH DRAPER, actress-monologist, is her sister-in-law. The author refers to her childhood near the Merrimac River, which River is known to be near Haverhill, Massachusetts.

MURIEL DRAPER, as author, speaks of her son, PAUL, JR. and indicates that her second son was born in London during December of 1913. The author indicates that her family name was SANDERS on page 197 of

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this work and further that her husband was of American birth on page 225.

Inasmuch as PAUL DRAPER, subject's husband, was indicated to be a professional vocalist, the files of the Music Library were checked and found to provide information concerning his personal history and that of his wife. The clipping contained in this file and taken from the February 1, 1911 issue of "Musical Courier", reflected that PAUL DRAPER was born in New York City on November 29, 1886. The additional clipping, contained in this same file, under the name PAUL DRAPER, and stated to have been obtained from the April 1, 1916 issue of "Musical America", refledted that PAUL DRAPER, tenor of 24 East 55th Street, New York City, was sued for divorce in the Supreme Court by Mrs. MURIEL G. DRAPER, member of a prominent Haverhill, Massachusetts family.

A clipping contained in this file, and indicated to have been taken from the January 13, 1915 edition of "Town Topics", reflected that PAUL DRAPER married EDITH WILLIAMS in May of 1920 and was thereupon offered congratulations by Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, his former wife. The item further refers to sons of PAUL DRAPER, who were then living with Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER on East 99th Street, while MURIEL was busy in her work as an interior decorator.

An undated and unreferenced newspaper clipping, maintained in this same New York public library file, records that PAUL DRAPER died at the age of thirty-nine at 147 East 61st Street; that he was the son of Doctor WILLIAM H. DRAPER and RUTH DANA and that he had two sons, PAUL DRAPER, JR. and SANDERS DRAPER.

The International Cyclopidia of Music and Musicians, published by DODD MEAD, 1943 Edition, lists under PAUL DRAPER - died N.Y. February 15 1925, the fact that this individual was an American tenor and that he studied at Harvard for a year and then went to Europe in 1909 to study piano at the Royal Academy of Music in Munich. This biographical sketch relative to PAUL DRAPER further reflects that this person studied singing with BRAGGROTTI in Florence and with ZUR MUHLEN in London and that he later appeared as a vocalist in New York and London recitals and as a soloist with the Boston Symphony Orachestra and the Philadelphia Orchestra.

The records of the New York County Supreme Court m[illegible] in the Hall of Records, New York City, reflected that MURIEL DRAPER of 116 East 57th Street, New York City, received final judgement on her action for divorce from PAUL DRAPER October 27, 1916 and that this judgement was filed October 28, 1916. It was indicated by the record of this divorce proceeding that MURIEL DRAPER had married at Trinity Church, Haverhill,

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Massachusetts on March 28, 1908 and that the couple had two children, PAUL NATHAN SALTONSTALL DRAPER, born October 25, 1909 and RAYMOND SANDERS DRAPER, born December 25, 1913. It was ascertained that the record of this proceeding did not reflect any information as to subject's birth place or as to her citizenship.

The records of the New York Public Library checked January 6, 1943 also reflected that DRAPER, MURIEL GURDON (Sanders) 1886 _____) was author of an introduction to "Born to Be", by GORDON TAYLOR, (colored). It was ascertained that this literary work was an autobiography record published by COVICI FRIEDE, New York, in 1939. It was further ascertained that this introduction written by MURIEL DRAPER, contained no information pertinent to instant investigation.

On January 19, 1944, Miss FLASHANER of the General Book Department of Harper Bros., 49 East 33rd Street, New York City, made available an undated one and a half page memorandum by which MURIEL DRAPER had informed the publishers of "Biographical data" concerning herself. This memorandum stated that the author of, "Music At Midnight" had been born November 13, 1886 in Haverhill, Massachusetts and that the only schools she had attended were Burnham Public Schools and Haverhill High School, which latter she left at the age of fourteen on the request of her teachers. She stated that she had studied French for two years on thus leaving school, and then went abroad at the age of seventeen (1903) with Mrs. WEBB and ELIZABETH CUMMINGS, returning at the age of nineteen (1905). Before another year had passed, according to the memorandum, she was back in Europe with her mother, Mrs. SUSAN BRADLEY SANDERS, who died in Sienna, Italy. Mrs. DRAPER stated in this memorandum that she then returned to Haverhill with her father, THOMAS SANDERS, and remained there until her marriage to PAUL DRAPER in 1909. She advised further that she went to Europe with her husband after her marriage and returned in May of 1914 with sons PAUL, born in Florence in 1910, and SANDERS born in London in 1913. She further advised her publishers that her father had died during her life abroad, but after spending six months with a brother in Haverhill on her 1914 return, she came to New York, divorced PAUL DRAPER, and began to work for her living. For two years, she stated, she worked in decorating the JAMES DEERING HOUSE in Miami, Florida, and on its completion started her own decorating business in New York City.

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Under date of May 14, 1942, Special Agent [redacted] (A) of the New York Field Division, advised that on May 9, 1942, in conducting an investigation in another matter, contacted subject at her 144 Lexington Avenue residence. Agent [redacted] has advised that on this occasion he was conducted to the drawing room of this establishment by

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a maid and that during his wait for subject's appearance, was interested in the baroque furnishings of the residence. Agent [redacted] advised that he noticed beautifully bound three-volume edition of the "Constitution of the Soviet Republic" in prominent display and that he also noticed an ivory and gold map of the Soviet Republic. A book cabinet, included in the furnishings of subject's residence, contained, according to Agent [redacted] vuliminous Communistic literature.

Under questioning as to the subject of an unrelated investigation, subject, according to Agent [redacted] claimed English citizenship and further stated that she had two sons, who were presently in the Royal Air Force.

Special Agent [redacted] obtained the description of person he so interviewed, MURIEL DRAPER, ascertained from her residence to be identical with subject, which description is being set forth later in this report.

Confidential Informant [redacted] contacted by Special Agent [redacted] of the New York Field Division on January 10, 1944, advised that subject's name appeared on a list of members of the Communist Party, which was obtained in 1941, and further that she was connected with the following organizations on the indicated dates:

(S)

American Rescue Ship Mission - 2/5/41
American Writers Congress - June, 1941
Sponsor for the Fifth National Conference of the American Committee for Protection of the Foreign Born - March, 1941

[redacted] advised that no other record was available to him under subject's name or under her full name, together with descriptive information as available in this report, particularly no information as to subject's possible acceptance of British citizenship as indicated by subject in conversation with Special Agent [redacted] on May 9, 1942 was available.

On January 11, 1944 Special Employee Investigator [redacted] of the New York Field Division ascertained that no record existed at the New York Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, 70 Columbus Avenue, as to subject's re-entry into the United States during 1914 from England possibly as a British subject.

On January 5, 1944, it was ascertained through the re[cords] of United States Post Office, Station "F", 221 East 34th Street, New [York] City, that MURIEL DRAPER, formerly of 144 Lexington Avenue, had, on [Dec.] 7, 1943, changed her mailing address to 322 East 58th Street, New [York]

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The reporting agent ascertained that the name MURIEL DRAPER was attached to one of ten mail boxes maintained in the foyer of the apartment building at 322 East 58th Street, New York City. On the basis of comments as to the reliability and the volubility of the Superintendent of this building, and of its tenants, such comments being made by Confidential Informant T-1, inquiries of these persons were not deemed advisable.

Confidential Informant T-1 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was presently residing, apparently alone, and receiving a large quantity of mail at 322 East 58th Street. Informant T-1 stated that much of this mail appeared to be literature from various associations and that he had particularly noticed literature from the Soviet Embassy being delivered to the subject. The apartment buildings 320 and 322 East 58th Street, were ascertained to be cared for by the same superintendent, one REMGAZZR, with whom Informant T-1 was acquainted, and thereby able to advise that an apartment in 320 East 58th Street had recently been occupied by a friend of subject's, one MARTIN J. BERGEN, together with another man by the name of NILSON. Informant T-1 advised that BERGEN had moved to 3 Riverview Terrace, New York City, and that a Miss NATION LIVINGSTON WATERBURY now occupied the apartment, which he and NILSON had formerly leased.

The indices of the New York Field Division reflect no information relative to the name MARTIN J. BERGEN. b2 b7D

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised on January 5, 1944 that MURIEL DRAPER of 322 East 58th Street, New York, New York subscribed to the unlisted telephone EL 5-3965 at this residence.

On January 7 and January 10, 1944, the following information concerning one MURIEL DRAPER, indicated to be identical with the subject, was ascertained from consolidated lists of registered voters for the indicated years and from voting registration lists of particular election districts as noted obtained through the New York City Board of Elections for Manhattan. Subject was not indicated as having registered for voting during 1943, but records of the 29th Election District, 10th Assembly District, reflect that subject registered on October 10, 1942 under the American Labor Party as a resident of 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, stating her age as fifty-five; her period of residence in the State and County as twenty-five years, in the election district as five years, and claiming United States birth and, therefore, United States citizensh MURIEL DRAPER stated further on occasion of this registration that she w married and that she had voted in 1941 from the same address. It was ascertained that subject had registered under the Democratic Party fr Lexington Avenue address in 1938 and in 1937, giving her occupation

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earlier year as that of "writer", and her previous voting address as 971 First Avenue, New York City. It was ascertained that subject registered under the Democratic Party during 1936 from Apartment 1-A of this First Avenue address, stating that she was unemployed and had previously voted from 312 East 53rd Street in 1932. Her 1932 registration was ascertained to be under the Socialist Party and at this time she advised that she previously voted in 1928 from 20 East 40th Street, and was self-employed at 312 East 53rd Street. She also stated her United States birth on the occasion of this 1932 registration as deciding citizenship and advised that she had resided in the State and County for seventeen years, thereby confirming information as to her return to the United States in 1914. She further stated her age as forty-five years, confirming information as to the year of her birth as being 1886 or 1887. It should be noted that during 1932 and 1936 members of the Communist Party were in a position to register as such in voting within New York State. It was further ascertained that proof of subject's claim to nativeborn citizenship would not have been required and that record of such proof would not have been maintained in connection with her first New York City voting registration.

Information of the Alien Squad New York Police Department reflects that greetings were extended to the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee by one MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with the subject, on August 4, 1940.

Information of Special Squad No. 1, New York City Police Department reflects that as of October 22, 1940, subject's name appeared on a list of speakers maintained in the offices of the AMERICAN PEACE MOBILIZATION in New York. This source further reflected that one MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with the subject, was listed as a member of the National Committee for Peoples Rights as of December 2, 1940.

Confidential Informant N, whose identity is known to the Bureau, under date of December 3, 1941, has advised that subject was a member of the UNITED AMERICAN-SPANISH AID COMMITTEE.

Confidential Informant T-3 has advised that on December 8, 1941, MADAM LITVINOV, wife of the Russian Ambassador, inquired of her and of a woman, whom Informant believed to be a Mrs. ZELLA C. BRYANT of 169[illegible] 31st Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. with regard to "MURIEL". The woman whom Informant thought to be Mrs. BRYANT, said that MURIEL was [illegible] list" through joining so many Communist organizations. This woman according to Informant, was able to supply Madam LITVINOV with "MURIEL's"

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address, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City when Madam Litvinov expressed a desire to write to the person of whom they were talking. It is noted that subject's address at the time of this conversation, was 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, and on the basis of the identical first name, together with this fact, it is believed that the person who was discussed was, in fact, the subject.

Confidential Informant [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau, advised Special Agent [redacted] of the New York Field Division on January 13, 1944 that he had been informed by CHARLOTTE HONIG, known to him as a waterfront organizer of the New York State Communist Party, that MURIEL DRAPER and CORLISS LAMONT joined the Communist Party at about the same time. Informant [redacted] advised that to his recollection his conversation with HONIG took place about two years ago (1942) and further that he was under the impression that HONIG was referring to a then recent joining of the Party by DRAPER and LAMONT. [redacted] further advised that he was convinced of subject's Communist Party connection from the fact that she loaned the use of her house at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, for purpose of the ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE and for gatherings of the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE. [redacted] also stated that subject had been quite active with the AMERICAN PEACE MOBILIZATION, is presently active with the NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR SOVIET-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP and that she has consistently followed the Communist Party line. [redacted] stated that subject's son, PAUL DRAPER, was not a Communist Party member. He stated that he was unable to advise as to whether subject was or ever had been a British citizen.

MURIEL DRAPER, described as a "writer" is reflected in the records of Special Squad No. 1, New York City Police Department, as having been a member of the SCHAPPES' DEFENSE COMMITTEE, 114 East 16th Street, New York City.

Information of Special Squad 1, New York Police Department reflects that as of June 14, 1942, one MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with subject, was a speaker at a Win the War Rally held at Manhattan Center.

Information of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department reflects sponsorship on the part of one MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with the subject, of the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE, 425 Fourth Avenue, New York City, as of July 22, 1942.

Confidential Informant T-3 has stated that on September 29 1942, SOPHIE AMES of the New York Chapter of the AMERICAN COUNCIL ON SOVIET

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RELATIONS, 112 East 19th Street, New York City, advised BLACY MEYERS of the National Maritime Union, in his presence, that speaking for MURIEL DRAPER regarding a letter proposed by MEYERS to be sent out in behalf of the COUNCIL, that DRAPER wanted MEYERS to know that there would be a conference on that day. An invitation to attend a dinner sponsored by the COUNCIL ON SOVIET RELATIONS on the following Friday was also extended to MEYERS, together with JOE KERN and LEO HUBERMAN in behalf of MURIEL DRAPER.

Under the heading, "Pay Tribute to Soviets" it was stated in the November 7, 1942 issue of the "Daily Worker" that at the request of the Worker many prominent persons here and abroad sent in greetings to the Soviet Union upon the occasion of the Union's twenty-fifth anniversary. The editors of the "Daily Worker" were stated to have taken the opportunity of publishing some of these statements in that day's special edition of this newspaper. The statement attributed to MURIEL DRAPER, described as "writer" and so published is quoted as follows:

> "The people of the Soviet Union have been on the march for a quarter of a century. We do well to celebrate the day that marks the beginning of their great achievements.
>
> The men, women and children of that ever-loved land have been winning victories over the unarmed enemies of mankind - ignorance, fear, injustice and greed - every hour of every day for these twenty-five years, and now they are fighting the armed enemy of us all, the Fascist military forces and the evil they represent.
>
> This enemy, too, they will vanquish and we, the people of America, will join with them in the favorable battle and win with them the freedoms of world civilization it is our right to create."

Information of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department reflects membership as of December 22, 1942 on the part of MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with the subject, on the Board of Directors of the New York Council on AMERICAN SOVIET RELATIONS, which is stated to be an affiliate of the AMERICAN COUNCIL ON SOVIET RELATIONS, 112 East 19th Street, New York City.

As reflected by the "Daily Worker" issue of February 6, 1943, MURIEL DRAPER of New York City, described as an author, was listed among the signers of a statement denouncing the Dies Committee and asking for its abolition.

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Confidential Informant T-4 has advised that the Saturday forum luncheon group in its program for February, 1943, included for February 20th, a program of "Cultural Contributions of the Jew" at which Dr. LEWIS A. WARSOFF, of Brooklyn College, was scheduled as the speaker, and MURIEL DRAPER, described as author and lecturer , as Chairman. With regard to this group, Informant T-4 stated that it was the time meeting weekly at 1:15 P.M. in the Blue Room of 634 Madison Avenue, and further that MURIEL DRAPER was included among a list of seven sponsors of the group, which list also included ANGELO HERNDON.

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Confidential Informant [redacted] reported on March 7, 1943 that he had attended a party that day given for the Executive Staff of the Committee on Friendship Between the United States and the U.S.S.R., at the home of REGINA WILSON, 321 West 83rd Street. Informant [redacted] advised that MURIEL DRAPER was included among some fifty guests, which additionally included CORLISS LAMONT, THOMAS HARRIS, HELEN BRYANT and others.

On March 14, 1943, Informant [redacted] reported his attendance at a party of DOROTHY SHERTAK's home, 36 East 9th Street, held by the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE. The purpose of this party was to raise funds for the release of prisoners held in North Africa. MURIEL DRAPER was among the guests according to [redacted] as were MAX YERGAN, HELEN BRYANT and others

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[redacted] reported on March 26, 1943 that he attended a cocktail party at the home of MURIEL DRAPER, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, held by the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE of which MURIEL DRAPER, according to this Informant, is a member. This party was also for the purpose of raising funds for liberation of the North African prisoners according to Informant, who described DRAPER as evidently a wealthy woman who devotes all of her time and money to service on this and other Committees. Among other guests at this party, according to Informant, were MAX YERGAN, HELEN BRYANT and CHARLOTTE HONIG.

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Confidential Informant [redacted] on May 1, 1943, advised that while he was attending a Committee meeting of the COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET RELATIONS, and among a group consisting of MURIEL DRAPER, CHARLOTTE HONIG, Mr. and Mrs. SAM LAVIN, REGINA WILSON, MURIEL SAMUELSON and others, a discussion arose about the Polish situation. Informant stated that the opinion of the above group as expressed at this time was that a Polish government would be set up by the people of Poland who are now under the protection of the Soviet Union. MURIEL DRAPER, at this time, stated, according to Informant [redacted] that the Polish Government in exile did not speak for the millions of Polish people. DRAPER further stated at this time, as reported by [redacted] that the Polish Government in exile represents the

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wealthy and consists of the aristocrats who had kept the Polish people subjected until these people were rescued by the Soviet Union.

Confidential Informant [redacted] on May 8, 1943 reported his attendance at a party at the home of Dr. MAXWELL MALTZ, 57 West 57th Street, which party was given to raise funds for the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE, of which Dr. and Mrs. MALTZ were members. Informant [redacted] reported that guests at this party included MURIEL DRAPER and HELEN BRYANT.

In the "Daily Worker" issue of July 5, 1943, as MURIEL DRAPER of New York City, a writer and speaker, the subject was reported to be among the signers of a statement issued through the NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP. This statement charged that the criticism by a Committee of 66 directed against the film "Mission to Moscow" is a "distinct disservice to the cause of American-Soviet unity during the war and afterwards." This statement noted that the statement "of the 66 Americans takes exception to this film on the grounds of alleged historical inaccuracy."

Confidential Informant N, whose identity is known to the Bureau, under date of October 19, 1942, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a speaker for the AMERICAN COUNCIL ON SOVIET RELATIONS in literature of this organization. Further, according to this source, this Council described MURIEL DRAPER as having travelled extensively in Europe, as having spent considerable time in the Soviet Union, and as being the author of "Music at Midnight", as well as of many articles.

Confidential Informant N additionally stated that MURIEL DRAPER had been associated with the AMERICAN PEACE MOBILIZATION and with the Mid-Town Manhattan Citizens Committee to Defend Free Public Education.

Confidential Informant T-5 advised that from a table for the sale of literature at the American Soviet War Exhibit at the New York Museum of Science and Industry at Rockefeller Plaza, on the occasion of his September 4, 1943 visit, he obtained a pamphlet entitled, "Hear About the U.S.S.R.", published by the NATIONAL COUNCIL ON AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP. This pamphlet explained the organization to those interested in securing a speaker on Russian topics. The Speakers Bureau of the NATIONAL COUNCIL ON AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP listed as a speaker of this Bureau, among others, MURIEL DRAPER described as music and dramatic critic.

In the "Daily Worker" of October 2, 1943, it is re five prominent New York women declared their intention of voting "

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for BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, JR. and of becoming sponsors of the HARLEM LADIES ELECTION CAMPAIGN. This information was credited by the "Daily Worker" to the announcement of the Citizens Non-Partisan Committee to elect BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, JR. to the City Council. As reported by the newspaper article, the women in question were THRYA EDWARDS, General Manager of the "Peoples Voice", DOROTHY BREWSTER, educator, Mrs. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, MURIEL DRAPER, author, and Mrs. TEDDY WILSON, wife of the pianist.

The following Confidential National Defense Informants were contacted by Special Agent [redacted] on the following dates, relative to the identity and activity of the subject, without resultant information:

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[redacted] 1/11/44
1/12/44
1/12/44
1/13/44

A review of letterheads, pamphlets and miscellaneous publications maintained by the New York Field Division additionally reflects one MURIEL DRAPER, believed identical with the subject, to possess or to have possessed the following connections:

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE - National Committee Member - 1942
ARTISTS FRONT TO WIN THE WAR - Sponsor, 1942
UNITED NATIONS IN AMERICA, Dinner given by AMERICAN COMMITTEE TO PROTECT THE FOREIGN BORN - Sponsor, 1943
PROGRESSIVE COMMITTEE TO REBUILD THE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY - Executive Committee
NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR PEOPLES RIGHTS - the publication "News You Don't Get".

The following sources were checked for information relative to the subject, with negative results:

"Who's Who" - 1936-1941
"Who's Who in New York" - 1924 and 1938
"American Women" - 1939-1940

A thirty-day mail cover was placed on the subject on Febr. 2, 1944.

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The following description of the subject was obtained by Special Agent [redacted] on May 9, 1942, and is supplemented by information gained from various sources mentioned in this report:

Name	MURIEL DRAPER, alias Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper (nee Sanders)
Race	White
Sex	Female
Citizenship	U.S. (to be verified)
Address	322 East 58th Street, N.Y.C. since 8/7/43
Previous address	144 Lexington Avenue, N.Y.C.
Age	57
Born	11/13/86 at Haverhill, Mass.
Height	5'8"
Weight	145 lbs.
Hair	Blonde - possibly dyed
Eyes	Gray
Build	Medium
Complexion	Fair
Peculiarities	English accent
Education	Burnham public schools; Haverhill High School, Haverhill, Mass. (1900)
Occupation	Writer, interior decorator
Marital Status	Divorced
Relatives	Mother - SUSAN BRADDLEY SANDERS, deceased Father - THOMAS SANDERS, believed deceased Son - PAUL NATHAN SALTONSTALL DRAPER, dancer Son - RAYMOND SANDERS DRAPER
Criminal Record	No record as of October, 1941, N.Y. Police Department Photograph (1939) maintained in N.Y. File.

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UNDEVELOPED LEADS

BOSTON FIELD DIVISION

At Haverhill, Massachusetts - Will attempt to verify subject's indicated birth 11/13/86 as claimed in biographical sketch of her publisher. It should be noted in this connection that subject's parents were SUSAN BRADLEY SANDERS and THOMAS SANDERS. In the event of failure in this attempt will obtain information on subject's birth as given in connection with her marriage to PAUL DRAPER which took place March 28, 1908 at Trinity Church, Haverhill, Massachusetts.

WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION

At Washington, D.C. - Will, in view of subject's reference to her English citizenship, in conversation with Special Agent [redacted] (A), on May 9, 1942, ascertain at the Passport Division of the Department of State, whether subject returned to the United States in May of 1914 from London, England as a British subject or as a United States citizen.

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

At New York, New York - Will report the results of the thirty-day mail cover placed on subject.

Will follow and report further activities on the part of the subject.

In view of the information mentioned in instant report, it is not deemed practicable nor advisable to handle the investigative interview suggested by the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated April 14, 1943 at New York, New York toward the location and interview of Mrs. DE WITT WALSH and PAUL CHALFEN, reportedly former employers of subject during 1914.

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NY 100-14713

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Confidential Informant T-1	U.S.Post Office Carrier, [redacted] Route 9, Grand Central Station,U.S.P.O., New York City
Confidential Informant T-2	N.Y. letter to the Bureau dated May 25, 1943 referring to a letter of the Washington Field Division to the Bureau dated January 16, 1943, entitled, "MURIEL DRAPER, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City".
Confidential Informant T-3	[redacted] contained in report of Special Agent [redacted] dated 11/3/42 "NATIONAL MARITIME UNION OF AMERICA, INTERNAL SECURITY (C)"
Confidential Informant T-4	Report of weekly conference of ONI, G2 and FBI (2/12/43) (N.Y.File 66-1283, Conf.2/12/43).
Confidential Informant T-5	Information reported in report of Special Agent [redacted] dated 10/21/43, "NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC. INTERNAL SECURITY (C)" (N.Y.File 100-7518-212, page 16)

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b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, N. Y. FILE NO. 100-15582

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
WASHINGTON, D. C.	3/2/44	2/24,29/44	JPO:MPC

TITLE
MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper nee Sanders.

CHARACTER OF CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY (C)

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject issued emergency passport in England on May 29, 1915, as an American citizen. b2

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent SAMUEL J. BEYHAN dated February 16, 1944, at New York, N. Y.

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Confidential National Defense Informant [redacted], whose identity is known to the Bureau, advised that the records of the State Department reflect that the subject was issued emergency passport No. 5572 in England on May 29, 1915. The evidence of American citizenship which the subject exhibited at the time she applied for this passport is ambiguous. It is noted as follows: "Identifying data submitted: Letter from 'Higginson' signed by R. GRANT; also daily mail stating citizenship."

b2

Confidential National Defense Informant [redacted] was unable to ascertain exactly what was meant by the above quotation or what evidence of American citizenship was contemplated by it. He advised, however, that in view of the fact that subject had been issued an American passport the State Department must have been satisfied at the time as to the status of her citizenship.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
		100-39326-18	RECORDED & INDEXED

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DIO, 3 ND;
D. of I., 2SC)
2 - Washington Field

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EX-14

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7—2034

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, N.Y.

FILE NO. 100-14,551 WMB

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
BOSTON, MASS.	3-10-44	3-2,3-44	b6 b7C

TITLE
MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper (nee Sanders)

CHARACTER OF CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

KEY FIGURE

Subject's birth verified at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Subject's father was backer of Alexander Graham Bell in the telephone business. Subject's brother, NATHANIEL S. H. SANDERS, presently living at Largo, Florida.

R U C

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent SAMUEL J. BEYHAN, New York, N.Y. dated February 16, 1944

DETAILS: Subject's name appears on the Key Figure List of the New York Field Division.

AT HAVERHILL, MASS.

Mr. BERNARD DONAHUE, City Clerk, made available the records of his office showing that a delayed entry had been made as of June 5, 1922, showing the birth of MURIEL GURDON SANDERS (female) born November 13, 1886 at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Subject's father's name was listed as THOMAS, and her mother's name was listed as SUZAN B. (HOWE). Birthplace of father was given as Salem, Massachusetts, and that of the mother was given as Boston.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-18-82 BY SP4 Bjm/pas

Mr. DONAHUE also showed thewriter "Disposition #399" regarding delayed return of birth of Subject. This affadavit was acknowledged by NATHANIEL S. H. SANDERS,

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		100-3-7321-19	RECORDED & INDEXED

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2 - Boston

51 MAR 21 1944

COPY IN FILE

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7—2034

brother of MURIEL GURDON SANDERS, made before the City Clerk, June 5, 1922, at Haverhill, Mass. The failure to record was noted as "Physicians Negligence". The affadavit was sttested by WILLIAM W. ROBERTS, City Clerk. Mr. DONAHUE also showed the writer the records regarding the Subject's marriage to PAUL DRAPER of New York. It was noted that the date of this marriage was on March 28, 1909 and not March, 1908 as set out in referenced report.

Lt. Lagasse, Haverhill Police Department, advised that he had been in constant communication with the Subject's brother NATHANIEL S. H. SANDERS, whose present address is Box 122, Largo, Florida. Lt. Lagasse states that Mr. SANDERS is not in very good health at the present time and is unable to take care of the old family estate in Haverhill. He states that he has not heard any derogatory information regarding the family with the exception that they were considered eccentric by the local community. Lt. Lagasse stated that the SANDERS estate has not been occupied for the past three years, and that they have had a number of breaks and that the place had been ransacked by children. He stated that he would be very glad to have the writer go with him to make a check of the property which they have been making on different occasions to ascertain whether or not valuables had been taken from time to time.

The writer accompanied Lt. Lagasse and Inspector LONG to the SANDERS estate on the morning of March 3, 1944. This estate consists of about thirty-five rooms and contains three or four libraries with thousands of books. Due to the lighting conditions a thorough check could not be made relative to any Communistic literature in the various libraries. However, of the books that were noted none appeared to pertain to subversive activities.

Lt. LAGASSE stated that the SANDERS made their money in the telephone business. He said that the Subject's father was the backer of ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL, Inventor of the telephone.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION
TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN.

RWB:AKR

SAC, NEW YORK

March 25, 1944

J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

For your information in connection with the investigation of the above-captioned individual the Office of Censorship has advised the Bureau that the following cable was sent from Mrs. Muriel Draper, 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, to Jesus Hernandez Tomas, in Moscow, Russia, in November of 1942:

"Glad to be one of those American citizens endorsing your trip to Mexico through the United States so that you and your wife Pilar Boves and Secretary Anton Sanz Pascual may reach Mexico for which country you have entry visas as promptly as possible. I was born in New York City and reside at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City. If you need further information please cable me."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/76 BY SP4 BMP/AB

RECORDED & INDEXED 150

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 12
MAR 27 1944 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

100-37324-20
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 29 1944
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 25 1944 4:42 PM
FBI - NEW YORK READING ROOM

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Coffey
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Acers
Carson
Harbo
Hendon
Mumford
Starke
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

21 APR 1 1944

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OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CABLE CENSORSHIP

STATION NO.: NY 665,301

TYPIST:	SERIAL NO.:	FILE	COPY DATE:	CENSOR'S ACTION:
	0047-30 RCAC	11-	12-11/42	PASS P 6

ACCOUNTING AND MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

REFER NO.: CNY 171, 152 CCC

CCC NO.: 179, 584

PREAMBLE:
NEW YORK 29 NLT

TO:
JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS F.B.I. WATCH LIST
POST OFFICE BOX 356 (OR 350)
MOSCOW (U.S.S.R.) (VIA RCA)

LIST: NSL

FROM:
MRS. MURIEL DRAPER
144 LEXINGTON AVENUE
(CA 5-3459)

LIST: NSL

DR USE ONLY | LOCAL DISTRIBUTION: | LIST: | LANGUAGE:

P d 4

GLAD TO BE ONE OF THOSE AMERICAN CITIZENS ENDORSING YOUR TRIP TO MEXICO THROUGH THE UNITED STATES SO THAT YOU AND YOUR WIFE PILAR BOVES AND SECRETARY ANTON SANZ PASCUAL MAY REACH MEXICO FOR WHICH COUNTRY YOU HAVE ENTRY VISAS AS PROMPTLY AS POSSIBLE. I WAS BORN IN NEW YORK CITY AND RESIDE AT 144 LEXINGTON AVENUE NEWYORKCITY. IF YOU NEED FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CABLE ME

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4B/AR/DAB
ON 9/18/96

INDEXED
1 52
3/25 Ltr Ack

100-39326-24
NOT RECORDED
29 MAR 28 1944

SECURITY DIVISION
-ROUTING-
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Alden
Mr. Carson
Mr. Dunham
Mr. Eaton
Mr. Little
Mr. Strickland
Mr. Timm
Mr. Welch

Form OC-108a

29 APR 1944

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attached information was taken from private communications, and its extremely confidential character must be preserved. The information must be confined only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it be widely distributed, or copies made, or the information used in legal proceedings or in any other public way without express consent of the Director of Censorship.

BYRON PRICE,
Director

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—36721-1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RWB:AKR

SAC, NEW YORK

March 30, 1944

J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

[redacted]

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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There are attached five photostatic copies of material recently received by the Bureau from the Office of Censorship relating to the efforts on the part of Jesus Hernandez Tomas and his party to obtain a transit visa to pass through the United States on their way from Russia to Mexico.

This material is furnished for your information in connection with your investigation of the individuals named in the censorship material. You will note that sufficient copies of the material have been submitted so one copy might be placed in the individual case files on [redacted] Muriel Draper, [redacted], and [redacted] Two copies have also been transmitted to the Portland Office for its information in connection with [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 Bill/Davis

Enclosure

cc - Portland (with enclosure)

[redacted]

100-39326-32

FEDERAL

APR 4 1944

U. S.

R 14 1944

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ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

100-7826-54-14
GEA:hjf

To: SAC, New York

May 17, 1944

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: MURIEL
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference is made to a letter from the Washington Field Division to the Bureau dated January 16, 1942 entitled, "Russian Activities; Espionage -R" setting forth information relative to one Muriel residing at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City, a copy of which letter was designated for the New York Office.

Referenced letter requested the New York Field Division to endeavor to ascertain the identity of the woman referred to as Muriel at 114 Lexington Avenue and to conduct an appropriate investigation as to her background and activities.

A review of the Bureau's files fails to disclose receipt of any information concerning Muriel from the New York Field Division. You are instructed to furnish appropriate identifying data concerning your reply to the referenced letter in order that the Bureau might locate it in its files.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 BM/Dad

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 15
MAY 17 1944 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED
100-393263-23
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 19 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Coffey
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Acers
Carson
Harbo
Hendon
Mumford
Starke
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

MAY 25 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
New York, New York

HVK:HGF
100-20575

May 24, 1944

Director, FBI

Re: MURIEL ----
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter of May 17, 1944 in which the Bureau referred to a letter from the Washington Field Division to the Bureau dated January 16, 1942 entitled "RUSSIAN ACTIVITIES; ESPIONAGE - R," setting forth information relative to the above individual residing at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

In accordance with the Bureau's request that this office furnish appropriate identifying data concerning the reply of the New York Office to the referenced letter, please be advised that under the caption "RUSSIAN ACTIVITIES; ESPIONAGE - R" this office on May 25, 1943 advised the Bureau and the Washington Field Division of the identity of MURIEL to the effect that the MURIEL mentioned is MURIEL DRAPER, the subject of New York File 100-14713.

Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy

E. E. CONROY
SAC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/96 BY SP4 BJM/ORS

RECORDED 100-39326-24
37 MAY 27 1944

FOR VICTORY BUY UNITED STATES WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

JUN 1 35

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, N. Y. NY FILE NO. 100-14713 GA

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK, N. Y.	7/7/44	6/21,27-29/44	SAMUEL J. BEYHAN

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY-C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

KEY FIGURE

During November, 1942 DRAPER cabled JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS, Communist Party leader and refugee in Moscow, endorsing his U.S. transit en route to Mexico. Minutes of executive 3/8/43 through 1/3/44 York Council of American Soviet Friendship term ending 10/22/44, participating in various committees investigating proposed organizational changes, drafting slate of officers and board members, and concerning membership. Also reflect her Chairmanship of Women's Committee of American Soviet Friendship, in which capacity she is indicated by informant to have solicited support of Women's Auxiliary of NMU. DRAPER entertained for LEAGUE OF AMERICAN WRITERS 2/21/44; was honored guest 3/12/44, in connection with Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee Fund Raising and spoke on "The individual in Soviet Culture" 3/19/44 in Washington, D. C.

P *

REFERENCE: Bureau File #100-39326.
Report of Special Agent Samuel J. Beyhan, February 16, 1944, New York, N. Y.

DETAILS: MURIEL DRAPER, subject, is considered a key figure with regard to the activities of the Communist Political Association within the territory of the New York Field Division.

According to Bureau advice of March 25, 1944 Confidential Informant T-1 informed that Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER of 144 Lexington Avenue, New

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: E. E. Conroy SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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100-39326-25

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22 JUL 10 1944

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3 - New York

55 OCT 18 1944 COPY R

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 7—2034

York City sent JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS in Moscow, USSR, the following cable message during November of 1942:

> "Glad to be one of those American citizens endorsing your trip to Mexico through the United States so that you and your wife, Pilar Boves and secretary, Anton Sanz Pascual, may reach Mexico, for which country you have entry visas, as promptly as possible. I was born in New York City and reside at 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City. If you need further information please cable me."

It is to be noted that it has been ascertained that MURIEL DRAPER was born on November 13, 1886 at Haverhill, Massachusetts and that this birth has been so verified by a check of public records.

Information furnished by Confidential Informant T-1 to the effect that JESUS HERNANDEZ TOMAS was associated with the Spanish Republic and travelling under transit visa through the United States. On departing this country at El Paso, Texas on an outbound Mexico City train on December 8, 1943 he carried this above quoted cable in his possession. T-1 further stated in this letter connection that HERNANDEZ, who with his wife, son, and secretary arrived in Portland, Oregon from Moscow after residence in the USSR for an extended period following the Spanish Civil War, also possessed, on this occasion, similar cables from DR. [redacted] RARSKY, PROFESSOR WALTER RAUTENSTRAUCH of Columbia University, and from Mrs. [redacted] FLEISHMAN. Information in the New York Field Division reflects that TOMAS was, at one time, Secretary of the Communist Party in Spain and as such associated with the Spanish Loyalist cause.

The minutes of the regular meeting of the Executive Board of the New York Council of American Soviet Friendship, which meeting was held on March 8, 1943, were obtained through Confidential Informant T-2, just prior to May 4, 1944. These minutes reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was among the Board members of this organization, was present at the meeting and further that a motion was made at this meeting, although not acted upon, that all Executive Board members were expected to assume responsibility for active work with one or another of the city wide committees or with one of the divisions of this organization. Further, according to these minutes, a motion was carried calling for a committee to be appointed to investigate and to bring in recommendations on the question of whether the New York Council of American Soviet Friendship should pay dues and be a dues paying membership organization. This committee, as appointed, was reflected by the minutes to include MURIEL DRAPER.

Except where otherwise needed Confidential Informant T-2 also made available prior to May 4, 1944, additional information gained from the minutes of the various meetings of the Board of the New York Council of Soviet American Friendship. An Executive Board meeting held on March 30, 1943 reflected that it was agreed that Professor HENRY PRATT FAIRCHILD, Chairman of the New York Council should send a letter to MURIEL DRAPER on behalf of the Executive Board expressing the Board's sorrow at the loss of DRAPER's son, who was killed in action with the R.A.F. It was later reflected by the minutes of an Executive Board meeting held on April 12, 1943, that this letter of condolence had been sent with reference to MURIEL DRAPER's younger son.

The minutes of the Executive Board meeting of the New York Council of American Soviet Friendship held on July 26, 1943 reflected MURIEL DRAPER's presence among the Board members and the fact that she was appointed to a committee considering reorganization.

The minutes of a Board meeting of this Council held on August 23, 1943 and another held on September 14, 1943 reflected, on each occasion, MURIEL DRAPER's presence as a member of the Board. On the occasion of the latter meeting the minutes further reflected that MURIEL DRAPER together with SAMUEL B. LEAVIN and THEODORE BAYER were appointed to a committee to draft a slate of officers and of Executive Board members, which slate was to be presented to the membership at the first annual meeting of the members of the newly formed corporation to be held on October 22, 1943. These minutes also reflected that MURIEL DRAPER reported orally on an unmentioned matter at this latter meeting.

The minutes of the October 11, 1943 Executive Board meeting reflected MURIEL DRAPER's presence as a member of the Board and the minutes of the October 22, 1943 Annual Meeting of the New York Council of American Soviet Friendship reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was elected to the Executive Board of this organization for the term of one year ending October 22, 1944.

A 3X5 card used by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship to make any records of its membership, was made available by Confidential Informant T-2 prior to May 4, 1944 and a photostatic copy thereof is being maintained as an exhibit in the files of the New York Field Division. This card reflects that MURIEL DRAPER of 322 East 58th Street, New York, New York, Telephone number ELdorado 5-3965, had paid annual dues of $5.00 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1944. This card, which is stamped with the date October 22, 1943, further reflected that these dues were paid on October 11, 1943.

The minutes of a December 1, 1943 meeting of the Executive Board of the New York Council of American Soviet Friendship reflected MURIEL DRAPER's presence as a Board member and further, in an outline of the Council's organization, presented at the meeting, reflected MURIEL DRAPER's

inclusion on the Membership Committee and her Chairmanship of the Women's Committee of this organization.

The minutes of an Executive Board meeting of the New York Council held on January 3, 1944 reflected MURIEL DRAPER's presence as a Board member and her appointment to a committee to investigate the possibilities of reorganization. This committee, as reflected by the minutes made available by Confidential Informant T-2, was to meet with Chairman Fairchild on January 7, 1944.

Through a 30 day cover placed on February 3, 1944, subject MURIEL DRAPER was ascertained to have received mail matter at 322 East 58th Street, New York City, from the following sources:

1. 1301 North State Parkway, Chicago, Illinois
2. Suite 1501, 192 Lexington Avenue, New York City. This address is reflected by information in the New York Field Division to be that of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.
3. 60 Lafayette Avenue, Northeast, Grand Rapids, Michigan.
4. JOHN U. ROOS, 208 East 50th Street, New York City.
5. 23 West 26th Street, New York City. This address is reflected by information in the New York Field Division to office the American Committee for Protection of a Foreign Board, The Council for Pan-American Democracy, and Council on African Affairs.
6. Information Bulletin, Embassy of Soviet Socialistic Republics, Washington, D. C.
7. People's Institute of Applied Science, 173 West 71st Street, New York City.
8. Artist League of America, 13 Astor Place, New York City.
9. New York State American Youth for Democracy, 13 Astor Place, New York City.
10. Citizens' Victory Committee for Harry Bridges, Room 770, 1775 Broadway, New York City.
11. Council Against Intolerance in America, 17 East 42nd Street, New York City.
12. Room 204, 112 East 19th Street, New York City. This address is reflected by information in the New York Field Division to be that of the American Council on Soviet Relations.

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[redacted] Confidential Informant [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau, advised on February 6, 1944, with regard to a then recent fund raising dinner held at the home of Dr. I. ENGEL KAUFMAN, 170 West 73rd Street, New York City, by the Women's Committee of Camp Wo-Chi-Ca. According to New York Field Division information this camp is maintained for children by the International Workers Order together with several Progressive Unions and is allegedly Communist dominated. MURIEL DRAPER

was said to be among attending guests at this affair by informant, who also stated that as a group the guests were of the opinion that the Soviet government would dictate the terms of world peace.

Confidential Informant T-3 advised that MURIEL DRAPER, whom he described as Secretary of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc., conferred with TERRY PENMAN-RIGGS of the National American Union on February 14, 1944 concerning a March 6 meeting of the Committee of Women at Carnegie Hall. According to informant DRAPER was soliciting support for the meeting and wanted the Women's Auxiliary of NMU to assist in the sale of tickets. This informant also advised that MURIEL DRAPER advised RIGGS on February 15, 1944 that she would arrange to appear at NMU Offices in New York City on the following day concerning this matter. With regard to this informant's characterization of MURIEL DRAPER as Chairman of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, it is to be noted that recent information in the New York Field Division strongly indicates that the New York Council has merged itself into the National organization.

Confidential Informant T-4, just prior to May 11, 1944, made available a memorandum from EDWIN S. SMITH, Executive Director of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc., which memorandum was addressed to 25 persons believed to be members of the staff of the national organization. MURIEL DRAPER was among those so addressed and the memorandum itself related to the Red Army Day Dinner and to the Women's Day Meeting, which affairs were to be held in February and March of 1944.

A seating diagram covering the dinner in tribute to the Red Army held on the occasion of the 26th Anniversary of Red Army Day, February 21, 1944 at the Hotel Commodore, New York City, reflects MURIEL DRAPER's presence at this affair.

The February 20, 1943 issue of the "Daily Worker" on page 7 indicated in a brief social item that MURIEL DRAPER was giving a cocktail party for members of the League of American Writers on the afternoon of February 21, 1944, at her home 144 Lexington Avenue, New York City. It was further stated that PABLO NERUEA, the Chilean poet and BERTHOLD BRECHT, a German dramatist, would be guests of honor at this affair. Confidential Informant N, whose identity is known to the Bureau, reportedly, relative to this above item, under date of March 3, 1944, stated that BERTHOLD BRECHT had been closely associated with German Communist intellectuals and was a contributor to the magazine "Soviet Russia Today".

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NY 100-14713

Confidential Informant [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau, advised that he had attended, on March 12, 1944, a tea honoring MURIEL DRAPER held in the home of Dr. and Mrs. S. Z. LEVINE, 271 Central Park West, New York City. Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that MURIEL DRAPER was present on this occasion and further that some $1200 was collected from the assembled guests and turned over to the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

Confidential Informant T-5 advised, under date of May 8, 1944, concerning a series of forums which had been held at the King-Smith Studiohouse, 1708 S Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C. T-5 advised that one of these forums, which had been scheduled for March 19, 1944 involved a discussion of the role of "The Individual in Soviet Culture" by MURIEL DRAPER. DRAPER was described, relative to this matter, as being Chairman of the Women's Committee of the League of American Soviet Friendship.

On June 27, 1944 Mrs. BERTOLLI, who resides with her father, one REGAZZI, Superintendent of the buildings at 318,320 and 322 East 58th Street, New York City, was interviewed under pretext. With regard to Mrs. DRAPER, Mrs. BERTOLLI stated that this person occupies Apartment 2 West in the building at 322 East 58th Street and is the sole occupant of this six room apartment. Mrs. BERTOLLI stated that a negro maid is engaged by Mrs. DRAPER but that the maid does not spend her evenings on the premises. Further, according to Mrs. BERTOLLI, Mrs. DRAPER possessed such a quantity of furniture on moving from her former residence during August of 1943 that she also leased Apartment 3 East of the building at 320 East 58th Street, furnished this latter apartment, and sub-leased it on a furnished basis. Mrs. BERTOLLI advised that Mrs. DRAPER has had a series of individuals who have sub-leased this latter apartment at 320 East 58th Street and that at the present time the apartment was vacant. Mrs. BERTOLLI stated that to her observation Mrs. DRAPER had very few visitors, appeared to be independently wealthy, and was not currently engaged in any occupation. Mrs. BERTOLLI advised that MURIEL DRAPER handled rent bills directly with the real estate agent for the apartment buildings, JOHN J. FITTER COMPANY, of 302 West 46th Street, New York, New York.

Mrs. BERTOLLI had agreed to make such inquiry as would enable her to advise agent of MURIEL DRAPER's banking connections but on recontact on June 29, 1944, it was ascertained that Mrs. BERTOLLI was unable to obtain this information.

WALTER WILSON of the JOHN J. FITTER COMPANY, was interviewed in his office at 302 West 46th Street, on June 29, 1944 and advised on this occasion that MURIEL DRAPER had occupied the apartments in 322 and in 320 East 58th Street since August 1, 1943 at a monthly rental of $45.00 for each apartment. Mr. WILSON stated, when interviewed under pretext, that Mrs. DRAPER had usually paid the rentals to his company for these

apartments by use of a check drawn on another individual's account. WILSON stated that for quite an extended period he had received an $80.00 check plus $10.00 in cash each month from Mrs. DRAPER and that the check was obviously that of the tenant leasing the apartment in 320 East 58th Street, which Mrs. DRAPER had furnished. Mr. WILSON, who stated that he handled personal contacts for his firm with Mrs. DRAPER, also advised that Mrs. DRAPER did not pursue any occupation and that he was without information as to her activities. Mr. WILSON furnished specimens of subject's handwriting.

PENDING

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION:

At New York, N. Y. - Will follow and report the continued activities of subject.

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent Samuel J. Beyhan, dated July 7, 1944 at New York, N. Y. are as follows:

T-1- Office of Censorship, as mentioned in Bureau letter to New York dated March 25, 1944 re: MURIEL DRAPER, INTERNAL SECURITY-C.

T-2- Highly Confidential Source with access to the Office of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc. in New York City, who made his information available to Special Agents A. Robert Swanson, [redacted] Joseph Phelan, [redacted] and William Francis Norton, as mentioned in report of Special Agent [redacted] dated May 4, 1944 at New York, New York entitled "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC., INTERNAL SECURITY-C", New York File #100-7518-447.

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T-3- [redacted] as mentioned in report of Special Agent [redacted] dated May 11, 1944, at New York City entitled "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC., INTERNAL SECURITY-C", New York File #100-7518-457.

T-4- Highly Confidential Source with access to the New York City Office of the NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP as mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated May 11, 1944 at New York City, entitled "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC., INTERNAL SECURITY-C", New York File #100-7518-457.

T-5- Washington Field Division letter to New York dated May 8, 1944, in which it is mentioned that an agent of the Washington Field Division had noted information reported on an advertisement attached to the bulletin board of the United States Public Health Service, Bethesda, Maryland. As an administrative matter and in view of the fact that the agent's name was not mentioned in this letter, the source of this information is being ascribed to a confidential informant.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SJB:GA
100-14713

TO : Director, FBI

New York 7, N. Y.
DATE: July 5, 1944

FROM : E. E. CONROY, SAC

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

D 19813

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/76 BY SP2 SJB/dao

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, aka
Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper, nee Sanders
INTERNAL SECURITY-C

There is enclosed herewith, in accordance with general Bureau instruct one original specimen of the handwriting of captioned subject, in the form of a receipt dated September 1, 1943.

Photostatic copies of this specimen are being maintained in the files of the New York Field Division.

Subject, MURIEL DRAPER, of 322 East 58th Street, New York City, was chairman of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc., and is active with their allegedly Communist dominated organizations.

NO ANS. NEC.
SPEC. RETAINED IN LAB

RECORDED & INDEXED

100-393226-26

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Encl.-1

191 7-22-44 EX 105

JUL 29 1944

87 JUL 31 1944

SEVERAL PAGES MISSING

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SJB:GA
100-14713

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : E. E. CONROY, SAC

DATE: New York 7, N. Y.
July 5, 1944

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, aka
Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper, nee Sanders
INTERNAL SECURITY-C

Enclosed herewith, in accordance with general Bureau instructions, is one copy of a photograph of captioned subject.

MURIEL DRAPER of 322 East 58th Street, New York City, is considered a key figure with regard to the activities of the Communist Political Association within the territory of the New York Field Division and is Chairman of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc.

Encl.-1

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/12 BY SP4 Bishop

100-39326-27
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RECORDED 37 JUL 7 1944

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DRAPER, MURIEL

Name: MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper, nee Sanders
Race: White
Sex: Female
Citizenship: U.S. (to be verified)
Address: 322 East 58th Street, NYC since 8/7/43.
Previous address: 144 Lexington Ave, NYC
Age: 57
Born: 11/13/86 at Haverhill, Mass.
Height: 5' 8"
Weight: 145 lbs.
Hair: Blonde- possibly dyed.
Eyes: Gray
Build: Medium
Complexion: Fair
Peculiarities: English accent
Education: Burnham Public Schools; Haverhill High School, Haverhill, Mass(1900)
Occupation: Writer, interior decorator
Marital Status: Divorced
Relative: Mother- SUSAN BRANDLEY SAUNDERS, deceased.
Father- THOMAS SAUNDERS, believed deceased.
Son- PAUL NATHAN SALTONSTALL DRAPER, dancer
Son- RAYMOND SANDERS DRAPER
Criminal Record- No record as of 10/41, NY Police Dept.
Photograph (1939) maintained in NY.File.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/18/94 BY SP4 Sgt. Dees 3,1,97

on envelope

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/18/96 BY SP2 Bickford

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100 - 39326 - 27

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE TO AVOID
PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, $300.

Enclosure- Bureau- (1)
Photo. of subject NY File #14713

on Envelope

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 9/18/12 BY SP6 AlDas
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK NY FILE NO. 100-14713 RHK

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK, NEW YORK	2/27/45	11/3/44;1/22, 23,25,26,31/45	

TITLE
MURIEL DRAPER, with alias;

CHARACTER OF CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Highly confidential source advised subject's name found in handwriting of I.B. LITVINOFF. Subject attempted to contact LITVINOFF 8/23/43 through Russian Consulate, NYC. Subject corresponds with JOINT ANTI-FASCIST COMMITTEE of Moscow. NATIONAL COUNCIL AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP proposed salary of $1300. to subject for 1944. Subject as Chairman of Women's Committee of the N.C.A.S.F., active in sending aid to Russian women and children, organizing tributes to American and Soviet women and organizing Speaker's Bureau for N.C.A.S.F. Confidential Informant [redacted] advised subject active in JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE, RUSSIAN WAR RELIEF and COMMITTEE ON AFRICAN AFFAIRS. Subject member of National Committee of INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE. SP

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9/16/44 CLASSIFIED & SUBMITTED BY ACLU DECLASSIFIED 3-24-91

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 07-27-2009

- P* -

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent SAMUEL J. BEYHAN, dated July 7, 1944, at New York City.

DETAILS:

At New York, New York

MURIEL DRAPER, subject, is considered a key figure with regard to the activities of the Communist Political Association within the territory of the New York Field Division.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: E. E. Conroy SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
	100-14713-28	RECORDED
COPIES OF THIS REPORT: 5 Bureau; 1 Col. S.V. Constant, D of I, 2 S.C.; 3 New York. COPY IN FILE		INDEXED
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		EX-51

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Confidential Informant T-1 advised that the subject's name appeared on a sheet of stationery of the Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, California and believed to be in the handwriting of Mme I. B. LITVINOFF.

Confidential Informant T-2 advised that the subject contacted the Russian Consulate at New York City, requested Mrs. LITVINOFF'S telephone number. Subject indicated that Mrs. LITVINOFF was very well acquainted with her. However, the Russian Consulate advised the subject that they would ascertain Mme LITVINOFF'S number and advise the subject.

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the subject attended a party at the home of MARGARET OSBORN at 237 East 65th Street. Informant advised that the proceeds of this benefit went to the JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE. Admission charge was one dollar and there was 300 persons attending.

The "Daily Worker" article appearing in the issue of November 12, 1944, entitled "Sponsors of U.S.- Soviet Friendship Celebration." This article advertised a meeting under the sponsorship of the United States-Soviet Friendship to be held at MadisonSquare Garden on November 16, 1944. This article advised that the subject was the sponsor of this meeting.

Confidential Informant T-3 made available a cablegram from VALENTINA GRIZODUUOVA, Chairman of JOINT ANTI-FASCIST COMMITTEE of Moscow, which was addressed to the subject as President of the Women's Committee, NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, 232 Madison Avenue, New York City, and dated September 3, 1944. This cablegram is quoted as follows:

> "Hearty thanks for greetings to Fourth Women's Anti-Fascist meeting. We are confident that at this decisive stage in struggle, our peoples against Hitlerite tyrants, American women will do everything to hasten victory over our common enemy. Long live friendship Soviet and American women. Signed JOINT ANTI-FASCIST COMMITTEE OF MOSCOW."

Confidential Informant T-4 advised that in the proposed budget of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship from January 1, 1944 to December 31, 1944, the salary of $25.00 per week or $1300 per year was to be paid to the subject for her work on the Women's Committee of that organization. The budget, according to the informant, explained that the subject was being paid this sum for part-time work on the Women's Committee.

Informant further advised that the subject as Secretary of the Committee of Women of the N.C.A.S.F. prepared an undated mimeographed letter acknowledging acceptance of membership in the Committee of Women. This letter further outlined the plan of the Committee of Women, namely:

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1. To assemble and send to the U.S.S.R. the following items:
   (a) Book on Infant and Childcare and Care of Parent During Pregnancy.
   (b) Selection of children's books.
   (c) Selection of children's toys.
   (d) A model set of nursery equipment and a model set of kitchen equipment; model set of houseware equipment.
   (e) An exhibit of American women's war activities, including the work of the Red Cross, WACS and WAVES.
   (f) Models and patterns of women's work clothes and of the most practical day clothes.

2. Planned luncheon in the early part of January, 1944 to organize our members, discuss programs more fully and launch active committees.

3. A meeting at Carnegie Hall in March, 1944, with prominent guests from the Soviet Union, a dramatic presentation, and a tribute to the work of American-Soviet women in the present crises.

Informant further advised that the N.C.A.S.F. proposed making available a number of women speakers reporting on special subjects of interest to women organizations. Informant stated that a number of speakers outlines on appropriate subjects were in preparation. Informant stated that the N.C.A.S.F. wished to reach through the Speakers Bureau out of town organizations where speakers familiar with the subject matter were not always available. Informant further stated that the subject as Chairman of the Committee of Women was engaged in the furtherance of this project.

An article appearing in the New York "Herald Tribune" of June 7, 1944, advised that an exhibit of typical American clothing, equipment for children under school age to be sent by the Committee of Women of the N.C.A.S.F. to the women and children of the U.S.S.R. was presented on June 6, 1944, by Mrs. JOSEPH E. DAVIES to Mrs. EUGENE D. KISSELEV, wife of the Soviet Consul General in New York City.

The "Tribune" article quoted the subject at that time as follows:

"The exhibit is the first of a series of nursery and home equipment which will be sent to Russian women." The article further described the subject as Chairman of the Local Women's Committee.

Confidential Informant T-5 advised that the subject's name appeared on a list of approved speakers for the N.C.A.S.F. Informant stated that the subject's fee for speaking engagements was announced as being from $35. to $100. Subject was described as the author of "Music at Midnight", and as a personality well known in the theatrical and musical circles.

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Confidential Informant T-6 advised that he was present during a conversation between JESSICA SMITH and ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG on November 16, 1944, at which time SMITH advised that the subject was interviewed by the "Daily Worker" and that numerous material was gathered concerning the activities of the NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP.

Confidential Informant T-7 advised that the subject's name and phone number, ELdorado 5-3965, was found in an address book belonging to ERNESTINA FLEISCHMAN.

An article appearing in the "Daily Worker" of November 13, 1944, entitled, "Prominent Citizens Issued Call for U.S.-U.S.S.R. Women's Rally". This article explained that the subject and Mrs. JOSEPH E. DAVIES, wife of the former Ambassador to Russia, called on American women to take part in a Conference under the auspices of the N.C.A.S.F. The article stated the Conference will hold discussions by Soviet-American women on mutual problems and experience. The article listed the following persons as speakers:

Mme GROMYKO, wife of the Soviet Ambassador to the United States
Dr. ANNE E. CHERNYSHEVA of the Soviet Government Purchasing Commission;
Dr. ARNOLD GESELL, Yale University;
Dr. CHARLOTTE HAWKINS, Brown University;
Mrs. J. BORDEN HARRIMAN, former Minister to Norway, and
LILLIAN SMITH, author of "Strange Fruit".

The article described the subject as New York Chairman of the Women's Committee of the N.C.A.S.F. b6 b7C b7D

Confidential Informant [redacted] was contacted on January 25, 1945, at which time he advised that the subject was still active in the affairs of the following organizations:

JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE;
RUSSIAN WAR RELIEF;
COMMITTEE ON AFRICAN AFFAIRS, and the
NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP. b2 b6 b7C b7D

Informant advised that the latter organization is the one in which the subject is most interested and active.

Confidential Informant [redacted] and Confidential Informant [redacted] were contacted on January 25, 1945 with negative results.

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On November 3, 1944, Special Agent RUSSELL S. GARNER advised that in a tribute to ANNA DAMON, former secretary of the INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE, appearing in the form of a pamphlet entitled "Equal Justice and Democracy in the Service of Victory" published in September, 1944, by the I.L.D., subject's name appeared as a member of the National Committee of the I.L.D.

On January 31, 1945, it was observed by the writer that the subject was residing at 322 East 58th Street, New York City.

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UNDEVELOPED LEADS

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

Will continue to follow and report the activities of the subject.

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated February 27, 1945, at New York City, are as follows:

Confidential Informant T-1: San Francisco letter to Bureau dated January 24, 1944, entitled "COMINTERN APPARATUS; INTERNAL SECURITY - R".

Confidential Informant T-2: [redacted] as mentioned in the report of Special Agent A. ROBERT SWANSON, entitled, "AMTORG TRADING CORPORATION," dated January 14, 1944, at New York City.

Confidential Informant T-3: U. S. Office of Censorship.

Confidential Informant T-4: A highly confidential source having access to the headquarters of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., New York City, who made this information available to Special Agents A. ROBERT SWANSON, [redacted] JOSEPH PHELAN, [redacted] and [redacted] as mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated August 24, 1944, at New York City, entitled, "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C"

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 07-27-2009

Confidential Informant T-5: Report of Special Agent [redacted] dated January 31, 1944 at Boston, entitled, "NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP, INC.

Confidential Informant T-6: [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau.

Confidential Informant T-7: Report of Special Agent [redacted] entitled, "A. HARRIS, was; DR. ANTONIO COLLANTIS, was; ANTONIO PACHECO, was; INTERNAL SECURITY - R," dated November 1, 1944 at New York City.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 ETS

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	10/30/45	10/15-19,26/45	WILLIAM A. FLYNN

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, was:	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject is chairman of Women's Committee of National Council of American Soviet Friendship, and is active in various other voluntary organizations. Subject was in conference with JESSICA SMITH regarding invitation to be extended by Mrs. JOSEPH E. DAVIES to ELEANOR ROOSEVELT to attend party of National Council of American Soviet Friendship which invitation Mrs. ROOSEVELT accepted. Subject contributed funds to Abraham Lincoln Brigade at dinner at Hotel Commodore, NYC, 3/11/45. "Daily Worker" listed her as sponsor for reelection in NYC elections. Her address has been verified as 322 East 58th St., NYC.

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REFERENCE: Bureau File No. 100-39326.
Report of Special Agent [redacted]
New York, 2/27/45.

DETAILS: Under date of April 19, 1945, the "Daily Worker" contained an announcement of a Russian War Relief Forum. Speakers were listed as EMIL LENGYEL who was to discuss "No More Balkan Powderkeg," and WILLIAM MANDEL who was to discuss "Russia, Japan, and the Pacific War." The subject, MURIEL DRAPER, was listed as the chairman and AUBREY PANKEY, baritone, was to render a solo. There would be a question period taking place at the Free World House, 144 Bleecker Street, Friday, April 20, 8:30 P.M., admission charged at fifty cents per person.

The subject's name was listed in a pamphlet issued by the International Defense Committee, 112 East 19th Street, New York City, as being

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3-New York

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a member of the National Committee of that organization.

Confidential Informant T-1 advised that on November 19, 1944, JESSICA SMITH, editor of Soviet Russia Today, conferred with MURIEL DRAPER during which conference they discussed the attitude of Mrs. JOSEPH E. DAVIES, wife of the former ambassador to Russia, and her views concerning the November 18th program of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. Later the same Informant advised that on February 1, 1945, JESSICA SMITH was contacted by the subject in a personal interview at which time the subject stated that she had a call from Mrs. DAVIES and that Mrs. DAVIES had received letters sent to her by the Women's Committee of the Council of American Soviet Friendship. The subject described Mrs. DAVIES as courteous and cooperative and Mrs. DAVIES stated that she would write to ELEANOR ROOSEVELT and invite her as a speaker before this meeting of the Natioanl Council of American Soviet Friendship which she would have in her home. The same Informant was advised that this invitiation was accepted by Mrs. ROOSEVELT.

On February 27, 1945, Confidential Informant T-2 advised that a surprise party in honor of REGINA WILSON was held at the home of Dr. HOWARD TILSON, 242 Henry Street, Brooklyn, and the subject was one of the forty guests invited.

In a public notice issued by the Spanish Refugee Appeal the subject, MURIEL DRAPER, was listed as a sponsor of the Spanish Refugee Appeal on an invitation to that dinner March 22, 1945, as well as hosts of celebrities in the entertainment and musical fields.

Confidential Informant T-2 also advised in a report dated April 11, 1945, that at a dinner held by the Abraham Lincoln Brigade at the Hotel Commodore on that date the subject, MURIEL DRAPER, sat on the dias and that she was a contributor of $100. to the Abraham Lincoln Brigade so that they would be able to carry on their present work. A total of $9000. was collected by this dinner which was attended by 900 people. The dinner was a tribute to Spain on her Fourteenth Anniversary as a Republic.

In the paper, "People's Voice," dated September 8, 1945, in an article on the campaign to reelect Councilman BEN DAVIS JR., admitted COMMUNIST, to the New York City Council, MURIEL DRAPER was listed as one of the many thousand DAVIS enthusiasts working to send him back to the City Council.

The subject's address has been verified as 322 East 58th Street, New York City.

- P E N D I N G -

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK - Will continue to follow and report activities of the subject.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent WILLIAM A. FLYNN, New York, October 30, 1945, are as follows:

X CONF. INFT.
T-1 [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau.

CONF.
T-2 [redacted], whose identity is known to the Bureau.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 NRL

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	8/14/46	5/24,27,28; 7/9,29/46	

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, aka Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper, (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject presently resides at 322 East 58th St., NYC. She is unemployed. Subject, who is white, is a US citizen, having been born 11/13/86 at Haverhill, Mass. Her father, THOMAS SANDERS, was born in Salem, Mass., and her mother, SUSAN B. HOWE, was born in Boston, Mass. Subject married PAUL DRAPER in Haverhill, Mass in March, 1909, and obtained a divorce from him in NYC in October, 1916. Subject is reported to be a member of the Communist Party; is presently active as Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship Inc.; and is being proposed as the General Secretary of the Congress of American Women. She is in constant contact with leaders of the Communist Party and their front organizations.

N O JAN 1947 45 Records Section STATISTICS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/76 BY SP1 BM/DAK

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REFERENCES: Bureau File No. 100-39326.
Report of Special Agent William A. Flynn, New York, 10/30/45.
SAC Letter No. 28, Series 1946, dated 3/12/46.

DETAILS: On May 28, 1946 the writer personally checked the subject's address at 322 East 58th Street, New York City, and noticed her name over the bell in the lobby at this address.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		100-39326-30

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Later, under pretext the writer telephonically contacted the subject at the above address.

A review of the subject's file reflected that she is independently wealthy and that she is unemployed. A review of the New York indices reflects that Mr. BERNARD DONAHUE, City Clerk, Haverhill, Massachusetts, advised that a delayed birth entry had been made as of June 5, 1922, reflecting the birth of MURIEL GURDON SANDERS, female, born November 13, 1886, at Haverhill, Massachusetts. Her father's name was listed as THOMAS and her mother name as SUSAN B. HOWE. The birthplace of her father was given as Salem and that of her mother as Boston.

Mr. DONAHUE also produced records regarding subject's marriage to her former husband, PAUL DRAPER, at New York City. It was noted that the date of the marriage was November 28, 1909 at Haverhill.

An unreferenced newspaper clipping maintained in the New York Public Library file indicates that PAUL DRAPER died at the age of 39 at 147 East 61st Street, New York City.

The records of the New York County Supreme Court maintained at the Hall of Records, New York City, reflected that subject received a final judgement in her action for a divorce from PAUL DRAPER on October 27, 1916.

Confidential Informant T-1 advised that on November 9, 1945, subject contacted a person believed to be ELEANOR GIMBEL, Chairman of the Committee for the Congress of American Women and they discussed the possibility of sending delegated to the Women's Conference in Paris on November 26, 1945.

Confidential Informant T-1 on March 4, 1946, advised that the subject contacted one SUSAN ANTHONY, women's interviewer, employed by Station WMCA in New York City relative to a radio program to be given by her on March 5, 1946. The discussion concerned the supplying of food to countries of devastated Europe. This program was to be under the auspices of the Congress of American Women.

Confidential Informant T-1 further advised that on March 25, 1946, subject contacted one LEONA SARON, head of the Speakers Bureau of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc. The subject inquired of MISS SARON about various speaking assignments that she had been given in the New York area.

The informant further advised that on the same date subject contacted one RUTH HUSS, of the Cultural Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship and discussed with her the fact that she would probably resign as Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship and accept a position as General Secretary of the Congress of American Women. The subject informed Miss HUSS that there is nothing being done in the Congress of American Women that she does not initiate.

On June 12, 1946, the informant advised that subject contacted one JESSICA SMITH, Editor of "Soviet Russia Today", and inquired of Miss SMITH whether information could be obtained relative to women's clubs and organizations in the Soviet Union.

Confidential Informant T-2 advised that on March 6, 1946, subject contacted one THEODORE BAYER, managing editor of "Soviet Russia Today" and financial liaison agent for the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. She requested that BAYER give her suggestions as to the subject matter of a speech that she was to give at a meeting of the Congress of American Women.

BAYER advised her that the following issues should be discussed: Opposition to war mongering and to the indecent school of getting tough with Russia; and that the United States should cooperate with the Soviet Union. He further advocated the sending of letters and telegrams to the State Department, the President and Congressmen reflecting the above and that a delegation of women should be formed to visit Washington to enforce these demands.

The informant further advised that on April 29, 1946, the subject contacted JESSICA SMITH and discussed with her her recent trip to Paris as a delegate from the National Council of American Soviet Friendship to the Conference of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

b2
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Confidential Informant [redacted], whose identity is known to the Bureau, advised that on January 13, 1944, he had been informed by one [redacted] known to him as [redacted] of the New York State Communist Party, that the subject is a member of the Communist Party of New York, having joined about two years previously. The informant further advised that he was convinced of subject's Communist Party

affiliations due to the fact that she loaned the use of her home in New York City to members of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade and members of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee in which meetings were held by these groups.

An article which appeared in the DAILY WORKER dated March 4, 1946, stated that MURIEL DRAPER, Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, sent greetings to the Soviet women. This concerned a gathering which was to be held at the Soviet Consulate Thursday, March 7, 1946.

An article appeared in the DAILY WORKER dated January 8, 1946, under the caption "Women Delegates to Report on Parley". The same reflected that the United States representative to the International Women's Congress in Paris, France, would report on Tuesday, January 22, 1946, to the Women's Committee cooperating with the Congress. The representative was to speak on the formation of the Women's International Democratic Federation which grew out of the Paris Convention. It was stated that the subject would preside at this meeting.

An article appeared in the DAILY WORKER on May 27, 1946, entitled "Congress of American Women Asks Equality in All Fields".

At the conference of the Congress of American Women at the Essex House in New York City on May 26, 1946, the subject spoke on a new amendment to the Constitution outlawing economic, political and social discrimination against women.

- P E N D I N G -

NY 100-14713

UNDEVELOPED LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York:

Will follow and report continued activities of the subject.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The confidential informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated August 14, 1946, at New York City are as follows: b6 b7C

T-1 [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau.

T-2 [redacted] whose identity is known to the Bureau. b2 b7D

100-39320
SAC, New York

December 5, 1946

Director, FBI

MURIEL DRAPER, with aliases
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Your File #100-14713

The Bureau desires that in further investigating this subject's activities specific attention be given to obtaining admissible evidence which will prove directly or circumstantially her membership in or affiliation with the Communist Party, and knowledge of the revolutionary aims and purposes of that organization. When, in your judgment, sufficient evidence has been obtained, you should prepare a report in summary form in which temporary symbols will be used to protect the identity of those informants who are in a position to testify.

ARS:EW

RECORDED 100-39320-31
F B I
53 DEC 6 1946

EX-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/86 BY SP4 BJM/Dab

DEC 12 1946

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 eg

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	5/10/47	3/25-29;4/4/47	

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, also known as Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper, (nee Sanders)	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject continues active with Congress of American Women, of which she is Executive Vice President. During Fall of 1946 subject visited Moscow and Paris attending Women's International Democratic Federation conferences. Remains on Executive Committee, W.I.D.F. Continues active with National Council of American Soviet Friendship and has appeared as speaker several times during recent months. Informants continue to place subject as active in other front organizations including Action Committee to Free Spain, National Committee to Win the Peace. Residence address verified as 322 E. 58th St., NYC.

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INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/96 BY [redacted]

-P*-

REFERENCE: Bureau file 100-39326.
Report of Special Agent [redacted] New York, 8/14/46.
Bureau letter to New York, 12/5/46.

DETAILS: Subject's address has been verified as of April 4, 1947 as 322 E. 58th Street, New York City.

The Bureau on October 9, 1944 furnished information to the effect that the subject was a sponsor of one CONSTANCIA DE LA MORA, a Spanish Loyalist, whose appearance in this country as a lecturer for the Spanish cause was denied because of her reported pro-Communist activity.

Confidential Informant T1 advised that on MARY JANE KEENEY's

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: Edward Scheidt SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES DESTROYED 9-15-58	100-39326-32	RECORDED & INDEXED
COPIES OF THIS REPORT: 5 - Bureau, 3 - New York	COPY IN FILE 15 MAY 12 1947	

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 7—2034

September 3, 1946 trip to New York City, she was in contact with MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T2 advised that this contact had been planned by KEENEY, who was to speak at a meeting of the Congress of American Women, to be held at the home of NAOMI FINCKELSTEIN, 58 E. 86th Street, New York City. KEENEY was to be introduced as formerly associated with the Department of State, Foreign Economic Administration, and Allied Committee on Reparations.

Activity with the Congress of American Women,
Affiliated with the Women's International Democratic Federation

Confidential Informant T3 advised on October 11, 1946 that the subject had left the United States the day before for a visit to the Soviet Union.

During October 1946 Confidential Informant T4 advised that subject had been visiting the Soviet Union and France for conferences of the W.I.D.F.

T4 on November 1, 1946 gave the following brief biography of MURIEL DRAPER, which is used in publicity blurbs by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship:

She was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts and lived abroad from 1906 to 1915, has travelled throughout the United States and Europe, and went to the Soviet Union in August 1934 to August 1935, where she studied Soviet life. She was sent as a delegate of the Committee of Women, National Council of American Soviet Friendship, to the International Women's Congress which took place in Paris, France from November 26 to December 1, 1945, and was elected chairman of the American delegation. Upon her return a nation-wide organization known as Congress of American Women was formed as a result of this International Congress. Subject is Executive Vice President of the Congress of American Women. She was in Spain during the civil war as an observer.

Much of the above was repeated in a feature article in the daily magazine section of the New York Post for January 3, 1947, which was a write-up concerning subject's Moscow trip as a representative of the Congress of American Women and as W.I.D.F. Executive Committee member.

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Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] ascertained that the subject arrived at Marine Terminal, LaGuardia Field, New York, via "Air France" and observed that she brought only articles of clothing and personal effects into the country. This was on November 19, 1946.

Informant T4 on November 19, 1946 advised that the subject had stated that during her October trip to Moscow for the W.I.D.F. conference and to Paris, she had run into difficulty with the Russian representatives on the W.I.D.F. because they were demanding information concerning the Congress of American Women and American women which she knows they had been previously furnished. Subject was exasperated because neither she nor the Congress of American Women had been able to get the W.I.D.F. or the Russians to acknowledge correspondence. To a request by the Soviet delegate to the W.I.D.F. Secretariat for information on women's organizations in the United States, subject replied that there was on file in Moscow the finest research that had ever been done on that subject, which had taken four women a year to compile, whereas the Congress of American Women had not so much as a postcard from the Russians on the subject. DRAPER stated she had told the Russian delegate to go look it up in her own files.

The same informant advised on that date that DRAPER had declined appointment to the W.I.D.F. commission to investigate conditions in Germany and Indo China because she was too busy with American affairs. Subject said that she had to take the plane from the Soviet Union on October 16, 1946 because of reservations from France, but had been invited to stay in Russia and to tour any part of it. Subject has stated that while in France during the fall of 1946 she marched in a victory parade as a delegate to W.I.D.F., in the row behind the re-elected Communist women members of the French Chamber of Deputies.

Confidential Informant [redacted] on March 5, 1947 advised that b2 b7D the subject, as Executive Vice President, had signed the general report of the Congress of American Women to the Women's International Democratic Federation at the International Council meeting at Prague on February 20, 1947.

The Daily Worker for March 7, 1947 announced that subject was scheduled to address a local of the CIO Electrical Workers in Evanston, Indiana on Sunday, March 9, 1947.

T4 advised on March 14, 1947 that subject is reported to have said that the Congress of American Women was going to exert pressure on Senator VANDENBERG, Representative EATON, and Senator BRIDGES and Representative TABER of the Foreign Relations and Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House respectively, on the Truman aid to Greece and Turkey bills. The same informant advised that subject stated that there was a present need to get HENRY A. WALLACE or Senator PEPPER to lead the people because "who else have we got?" CLAUDE

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Confidential Informant [redacted] furnished a throwaway announcing that subject, as Executive Vice President, Congress of American Women, was to speak at a rally for unity in the United Nations, on March 26, 1947, sponsored by the Manhattan Chapter of Congress of American Women, at the Hotel Capitol, New York City. Other speakers scheduled were THELMA DALE of the National Negro Congress, Dr. MELBER PHILLIPS, authority on atomic energy; HENRIETTA BUCKMASTER, noted author; JESSIE STREET, United Nations delegate from Australia; and HELEN PHILLIPS, Congress of American Women delegate to the recent Prague meeting of the W.I.D.F.

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Activity with the National Council of American Soviet Friendship

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that subject spoke at the December 12, 1946 luncheon sponsored by the Committee of Women, NCASF, in conjunction with Mrs. JOSEPH DAVIES, wife of the former ambassador to the Soviet Union, to honor women of the United Nations, at the Hotel Pierre, New York City. She stated that language is not a barrier to world unity and that there should be a world council for peace and friendship.

Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] of the Philadelphia office attended a NCASF "Get Together with Russia" rally at Town Hall, Broad and Race Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania on December 17, 1946, at 8:30 p.m., at which MURIEL DRAPER spoke. She told of her five-day visit to Moscow as representative of the W.I.D.F., and started her talk by saying, "Friends of the Soviet Union, as well as the United States". She said that her five days in Moscow were worth one year in any other part of the world. She maintained Russia has a free press, saying that it is a government press but writers are free. In Russia, unlike America, they are not, however, free to lie.

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T4 advised that subject was scheduled to speak before the Great Neck Council of American Soviet Friendship on January 31, 1947.

T4 on February 18, 20 and 21, 1947, advised that subject accepted an invitation to attend a meeting sponsored by the Philadelphia Council of American Soviet Friendship for International Women's Day in Philadelphia on March 7, 1947.

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Activity with Other Front Groups

[redacted] advised that the subject on November 25, 1946 attended a meeting of the New York Chapter, Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. Admission was by membership card only, and the purpose of the meeting was to discuss the merger of ICCASP with the NCPAC. This meeting was held at the Henry Hudson Hotel, New York City.

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NY 100-14713

The same informant advised that subject was a speaker at a dinner in honor of the Spanish Government in Exile, on Tuesday, November 26, 1946, held at the grand ballroom of the Roosevelt Hotel. This dinner was jointly sponsored by the Action Committee to Free Spain and the National Committee to Win the Peace. Subject gave a short speech on the place of women in the fight against FRANCO, and told of the many women who have been imprisoned in Spain by FRANCO for their anti-Fascist work. She mentioned her recent trip to Moscow and said, "Five days in Moscow would win the peace".

[redacted] advised that subject spoke at a meeting held at Public School 150, Sunnyside, Queens, New York, which meeting, according to the informant, was announced at a Communist Party meeting and leaflets announcing this meeting were mimeographed in Communist Party Queens County headquarters. The meeting was to denounce any rise in rents. Subject spoke as representative of the Congress of American Women and told of her recent trip to Moscow and Paris. She said that although the elections in America were lost, this was offset by gains in Poland, Rumania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria, and boasted of the great victory of the French people in their elections. This speech was delivered on December 4, 1946.

The Daily Worker for December 31, 1946, page five, column two, lists the subject as a sponsor of the testimonial dinner to be given VITO MARCANTONIO, American Labor Party Congressman, by "one hundred prominent citizens of all walks of life".

The Daily Worker for January 25, 1947 announced that subject was to speak at a "rally for a free Spain", Wednesday evening, January 29, 1947, at Foyer Academy of Music, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

- P E N D I N G -

UNDEVELOPED LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York City

Will follow and report subject's activity as reported by confidential informants from time to time.

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NY 100-14713

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Confidential informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated May 10, 1947 at New York, are as follows:

T1 - [redacted]

T2 - Washington Field Informant [redacted]

T3 - [redacted]

T4 - [redacted]

b2
b7D

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: September 23, 1947

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, was.
SECURITY MATTER - C
(Bureau file 100-39326)

dulete 10-1-47

This is to advise that subject's name has been deleted from the Key figure list maintained by this Office. Subject's activity with the Congress of American Women and the National Council American Soviet Friendship continues, however it is believed her importance to the Communist movement is not such as warrants continuation upon the Key figure list or further active investigation. Inasmuch as her activities are reported in the organizations' files this case is being placed in a closed status at this time.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/6/74 BY SP4 BMK/DAB

RECORDED & INDEXED
100-39326-33
F B I
15 SEP 24 1947
104

EX-30

FPC:RFE
100-14713

53 OCT 2 1947 276

MURIEL DRAPER
PAUL (SON)
COMMUNIST

Pittsburgh, Pa.,

October 5, 1947.

In a report of July 18, 1947, we wrote about the May Respio Concerts booked to appear at Cyric Mosque in Pittsburgh this Fall. A recent newspaper announcement gives October 11th, as the opening date. In the cast will be Anton Kolin, Larry Adler, Vladimir Horowitz and Paul Draper with definite citations in the records of the House Committee on Un-American Activities. Furthermore, we recently received certain documents from the Communists themselves showing that Paul Draper is a son of Muriel Draper. In speaking of Paul, the Communists wrote, "Paul's greatest dream is to go to the Soviet Union and dance for the Soviet people."

Muriel Draper, the mother of Paul, in 1944, was Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. She has spent considerable time in Soviet Russia and has a long record of Communist activities, and like her son, receives frequent favorable write-ups in the Communist Daily Worker Newspaper. (both claim they are Citizens of that New One World.)

There is a possibility that she is third in line in this nation among the Communist Women.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/11/86 BY SP4 Bimbo

RECORDED
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SAC, Pittsburgh

October 25, 1947

Director, FBI

RECORDED/ 100-29326-34
INDEXED 116

MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

There is submitted herewith a photostatic copy of a memorandum dated October 3, 1947, concerning the captioned individual.

This memorandum was furnished to the Bureau by an unknown outside source and, if the information contained therein is utilized, it should be appropriately paraphrased.

Attachment

HOB:IGS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/18/74 BY SP4 Bin/Dan

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 11
OCT 25 1947 P.M.
FBI

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

60 NOV 12 1947

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

b6
b7C

100-39326

December 13, 1948

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/9/76 BY SP1 [illegible]

SAC, New York

RE: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Your file 100-14713

Dear Sir:

A review of the files at the Bureau in connection with this subject has revealed that a report has not been received from your office concerning the subject since the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated 5-10-47 at New York.

While it is realized that existing instructions do not require that a report be submitted periodically on Security Index card subjects unless the subject is also a top functionary, it is felt that in view of the tense international situation at the present time, a new report should be submitted setting forth the extent of the subject's present activities in connection with the Communist Party and related groups in order that the Bureau will be in possession of current information concerning each one of those subjects who are considered a threat to the internal security.

In submitting the report, the Bureau desires that you incorporate in summary form the information contained in your files not previously reported. Information of substantive nature only should be set forth and repetitious material should be avoided. Where a description of the subject has not been reported, that, too, should be included in the report and also placed on the reverse side of the Security Index card in accordance with the instructions outlined in SAC Letter No. 57, Series 1948, dated April 10, 1948.

In the event the subject's current address is not the same as that which appears on the Security Index card, you should correct the Security Index card and forward Form FD-119 to the Bureau in order that the Security Index card at the Bureau can be corrected.

In order that the Security Index will contain only the names of those individuals who can be considered to be a threat to the internal security of this country, the Bureau desires that you carefullly appraise this case and if it appears that the subject, based on his present position and activities or past position and activities, cannot be considered such as threat, then in addition to submitting the report, you should recommend that the Security Index card be cancelled.

This matter should receive your immediate attention.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 15
DEC 13 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

JEM:mo (2)

MURIEL DRAPER LAUDS SOVIET PROGRESS

Moscow, TASS, Soviet Press Service, in English Morse to North America, Jan. 8, 1949, 8:00 a.m. EST--W

(Text)

"Moscow--The Vice President of the American Womens Congress and the President of the Women Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Muriel Draper, stated in a TASS interview prior to her departure from Moscow: 'I arrived in the Soviet Union after the closing of the Second International Women Congress in Budapest where I headed the delegation of American women. After each visit to the Soviet Union (this is my third visit) I am becoming more and more convinced that the USSR is a country of genuine progress and real democratic freedoms which have become the birthright of every man and woman.

"After visiting a number of factories in Moscow, Leningrad, and Stalingrad, and acquainting myself in detail with the living conditions of the workers, I have once again seen the advantages workers enjoy under Socialism which gives them the certainty of the morrow. In a short time after the war ended the Soviet State succeeded in bringing life back to normal. This is particularly shown tby the large number of stores filled with the most diverse goods. The real equality of women, their active participation in all spheres of political economic, and cultural life is a tremendous advantage of Socialism.

"My present visit to the USSR gave me great joy and satisfaction, for I found there the complete unanimity of the Soviet people. My task and the task of all progressives in the United States is to work unsparingly to expose the intrigues of reaction, to unite all the progressive forces. The genuine strong friendship between the Soviet and American peoples is the best guarantee of peace throughout the world."

RECORDED - 68 100-39326-36
INDEXED - 68
F B I
4 FEB 1 1949

EX-25

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/82 BY SP4 BJM/Drs

CENTRAL INTELLEGENCE AGENCY
FOREIGN RADIO BROADCASTS
EUROPEAN SECTION Page CC-5
1-12-49

53 FEB 14 1949

SAC, New York

November 9, 1949

Director, FBI

MURIEL DRAPER, Was.,
SECURITY MATTER - C
Your file 100-14713
Bureau file 100-39326

On October 26, 1949, it was ascertained at the Passport Division, Department of State, that a passport was being issued valid for four months to Muriel Draper to attend a Moscow meeting of the Council of the Women's International Democratic Federation from November 15th to the 20th, 1949. Subject's address was given as Apartment 2-N, 322 East 58th Street, New York 22, New York.

In view of subject's prominence and her continual travel abroad you are requested to submit a report as soon as possible bringing her activities up-to-date.

FCZ:mjt

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/19/82 BY SP4 BAW/Dms

RECORDED - 65

100-39326-3

Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Harbo
Mohr
Tele. Room
Nease
Candy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 9 1949 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

F B I
NOV 10 1949

56 NOV 17 1949

b6
b7C

RECORDED - 62

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: November 9, 1949

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2210 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Colonel [redacted]

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: MURIEL DRAPER, Wa.
Mrs. MURIEL GURDON DRAPER
(nee SANDERS)
SECURITY MATTER - C

It has been ascertained that subject was issued a passport valid for four months. She plans to attend a Moscow meeting of the Council of the Womens International Democratic Federation from November 15th - 20th, 1949.

Muriel Draper who was born November 13, 1886 at Haverhill, Massachusetts, resides at 322 East 58th Street, New York City. She is Vice President of the American Womens Congress and President of the Womens Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

Mrs. Draper was Chairman of the American Delegation to the Budapest World Conference of Democratic Women last winter and while abroad visited Poland, Czechoslovakia, France, Hungary and the Soviet Union before returning to the United States.

The above is furnished to you for your confidential information and should not be disseminated to anyone outside of your Agency.

FGZ:mjt

Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Harbo
Mohr
Tele. Room
Nease
Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
BY
SPECIAL MESSENGER
NOV 9 - 1949
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

6 0 NOV 29 1949

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. H. B. FLETCHER

b6
b7C

DATE: October 27, 1949

FROM : MR. V. P. KEAY

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

b3-1

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted], Passport Division, State Department, informed Mr. Roach on October 26, 1949 that the State Department is issuing a passport valid for four months to Muriel Draper to attend a Moscow Meeting, November 15th -20th, 1949 of the Council of the Womens International Democratic Federation. Draper gave her address in this country as Apartment 2W, 322 East 58th Street, New York 22, New York.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended this memorandum be referred to the Internal Security Section for its information.

VPK:mk

RECORDED - 62 100-391324-38

INDEXED - 62

3 NOV 10 1949

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/75 BY SP3 BJH/pms

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: November 29, 1949

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, was.;
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(Bureau file 100-39326)

12-26-49

Rebulet dated November 9, 1949.

The captioned subject is being added to the Key Figure list maintained in this office.

This action is considered warranted in view of subject's continued prominence and activity in the Congress of American Women and in the Women's International Democratic Federation. It is noted that she is President of the CAW and is a member of the Executive Committee of the WIDF.

Referenced Bureau letter reflects that on October 26, 1949, it was ascertained at the Passport Division, Department of State, that subject was being issued a passport, valid for four months, to attend a Moscow meeting of the Council of WIDF from November 15th to the 20th, 1949.

It will also be noted that the subject was previously carried as a Key Figure.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/19/75 BY SP1 Bjw/bas

cc: 100-96900

VLR:mbm
100-14713

RECORDED - 45 100-39326-39
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51 DEC 27 1949

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~SECRET~~

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Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 ADV

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	MAR 1 1950	5/16,28;8/15/47; 2/11;3/15;4/2,13; 7/6;8/3;10/10;11/4; 12/2/48;2/2,21;4/20, 29;8/5;12/5,16/49; 1/16-28;2/7/50	

TITLE
MURIEL DRAPER, wa;
Mrs. Muriel Gurdon Draper
(nee Sanders)

CHARACTER OF CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

MURIEL DRAPER continues to reside at 322 East 58th St., NYC. She has been extremely active in the CAW of which she is now President; formerly Executive Vice President. Since 1947, she has attended various women's conferences of the WIDF, parent organization of the CAW, held in Rome, Budapest and Moscow. She is also a member of the Executive Council of the WIDF. She is also Chairman of the Committee of Women of the NCASF and is active in this organization. Subject is a sponsor of the JAFRC and has been active or is a sponsor of: The American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy, Civil Rights Congress, the American Council for a Democratic Greece, American Jewish Labor Council and the National Negro Congress, all cited by the AG as coming within the purview of Executive Order She has also been active in numerous Communist front organizations.

CLASSIFIED BY 2ndLt USAF DECLASSIFY ON 25X(6)

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 07-27-2009

- P* -

CLASS. & EXT. BY
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 8-7-90

REFERENCE:
Bureau File 100-39326
Report of SA [redacted] 5/10/47, New York b6 b7C
Letter to Bureau, 11/29/49

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE 9-30-80

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT

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DETAILS:

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, on February 10, 1950, advised that MURIEL DRAPER continued to reside at 322 East 58th Street, New York, New York.

I. MEMBERSHIP AND ACTIVITIES IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY

The "Daily Worker" of March 18, 1948, page 7, column 1, states that MURIEL DRAPER was to give a speech on "Where Is Woman's Place" at the Village Forum, 430 6th Avenue, New York City on March 18, 1948.

On April 2, 1948, Confidential Informant T-2 of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had given a speech at the Village Forum on March 18, 1948. At this meeting one HARRY BORSTIN advised that "one may talk freely to MURIEL - she is a Communist." At this meeting, in MURIEL DRAPER'S speech, she stated that at an international meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation all the women were told to go back and set up this organization in their countries. At this meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, a woman accused the Federation of being entirely left, according to MURIEL DRAPER'S speech. MURIEL DRAPER quoted herself as saying, "What do you mean - that there were Communists there? Certainly there were Communists there - and there will be many more at our next International meeting." She added, "We are becoming a Fascist police state without the majority of the American people noticing it." She then spoke against the Marshall Plan, Universal Military Training and praised the Russian Government. She went on to state, "The present war hysteria is because they recognize it as the will of the Italian people to join the Communist Party." The informant furnished additional quotes from MURIEL DRAPER'S speech as follows:

"In my opinion, the Soviet women are the happiest women in the world! Some of the Yugoslav women are feeling pretty good now too."

"...They have to drive against the Communists in Britain because they won't get the money if they don't."

On May 14, 1948, Confidential Informant T-2 stated that MURIEL DRAPER, who is a member of the Communist Party and connected with the Congress of American Women, attended a teachers union luncheon on April 17, 1948.

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On January 8, 1949, Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, furnished the names of individuals within the New York territory who were on the mailing list of JUNIUS SCALES, Chairman of District Number 29, Communist Party, USA, Chapel Hill, North Carolina. The name of Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, 322 East 58th Street, New York City, is on this list.

II. ACTIVITIES IN THE CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN affiliated with the Women's International Democratic Federation

According to Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, MURIEL DRAPER was elected President of the Congress of American Women at the Constitutional Convention of the Congress of American Women held in Brooklyn, New York, May 6 to 8, 1949. Previous to this, according to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER had been Executive Vice President of this organization.

The Congress of American Women is listed by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On April 4, 1947, Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER, Executive Vice President of the Congress of American Women, was making plans for a nation-wide Congress of American Women march on Washington on April 16, 1947 to protest aid to Greece and Turkey.

On May 16, 1947, Confidential Informant T-5 advised that a delegation to the United Nations of the Congress of American Women was to go to the United Nations on May 19, 1947 and that this delegation would be led by MURIEL DRAPER, National Executive Vice President of the Congress of American Women.

On August 15, 1947, Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, reported that a panel on peace and democracy was held as a part of a conference of the Congress of American Women on June 7, 1947. This panel was held at the Holy Trinity Church, 157 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. According to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER was Co-Chairman of the panel. She announced that the Congress of American Women would march in the labor rally on Tuesday, June 10, 1947, which rally was to march to the Madison Square Garden. She stated that the Congress of American Women had already sent several protest delegations to Washington.

On June 7, 1949, a plenary session of the Congress of American Women was also held at the above address. At this session, the informant

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observed that MURIEL DRAPER advised ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, who was then a member of the National Board of the Communist Party, that "all of the comrades had attended the peace and democracy panel that morning and had been a real contribution to the discussion."

The "Daily Worker" of October 28, 1947, page 3, column 5, states that a price control rally would be held that night at Pythian Hall, 135 West 70th Street, New York City, under the auspices of the Bronx and Manhattan Chapters of the Congress of American Women. Speakers at this rally were to include MURIEL DRAPER.

On January 21, 1949, Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, furnished a copy of the Women's International Democratic Federation's "Information Bulletin" dated June, 1948, which relates to the 5th Executive Committee meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation held in Rome, Italy, from May 15 to 19, 1948. On page 11 of this bulletin, in an article entitled "Enquiry Commission in the countries of South East Asia," it is stated that Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER said "President TRUMAN could not continue his policy in Indonesia or in China without the support of the great international trusts. It is very important that we make this known to our friends in the United States. The terrible situation perpetuated by the Imperialists exists against the will of the people of the world."

The "Herald Tribune" of May 15, 1948, contains an article relating to the conference of the Women's International Democratic Federation which was to take place in Rome, Italy. This article states that Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER would represent the United States at this conference.

The "Herald Tribune" of May 17, 1948, in a dispatch from Rome by BARRETT MC GURN states that MURIEL DRAPER, American representative of the Congress of American Women, at the meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation, distributed pins labelled "WALLACE in 48". At this meeting, Mrs. DRAPER read a long report on the United States. She said that her son, PAUL DRAPER, the dancer, had to rescue her from beneath the feet of police horses when she took part in New York in the picketing of the motion picture "The Iron Curtain", which she described as "a deliberate incitement to war". Mrs. DRAPER commented that in the United States, "We have not had our regeneration of democracy yet".

On October 10, 1948, Confidential Informant T-8, of known

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reliability, advised of a meeting of the Congress of American Women which was held at 13 Astor Place, New York City on June 29, 1948. At this meeting, Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech which touched on the international situation and the Progressive Party Movement in the United States. At this meeting, she referred to the recent Women's International Democratic Federation meeting in Rome and stated in part, "I pointed out that American Imperialism could not exist if there were not in the other countries those who supported the American policy.... The Soviet Union is at the spearhead of the movement towards peace.... The money being spent by the United States to stop progressive forces in Italy is not going to get anywhere. The Italians are among the most intelligent in the world. They see and have learned their lessons. They know how United States aid is operating. If I were asked to prove this, they would say MURIEL DRAPER'S Communist friends in Rome said that the poster had been made in the United States...

"I had 100 WALLACE buttons. I think if I had more I could have paid for my trip with WALLACE buttons....

"Look what we did on the Mundt Bill. Look what we can do!"

On November 4, 1948, Confidential Informant T-6 advised of a meeting of all the Congress of American Women chapters in Manhattan on June 29, 1948 at 13 Astor Place, New York City. This informant also furnished information concerning the speech given by MURIEL DRAPER and gave the additional information that at the end of her speech MURIEL DRAPER set out an eight point plan for the Congress of American Women.

"1. We must make friends with people of influence who will help us.

"2. We must draw into our organization people who will work for it.

"3. Get women to join the Congress of American Women and get them active in some phase of its work even for an hour each week.

"4. Establish Women for WALLACE Committees.

"5. Get money to keep an observer - if not a delegate at the United Nations.

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"6. Send a representative of the Congress of American Women to the October - November, 1948 Burma meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation.

"7. Send a delegate to the next meeting of the Women's International Democratic Federation in Finland.

"8. Collect merchandise for the November bazaar of the Congress of American Women."

The "Daily Worker" of October 20, 1948, page 7, column 4, reflects that a "Women Fight Back" rally was to be held Monday, October 25, 1948 at Manhattan Center. This rally was to be one of a dozen to be held throughout the country to protest the deportation drive. MURIEL DRAPER was to be Chairman of this meeting, and the Congress of American Women was to be among its sponsors.

On December 15, 1948, Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had applied for a visa from the Hungarian Consulate, 37 Wall Street, New York City, so that she might attend the convention of the Women's International Democratic Federation held in Budapest, Hungary, December 1 to 6, 1948.

The "Daily Worker" of December 3, 1948, page 6, column 1, in a dispatch from Budapest dated December 2, 1948, states that the Women's International Democratic Federation Convention gave Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, Chief United States delegate "a five minute ovation tonight after she charged in a fiery speech that the United States was controlled by Fascists who were driving it to war."

On February 25, 1949, Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, furnished an article which appeared on page 19 of the 1949 issue of "New Times" Number 51, a Russian publication. This article refers to the Women's International Democratic Federation Conference held in Budapest, Hungary December, 1948. It is captioned "At the Congress of the WIDF - a delegate's notes by M. MAKAROVA." "...MURIEL DRAPER representing 250,000 members of the Congress of American Women spoke of the growing resistance of the democratic forces to the reactionary offensive in the United States in the struggle of progressive Americans for stable peace, for friendly cooperation with the Soviet Union, for the prohibition of the Atomic Bomb, for the annulment of anti-labor legislation, and for an end to race discrimination. The Americans, she declared, were beginning

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"to resist the efforts to introduce Fascism in their country."

On January 21, 1949, Confidential Informant T-4 furnished a copy of "Notes Taken by GERDA LERNER, Delegates to the Second Congress of the WIDF, Budapest." According to these notes, several members were proposed for the Praesidium, among them were MURIEL DRAPER, USA. All of the persons proposed were elected. According to these notes, on December 6, 1948, the General Council of the Women's International Democratic Federation was elected. Among the United States members elected was MURIEL DRAPER.

The "Daily Worker" of December 27, 1948, page 4, column 4, in an article entitled "Delegates Back From World's Women's Congress" states that the women delegates from the United States who had attended the Second Congress of the WIDF in Budapest, Hungary, had just returned to the United States on the QUEEN ELIZABETH. According to this article, the American delegation, of which MURIEL DRAPER was official spokesman, was sent under the auspices of the Congress of American Women.

The "Daily Worker" of January 24, 1949, page 4, column 3, states that MURIEL DRAPER was to be a speaker at a dinner to be held January 28, 1949 welcoming 33 American women who attended the Second Women's International Congress recently concluded in Budapest, Hungary. This dinner was to be held at the Hotel Mc Alpin, New York.

The "Daily Worker" of February 2, 1949, page 5, column 3, reports of a dinner given at the Hotel Mc Alpin for 33 home-coming delegates from the Women's Congress at Budapest. According to this article, MURIEL DRAPER, Executive Vice President of the Congress of American Women, who visited the Soviet Union after the Women's Congress, reported that Moscow's citizens "laughed at the Voice of America."

The "Daily Worker" of May 10, 1949, page 6, column 1, reflects that 300 women representatives of the Congress of American Women from 12 states, led by their newly elected President MURIEL DRAPER, had presented a peace petition on May 9, 1949 to the United Nations. In presenting the petition at Lake Success, MURIEL DRAPER referred to a similar petition signed by one million Italian women which the United Nations had received some time ago.

The "Daily Worker" of May 12, 1949, page 3, column 3, reflects

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that MURIEL DRAPER of the Congress of American Women had appeared before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to express opposition to the North Atlantic military alliance.

On May 12, 1949, Confidential Informant T-4 furnished a list of committee members of the Congress of American Women who were scheduled to serve on the various committees at the National Convention of the Congress of American Women held May 6 to 8, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER was listed as one of the committee members on the Committee on the Officers Report. Confidential Informant T-4 further advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been one of the several individuals preparing the Officers Report. This report stated that the Congress of American Women members had chosen to be most active in the Peace and Democracy Commission under the guidance of MURIEL DRAPER, Chairman of that committee. Confidential Informant T-4 further advised that when the convention opened on the evening of May 6, 1949, seated on the dais were several members of the Congress of American Women, including MURIEL DRAPER who acted as chairman of the convention.

On June 17, 1949, Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised of a luncheon which was held by the Bronx Branch of the American Birobidjan at the Waldorf Astoria on May 26, 1949. At this meeting, MURIEL DRAPER reported on the congress of the World's Federation of Democratic Women in Budapest. During her speech, she attacked the "war mongers and the imperialists for conducting the 'so called cold war against the Soviet Union'." She stated that Europe is on the road to Socialism and that all energy should be expended to bring it about in the United States. She said, "We will soon compile our own subversive list, and we will submit it to the American people. This will be a real subversive list and we will show the people who are their real enemies." She stated "The Russian people are a peace-loving people just like the American people, and the Russian people like the American people. There is no Wall Street in the Soviet Union, and there is no rush for world markets and that is why the Soviet Union is for world peace."

On June 17, 1949, Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, furnished a copy of the minutes of the Executive Board of the Congress of American Women for a meeting which was held at the National Congress of American Women headquarters at 2 East 23rd Street, New York City. The presiding officer was MURIEL DRAPER. At this meeting, according to the minutes, MURIEL DRAPER made a pledge of $25.00 to assist in financing the trip of STELLA ALLEN, Executive Secretary of the Congress of American Women, to the National Convention of the Union of French Women to be held June 5, 1949

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in Marseilles, France.

The "New York Daily Mirror" of June 30, 1949, relates that during the trial of the eleven United States Communist leaders on the previous day, GILBERT GREEN testified regarding the WIDF. During his testimony, he listed Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER as a member of the Federation's Executive Committee.

The "Daily Worker" of September 28, 1949, page 3, column 1, states that a delegation of American women had gone to the United Nations on the previous day to plead for the life of KETTY ZEVGOS, Greek woman leader, sentenced to die by a court martial in Greece. Among the delegates was MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women.

The records of the Passport Division, Department of State, On October 26, 1949, reflected that a passport was being issued, valid for four months, to MURIEL DRAPER to attend a Moscow meeting of the Council of Women's International Democratic Federation from November 15 to 20, 1949. Her address was given as Apartment 2W, 322 East 58th Street, New York 22, New York.

On November 3, 1949, Confidential Informant T-4 stated that MURIEL DRAPER was to shortly leave for Moscow to attend a meeting of the WIDF there.

The "Herald Tribune" of November 16, 1949 in a dispatch from Moscow dated November 15, 1949 reports of the opening of the session of the WIDF in Moscow. This article states that among the Americans present was Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER.

The "Daily Worker" of November 18, 1949 on page 7, carries a dispatch from Moscow reflecting that MURIEL DRAPER had been elected to the Executive Council of the WIDF.

On August 9, 1949, Confidential Informant T-13, of unknown reliability, furnished information concerning the Executive Board meeting of the Congress of American Women for July 26, 1949. This meeting was called to order at 7:30 P.M. by the President, MURIEL DRAPER. The progress of the work around the Congress for Peace to be held in Mexico City, was brought up to date by MURIEL DRAPER. The Congress of American Women was to be responsible for a delegation of its own, and after consultation with the

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committee for United States participation, was to be responsible for getting other organizations to send delegates. The final Congress of American Women officers as candidates for the WIDF Executive Board and Council were voted on and accepted. Among the candidates for the Executive Board and the Council was MURIEL DRAPER.

On December 5, 1949, Confidential Informant T-14, of known reliability, stated that MURIEL DRAPER had played an active part in the conference of the Council of the WIDF. This informant advised that on November 18, 1949, a meeting of the United States delegation was called by MURIEL DRAPER at 11:00 P.M. A general discussion was held by the American delegates and present at this meeting was MARIE CLAUDE VAILLANT-COUTURIER. According to the informant, on the morning of November 19, 1949, a report was given to the convention by MURIEL DRAPER, and MURIEL DRAPER continued in attendance at the sessions until November 23, 1949. The informant further advised that at the WIDF Convention MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech as follows:

"The situation in the United States today gives to the democratic women of the Congress of American Women, in close association with our valiant and beloved sisters in the Women's International Democratic Federation, our greatest opportunity.

"The dawn of each new day throws a clearer light on the deadly plans that are being made in our country for war.

"The burden of these plans bears even more heavily on us as mothers, as workers, as women. We begin to see that our national security, our cultural and democratic heritage, our happiness as human beings, the lives of our children, our right to work - all are endangered by those who hold to the tragic principle that agressive war can solve our national economic problems, and who are preparing to act on this principle.

"As the plans are seen more clearly, as the costly burden grows heavier, as the danger increases, we stand closer together in opposition to this course of action. If we do not run, no one can chase us!

"We are conscious of our responsibility to the heroic women who suffered the most terrible cost of war in every part of the world . . .

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"where fascists searched out their enemy. The fascists tried in vain to destroy the living forces that forever struggle through history for the right to live in Peace and understanding - one with another...

"These vital forces cannot be destroyed!

"They triumphed in your great country. You won the battle because your cause is just. The shining victory of the Chinese people is fresh before our eyes. In the Eastern European countries the people fought to transform themselves into new Democracies. We can work with our neighbors in Latin America, in Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Cuba to force a Western Hemisphere Pact for peace, not a North Atlantic Pact for war. In Spain, in Greece, in Viet-Nam, the struggle still goes on. In India, in Korea, in Malaya, in Indonesia, the vital forces grow daily stronger. In the United States, where our brave fighting strength was allied with yours to conquer fascism during the last world-shaking war, there are many who are still true to our early ideals of freedom and independence - ideals that stand high among the greatest in history. They will join the women and men wherever they are united to live and love in peace, not to kill and hate in war. This is our great opportunity. We will make use of it.

"Determined attacks are made upon this unity in the United States, with particular emphasis on the growing world-wide strength of women, their firm determination to prevent another war, and their creative research into its cause. It is proof of the developing effectiveness of our work that a vicious attack on the Congress of American women and the WIDF has been made by an irresponsible and gullible committee of U.S. congressmen. They are afraid of us, and the historic changes that are taking place in human relationships!

"But the members of the Congress of American Women know what we are doing. Our openly avowed goal since our inception has been the furtherance of world peace, and the settlement of the conditions of life for the people of all countries.

"The validity of our aims is beyond question. We will continue to support them. Together with the millions of the working men and women of the United States, on whom its wealth and civilisation depend, we will find the strength to carry out our aims, and join with them in victory.

"Long live the W.I.D.F!

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"Long live the Soviet Union!"

"Long live the women, the men and the children on this planet who will win and enjoy the Peace!"

At this meeting, MURIEL DRAPER also reported on the work of the Congress of American Women, according to the informant. She outlined the request by the Department of Justice, directing the Congress of American Women to register as a foreign agent. She stated that this action was taken as part of "the new phase of the attack on the world unity of the progressive forces for peace."

On December 5, 1949, Mr. IRVING WRIGHT, Traffic Manager of the KLM Dutch Airlines, NYC, stated that MURIEL DRAPER arrived in the United States on that date on the 2:00 P.M. flight. He believed that she had returned to the United States via Prague, Czechoslovakia. She landed at Idlewild Airport, New York, N.Y.

The "Daily News" of January 7, 1950, contains an article regarding a press conference held on January 6, 1950 at the office of C. JOHN ROGGE, 401 Broadway, New York City. At this conference, President MURIEL DRAPER of the Congress of American Women disclosed that the Congress of American Women had defied a Justice Department order to register as an agent of a foreign power. According to this article, MURIEL DRAPER said "We cannot register as foreign agents when we are not." According to this article, Mrs. DRAPER was requested to register on October 8, November 3 and December 29, 1949. She stated at this conference that the Congress of American Women had on December 11, 1949, withdrawn from the WIDF.

On January 11, 1950, Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, made available a mimeographed letter dated December 21, 1949, on the letterhead of the Congress of American Women, signed by MURIEL DRAPER, President of that organization. This letter briefly sketches the history of the organization's efforts to resist registration under the Foreign Agents Registration Act. It advised that the National Executive Board of the Congress of American Women convened on December 11, 1949, in New York City and by resolution announced the disaffiliation of the Congress of American Women with the WIDF.

III. ACTIVITIES IN THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP

On March 3, 1949, Confidential Informant T-16, of known reliability,

advised that Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER continues as the National Chairman of the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. According to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER is also listed as a member of the Board of Directors of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. The National Council of American Soviet Friendship comes within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

According to Confidential Informant T-17, of known reliability, on April 17, 1947, MURIEL DRAPER attended a dinner given by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship that night.

On March 28, 1947, Confidential Informant T-17 advised that on March 27, 1947, MURIEL DRAPER attended a meeting of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship held at the home of ELINOR GIMBER, 163 East 78th Street, New York City. This meeting was addressed by Senator CLAUDE PEPPER.

On December 4, 1947, Confidential Informant T-11 stated that MURIEL DRAPER had attended a luncheon sponsored by the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship at the Waldorf Astoria hotel on December 3, 1947. MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this meeting. According to this informant, she was particularly bitter against the anti-Soviet block of American people which she stated seems to have grown much larger, and is growing even larger every day. According to the informant, she laid particular emphasis on the talk of a coming war with Russia.

On March 23, 1948, Confidential Informant T-6 stated that MURIEL DRAPER had attended a dinner given at the Hotel Commodore by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, welcoming Ambassador PANYUSHKIN, newly appointed to the United States. MURIEL DRAPER was among those seated at the table reserved for guests of honor.

The "Daily Worker" of June 22, 1948, page 7, column 1, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER would be one of the speakers at a mass meeting for United States and USSR accord to be held at the City Center Casino Ballroom, 133 West 55th Street, New York City, on June 23, 1948, at 8:00 P.M. under the auspices of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship.

On October 4, 1948, Confidential Informant T-8 advised of a dinner given by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship which was held at the Iceland Restaurant, 1660 Broadway, New York City on September 29, 1948. This dinner was given in honor of RICHARD MORFORD,

head of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. MURIEL DRAPER was present and spoke at this dinner, according to the informant. She highly praised MORFORD.

On February 27, 1949, Confidential Informant T-6 advised of a conference and luncheon which was sponsored by the Women's Committee of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship on February 5, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER was present at the conference and spoke. She urged the members to make the press aware that Americans want peace and intend to wage a militant struggle for it. She told the members to read the "Post", "New York Times" the "Herald Tribune", "National Guardian" and the "Daily Worker" and to send letters favoring a peace drive on the part of the United States. A resolution drawn up by the Committee of Women was read to the members by Mrs. DRAPER. This resolution called for a conference as soon as possible between the USSR and the United States and one between the four great powers in the near future.

On April 20, 1949, Confidential Informant T-18, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER was in Boston on a lecture tour arranged by the Massachusetts Council of American Soviet Friendship on March 2, 3 and 4, 1949. At an interview on March 2, 1949, she discussed her recent trip to Europe and the Soviet Union. During this interview, she discussed people of Russia and related of the wonderful life they lead in Russia. She stated that "the first question on Russian lips is 'Do the American people want to go to war against the Soviet Union? What are we doing about preventing it'." She stated that the Soviet Government would not have made any charge against ANNA LOUISE STRONG if it did not have a basis in fact. She spoke about the trial of Cardinal MINDSZENTY and stated, "I don't know why American women should kneel in the streets of New York when he himself is a self-confessed wrong doer."

The "Daily Worker" of November 29, 1949, page 2, column 1, states that MURIEL DRAPER would be flying back from Moscow to address a rally on "Outlaw the Atomic Bomb" which was to be held in Madison Square Garden Monday night, December 5, 1949. This article described Mrs. DRAPER as Chairman of the Committee of Women of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship.

On December 7, 1949, Confidential Informant T-19, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had given a brief speech at the "Rally for Peace" sponsored by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship at Madison Square Garden on December 5, 1949. According to

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the informant, all the speakers at this meeting including MURIEL DRAPER asked for, 1. outlawing the Atomic Bomb and 2. friendship for the Soviet Union.

IV. ACTIVITIES IN THE JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE

On March 8, 1949, Confidential Informant T-12 advised that MURIEL DRAPER is a sponsor of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee comes within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-20, of known reliability, advised on October 31, 1947 that the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee held a dinner at the Hotel Astor on October 30, 1947. Several prominent persons attended this dinner and were introduced, including MURIEL DRAPER.

Confidential Informant T-21, of known reliability, on February 27, 1947, advised that MURIEL DRAPER would be one of the speakers at a luncheon to be held by the Women's Division of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee at the Biltmore Hotel on February 28, 1948. The informant further advised that MURIEL DRAPER was to leave on May 12, 1948 for Rome, Italy, for the conference of the WIDF and while in Europe would do some assignment for the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. The informant could give no further information regarding the nature of this assignment.

On March 19, 1948, Confidential Informant T-12 advised that MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the national reception committee for Madame IRENE JOLIOT-CURIE. This committee was under the auspices of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

The April 28, 1948 issue of "PM", a New York daily newspaper, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the signers of a joint statement by some 65 prominent Americans in connection with O. JOHN ROGGE'S request to have the United States Supreme Court review the Congressional contempt conviction of Dr. EDWARD K. BARSKY and 15 other members of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

On May 6, 1948, Confidential Informant T-21 stated that he had learned additional information concerning the work that MURIEL DRAPER was to do for the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee during her trip to Europe and Rome. The informant advised that he believed this work was to be done in connection with a hospital in France which has been supported

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by the Unitarian Service Committee with funds obtained from the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

On October 9, 1948, Confidential Informant T-21 further stated that it had been learned that MURIEL DRAPER was contemplating a plan of action in connection with the then current Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee's Anti-Franco campaign. This action, according to the informant, was to take the form of writing letters to General MARSHALL, President TRUMAN and United States Senator CHAN GURNEY, protesting possible United Nations recognition of Spain. In this connection, according to the informant, MURIEL DRAPER was to enlist the aid of HAROLD SWEAZY, Chicago, Illinois, who had been active in support of HENRY WALLACE.

On July 11, 1949, Confidential Informant T-22, of known reliability, advised that the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee in April, 1949, sponsored five lectures given by MURIEL DRAPER. The purpose of these lectures, according to the informant, was to urge the public to keep FRANCO Spain out of the United Nations. Lectures were given by MURIEL DRAPER at Berkeley, San Francisco, Petaluma, Palo Alto and Marin, California.

V. ACTIVITIES IN COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATIONS COMING WITHIN THE PURVIEW OF EXECUTIVE ORDER 9835

The following organizations in which MURIEL DRAPER has been active and which are set out in this section come within the purview of Executive Order 9835:

A. American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born

The "Daily Worker" of May 12, 1948, page 4, column 2, states that 50 American women sent an open letter to President TRUMAN the day before protesting the attempt to deport CLAUDIA JONES and others because of their political opinions. According to this article, this letter was released by the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, and one of the signers of the letter was MURIEL DRAPER.

On February 29, 1948, Confidential Informant T-23, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had spoken at a rally held at the Golden Gate Ballroom on the same date for the benefit of CLAUDIA JONES, whom informant advised was a functionary of the Communist Party.

On July 14, 1949, Confidential Informant T-16 furnished a press release dated July 9, 1949 captioned "Prominent Americans Protest Hobbs Concentration Camp Bill." This release was issued by the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, 23 West 26th Street, New York City. MURIEL DRAPER of New York is listed as one of the signers.

B. American Committee for Spanish Freedom

Confidential Informant T-24, of known reliability, furnished an announcement of a rally for free Spain which was to be held in the foyer of the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania on January 29, 1947. This meeting was on the 10th anniversary of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade and was held under the auspices of the American Committee for Spanish Freedom. A speech by MURIEL DRAPER was featured in which she spoke of her visit to Europe and Spain as a member of the WIDF. She stated that she had witnessed under the order of FRANCO thousands of women being thrown into jail, tortured and beaten. She assailed the attitude of the State Department regarding FRANCO Spain. She urged those present to write letters of protest to Secretary of State and their Congressmen, demanding a complete diplomatic break with FRANCO Spain.

C. Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy

On March 17, 1949, Confidential Informant T-16 stated that according to a letter dated February 24, 1949, MURIEL DRAPER was on the Board of Directors of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy, 111 West 42nd Street, New York City.

On April 5, 1949, Confidential Informant T-12 furnished copies of an invitation to a dinner to be given on April 19, 1949 at the Hotel Roosevelt, New York City. This dinner was to be sponsored by the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy. MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a sponsor of the "China Welfare Fund."

On January 28, 1948, Confidential Informant T-11 advised that a session of the National Conference on American Policy in China and the Far East was held January 24, 1948. MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this meeting and declared that the WIDF would rally the American women to take action on the United States Government's policy in China and would also rally the American women "to make us march together with the women of China

"in the common struggle for democracy and peace."

D. Civil Rights Congress

On March 13, 1948, Confidential Informant T-25, of known reliability, furnished a partial list of sponsors of the National Conference of the Civil Rights Congress. MURIEL DRAPER is listed as one of the sponsors.

On July 25, 1949, Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, furnished a copy of a telegram prepared and sent out under the name of the Civil Rights Congress to certain individuals. One of these individuals was Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, 322 East 58th Street, New York City. This telegram denounced jail sentences imposed on JOHN GATES, HENRY WINSTON and GUS HALL by Judge MEDINA.

E. American Council for a Democratic Greece

On February 27, 1948, Confidential Informant T-16 furnished a press release dated February 18, 1948 of the American Council for a Democratic Greece, 152 West 42nd Street, New York City. MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a signer of this memorandum forwarded to President TRUMAN and others, urging action to save 121 Greek guerrilla prisoners threatened with execution in Salonika, Greece.

The "Daily Worker" of February 21, 1949, page 2, column 4, refers to a statement made the previous day by the American Council for a Democratic Greece, protesting the use of United States troops in Greece. This article referred to the death of an American military officer, Lieutenant Colonel EDNER, whose plane was shot down on January 21, 1949, over Greece. The article stated that a Peace in Greece Rally would be held Monday, February 28, 1949 at the City Casino at 8:00 P.M. and among the principal speakers at the rally would be MURIEL DRAPER.

On February 28, 1949, Confidential Informant T-6 advised that MURIEL DRAPER gave a speech at the rally described above. According to the informant, DRAPER gave information on her recent trip to Budapest and Leningrad. She condemned the Marshall Plan and the Truman Doctrine and said, "America is oppressing every country she gives Marshall Plan aid to. The United States once the foremost democracy of the world has become the oppressor of many countries."

F. American Jewish Labor Council

The "World Telegram" of November 19, 1947, states in an article

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that MURIEL DRAPER is one of the sponsors of the American Jewish Labor Council. This information appears in an article entitled "15 Democrats Blast Red Use of Names."

On May 14, 1948, Confidential Informant T-27, of known reliability, advised that among the sponsors of the American Jewish Labor Council were BEN DAVIS, Member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, USA, and MURIEL DRAPER of the WIDF.

G. National Negro Congress

On August 30, 1946, Confidential Informant T-28, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been one of the sponsors of a National Negro Congress to be held in the Spring of 1946 in Detroit, Michigan.

VI. ACTIVITIES IN OTHER ORGANIZATIONS DESCRIBED AS COMMUNIST FRONTS

A. National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions

On June 24, 1949, Confidential Informant T-29, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been present and had given a speech at a meeting sponsored by the St. Louis Chapter of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. This meeting was held at the home of ESTHER BARRON, 1646 Amherst Street, University City, Missouri, on April 26, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER stated that she had returned from Europe in January after spending two weeks in the Soviet Union at the invitation of NINA POPOVA. She pointed out that Hungary was moving along beautifully and that the Peoples Party, of which the Communists had the largest number, is doing great things. She also stated that much progress was being made in Poland. Informant reported that then MURIEL DRAPER began to discuss the Soviet Union with great enthusiasm. She stated that the Russians were all for peace as were all of the new democracies who were unable to understand the war talk here. She stated that she was shocked at the talk in the United States and said that she disapproved of the North Atlantic Pact, the Marshall Plan and the move for the admission of Franco Spain into the United Nations. According to the informant, a discussion then ensued concerning ANNA LOUISE STRONG in which MURIEL DRAPER defended the Soviet Union's position in this regard.

The "Daily Worker" of August 21, 1949, Section 1, page 2, column 4,

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states that MURIEL DRAPER was to be a speaker at a protest rally to be held August 23, 1949, against the Arms Aid Bill. This rally was to be sponsored by the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions and was to be held at City Center, New York.

The 1949 report of the California Committee on Un-American Activities cites the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions as one of the most important Communist front organizations in the country.

B. Peace Activities and Congresses

On October 18, 1948, Confidential Informant T-6 made available a pamphlet issued by the New York Committee to Win the Peace entitled "Proceedings of the Win the Peace Conference at Manhattan Center, Saturday, June 29, 1946." Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a board member of the New York Committee to Win the Peace in this pamphlet. According to the informant, the New York Committee to Win the Peace is the New York affiliate of the National Committee to Win the Peace, which organization has been cited as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On April 12, 1949, Confidential Informant T-16 furnished a letterhead of "The American Sponsoring Committee, World Congress for Peace, Paris, April 20 - 23, 1949." MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a sponsor of this committee.

On March 28, 1949, Confidential Informant T-12 made available a copy of the final program of the Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, March 25 to 27, 1949. MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a sponsor of this conference.

On December 7, 1949, Confidential Informant T-30, of known reliability, advised that in his opinion the Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace held March 25 to 27, 1949 and the World Peace Congress held in Paris, France on April 25, 1949 were follow ups on the World Congress of Intellectuals held in Wroclaw, Poland in August, 1948 and were part of the world-wide Communist inspired "peace" propaganda campaign.

C. "Soviet Russia Today"

In the March, 1947 issue of "Soviet Russia Today" is an article

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by MURIEL DRAPER, of the Executive Committee of the Women's International Democratic Federation, on the meeting in Moscow of Women to Plan for Peace.

In the October, 1947 issue of "Soviet Russia Today" it is stated that the book reviews for the magazine are handled by MURIEL DRAPER and ANDREW VOZNOW.

On March 15, 1948, Confidential Informant T-31, of known reliability, advised that "Soviet Russia Today" is a Communist Party activity and is on sale at all Communist bookshops and at Communist Party section headquarters.

D. Committee for Democratic Rights

The "Daily Worker" of April 30, 1948, page 3, column 3, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER is one of the signers of a protest of the Committee for Democratic Rights, denouncing the Mundt-Nixon Bill.

On May 28, 1948 Confidential Informant T-16 advised that MURIEL DRAPER is listed as a member of the Executive Board of the Committee for Democratic Rights.

The "Daily Worker" of May 10, 1948, page 3, columns 1 and 2, states that the immediate objectives of the Committee for Democratic Rights were "full and adequate public hearings before any Congressional action is taken on the Bill (Mundt Bill), completion of the petition and a literature campaign to bring the truth of this Bill's effect to the people."

E. Voice of Freedom Committee

On August 9, 1949, Confidential Informant T-32, of known reliability, furnished an invitation to a testimonial dinner to be given by the Voice of Freedom Committee at the Hotel Park Sheridan in New York City on March 3, 1949. This invitation reflected that one MURIEL DRAPER was a member of the dinner committee.

According to Confidential Informant T-6, the Voice of Freedom Committee is a Communist front organization which is run by STELLA HOLT, Executive Secretary and FRANCES DRUCKER, both of whom are members of the Communist Party.

F. Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee

On March 3, 1948 Confidential Informant T-33, of known reliability,

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furnished a copy of the program of the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee. On the reverse side of this program are greetings from individuals; among whom is MURIEL DRAPER.

In 1944, Confidential Informant T-34, of known reliability, furnished a copy of a letter addressed to delegates of the Emergency Peace Mobilization Committee. This letter stated that they must be organizers of the American Peace Mobilization. The American Peace Mobilization comes within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

G. Activities Among Italian Women's Organizations

On April 8, 1947, Confidential Informant T-12 furnished a letterhead of the American Society for Cultural Relations with Italy which bore the date March 26, 1947. On the reverse side of this letterhead, MURIEL DRAPER is among those listed as "Friends of Italian Democracy."

The "World Telegram" of April 17, 1947 reported that LUIGI ANTONINI, President of the Italian-American Labor Council, termed the American Society for Cultural Relations with Italy a cover for Communist activity and stated that it was collecting relief funds to be distributed in Italy through RITA TOGLIATTI, wife of the Italian Communist leader.

The paper "L'Unita del Popolo" dated March 5, 1949, on page 1, column 4, states that a meeting of women has been called for March 11, 1949. This article stated that this meeting of Italo-American women in the spirit of international women's day was to be addressed by MURIEL DRAPER who would report on her recent trip to Budapest.

"L'Unita del Popolo" has been described by Confidential Informant T-35, of known reliability, as being completely dominated by the American Communist Party.

The "Daily Worker" of March 10, 1949, page 4, column 5, reports that the Joint Committee of Italian American Women was sponsoring a mass meeting for peace to be held at the Hotel Diplomat on March 11, 1949 and that among the speakers would be MURIEL DRAPER.

H. Provisional Committee for a Democratic Jury System, also known as The United Committee for Democratic Rights

Confidential Informant T-12 furnished a memorandum to all societies

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of the International Workers Order dated January 28, 1949, setting forth a telegram received by the International Workers Order protesting the jury system in the trial of the 12 Communist Party leaders. Among the signers of the telegram is MURIEL DRAPER. b6 b7C

The International Workers Order is listed as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The "Daily Worker" dated February 6, 1949, page 3, column 4, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was an endorser of a conference called by PAUL ROBESON and BEN GOLD to protest the means of selecting a jury for the trial of the indicted Communist leaders.

Confidential Informants T-6 and T-11 advised that a conference of the Provisional Committee for a Democratic Jury System was held in the Hotel Diplomat on February 14, 1949. SAS [redacted] and [redacted] also attended this conference. A Continuations Committee was formed to carry on the work of the conference which was to be known as the United Committee for Democratic Rights. MURIEL DRAPER was appointed a member of the committee.

According to Confidential Informant T-36, of known reliability, the activities of the Provisional Committee for a Democratic Jury System were taken over by the Civil Rights Congress in the spring of 1949.

According to Confidential Informant T-16, the Provisional Committee and the United Committee for Democratic Rights were founded in conjunction with the trial of 11 Communist Party leaders and were dominated by members and officers of the Communist Party.

I. Action Conference on Indonesia

Confidential Informant T-6 on January 15, 1948 furnished a letter which reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the Action Conference on Indonesia. The 1949 report of the California Committee on Un-American Activities states that the Action Conference on Indonesia is "a Communist activity sponsored and supported by known Communists and fellow travelers in the foreign affairs field to agitate in support of Indonesian Communist activities."

J. National Youth Assembly Against Universal Military Training

On April 6, 1948, Confidential Informant T-12 made available a

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mimeographed bulletins containing the names of certain individuals as "adult sponsors of the National Youth Assembly Against Universal Military Training." MURIEL DRAPER was listed as a sponsor.

On March 12, 1948, Confidential Informant T-37, of known reliability, reported that the Communist Party was "pushing" this organization as evidenced by literature being distributed at the Thomas Jefferson Section Headquarters, C.P., 201 West 72nd Street, New York City.

VII. OTHER ACTIVITIES

The "Daily Worker" of June 6, 1949, page 3, column 4, states that MURIEL DRAPER took an active part in the demonstration at the prison where defendants HENRY WINSTON, JOHN GATES and GUS HALL were confined. This demonstration protested the confinement of the above three Communist leaders who were then on trial for violation of the Smith Act.

The "Herald Tribune" of June 5, 1949, states that MURIEL DRAPER gave her reason for joining the line because of "threats to civil rights" and threats to democratic traditions.

On June 21, 1947, Confidential Informant T-38, of known reliability, made available a souvenir booklet issued in connection with the 85th anniversary celebration for ELLA REEVE BLOOR, former member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, held at the Bellevue Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. One of the sponsors listed in this booklet was MURIEL DRAPER.

The "Daily Worker" of May 16, 1948 reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was one of the signers of a statement denouncing the motion picture "The Iron Curtain".

On November 23, 1948, Confidential Informant T-16 furnished a copy of a list of signers of a petition to President TRUMAN, urging the abolition of Jim Crow, dilver dollar and discrimination in the Panama Canal Zone. One of the signers was MURIEL DRAPER of New York, New York.

The "Daily Worker" of July 31, 1949, page 4, column 2, reflects that a rally was held at Columbia University protesting the discriminatory practices in the application forms for students at Columbia University. Among those who addressed the rally was MURIEL DRAPER.

The "Daily Worker" of August 2, 1949, states that MURIEL DRAPER

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had joined the list of prominent people who were endorsing the Young Progressives of New York's State Fair. This was described as a "grand, inter-racial youth festival and picnic to be held on August 6".

The "Daily Worker" of August 28, 1948, page 4, column 3, reflects that MURIEL DRAPER was a sponsor of the Independent Non-Partisan Citizens Committee for the reelection of BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, Communist candidate for reelection as City Councilman.

VIII. REPORT OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES

Report on the Congress of American Women dated October 23, 1949 prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities of the United States House of Representatives on pages 66 to 75 contains a summary of the activities of MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women. It furnishes some additional information regarding MURIEL DRAPER'S activities as follows:

On page 74, the report reflects that MURIEL DRAPER sponsored a national conference held by the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born in Cleveland on October 25 and 26, 1947. On page 75, the report states "Among other Communist front organizations which MURIEL DRAPER has sponsored are the American Slav Congress, 'New Masses', its successor 'Masses and Mainstream', Progressive Committee to Rebuild the American Labor Party, Committee for Equal Justice for Mrs. RECY TAYLOR and others. In the 1948 campaign, she was a member of the Wallace for President Committee and was photographed by 'Newsweek' as part of the welcoming committee for the Red Dean of Centerbury, originally sponsored for a lecture tour by the National Council for American Soviet Friendship".

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Confidential Informant T-38 advised that on several occasions during 1946 and 1947 Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER had been in contact with PAVEL FEDOSIMOV of the Consulate of the USSR in New York. According to this same informant, Mrs. DRAPER accepted an invitation for a reception to be held at the Consulate on November 6, 1947 and also made an appointment on March 24, 1948 to meet LEONID FEDOTOV, Secretary at the Consulate.

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LEADS

NEW YORK OFFICE

At New York, New York

Will continue to follow and report subject's activities.

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] dated MAR 1 1956 at New York, New York, are as follows:

T-1 A telephone call made under suitable pretext to the residence of MURIEL DRAPER, 322 East 58th Street (ELdorado 5-3965), New York City.

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T-2 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-3 [redacted] of the Charlotte Office.

T-4 [redacted] whose identity should be strictly protected.

T-5 Pittsburgh Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-6 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

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T-7 Anonymous Source.

T-8 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-9 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

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b6
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b7D

T-10 Anonymous Source.

T-11 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-12 [redacted]

T-13 Kansas City Confidential Informant [redacted] who is a member of [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS (CONT'D.)

T-14 Anonymous Source.

T-15 Cleveland Confidential Informant

[redacted]

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T-16

T-17

T-18 Boston Confidential Informant

[redacted]

T-19 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-20 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA ALBERT N. CARLBLOM.

T-21 [redacted]

T-22 San Francisco Confidential Informant

[redacted]

T-23 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA JOHN J. MANNING.

T-24 A trash cover maintained on the office of the American Committee for Spanish Freedom, 409 Crozier Building, 1420 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, through the cooperation of [redacted]

[redacted]

T-25 Chicago Confidential Informant

[redacted]

T-26 [redacted]

T-27 [redacted]

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS (CONT'D.)

T-28 [redacted]

T-29 St. Louis Confidential Informant [redacted]

T-30 [redacted] furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-31 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

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T-32 Confidential mail box of the New York Office.

T-33 Bureau of Special Services and Investigation, New York Police Department.

T-34 [redacted]

T-35 [redacted]

T-36 Pretext call made by SA [redacted] to the headquarters of the Civil Rights Congress, 205 East 42nd Street, New York City.

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T-37 [redacted] who furnished this information to SA [redacted]

T-38 [redacted]

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 07-27-2009

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 5 1949

TELETYPE

WASH FROM NEW YORK 31 5 11-00P

DIRECTOR URGENT

CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN, ISC, REGISTRATION ACT. MURIEL DRAPER, PRES. OF CAW AND PEARL LAUS, EXEC. VP, RETURNED FROM WIDF CONFERENCE AT MOSCOW TWO THIRTY PM TODAY VIA KLM AIRLINE. LANDED AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT, NY. DRAPER TO ADDRESS NCASF MEETING THIS PM AT MADISON SQ. GARDEN, NY. ABOVE BEING SUBMITTED FOR INFO OF BUREAU.

SCHEIDT

HOLD PLS

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NOV 30 1973

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86 DEC 14 1949

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cmg: Mr. Ladd

ORIGINAL FILE IN 100-344424

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1949

TELETYPE

WASHINGTON FROM NEW YORK 16 7 5-25P

DIRECTOR URGENT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/19/96 BY SP4 BJM/DAS

CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN, ISC, REGISTRATION ACT. L. P. MORRIS ADVISED TODAY THAT WIDF, ASIATIC WOMEN-S CONGRESS, WHICH IS TO BE HELD IN PEIPING, CHINA, HAS BEEN POSTPONED FROM DEC. NINE TO DEC. SEVENTEEN. BETTY MILLARD, SEC-Y TO WIDF, AT PARIS IS FLYING FROM THERE TO CONGRESS. MORRIS BELIEVES MURIEL DRAPER WILL NOT ATTEND DUE TO NECESSITY OF REFUTING CHARGES OF HCUA.

SCHEIDT

END ACK PLS

NY R RELAY FOR LOSA

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INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL FILED IN WFO 100-

New York 7, New York

June 19, 1950

MEMO:

RE: Muriel Draper
IS-C

The attached clipping is from page 222 of the book "Men Without Faces" by LOUIS FRANCIS BUDENZ.

HPL:LJR

EDWARD SCHEIDT
SAC NEW YORK, N.Y.

G.I.R.-1

222

Back in the days when the Communists wanted to win the war, a number of the same names were associated with the Artists Front to Win The War. There we discover Muriel Draper again and Hanns Eisler, the main agent in the creation of the committee. With them were associated Charles Chaplin, Rockwell Kent, Paul Robeson, Larry Adler, and such others as Albert Maltz, John Howard Lawson, and Dalton Trumbo. It will be recalled that the last three refused to state under oath whether or not they were members of the Soviet fifth column.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 9/19/96 BY SP4 B/B/DAB

INDEXED - 74 100-39326-41
NOT RECORDED
14 JUL 1950

55 JUL 26 1950

New York 7, New York.

June 19, 1950

MEMO:

RE: MURIEL DRAPER

HUAC

The attached clipping is from page 212 of the book "Men Without Faces" by LOUIS FRANCIS BUDENZ.

HPL:LJR

EDWARD SCHEIDT
SAC NEW YORK, N.Y.

> From the recitation of these names—to which can be added such others as Muriel Draper, an officer of the American Division of the Red International women's organization; Clifford Odets, the playwright; and Louis F. McCabe, lawyer for the eleven Communists in 1949—we can see how the circle begins to expand. One or two persons under control of the party can in the course of their work relationships or social contacts quite easily and naturally induce others to join the group. They, in turn, may reach out further and persuade acquaintances who are not Communists or even sympathetic to the party to follow along and to bring in still others.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/30/96 BY SP/STP/PAB

INDEXED - 109

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NOT RECORDED 14 JUL 14 1950

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EX-102

FIVE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: July 27, 1950

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: RE: MURIEL DRAPER; (LOUIS BUDENZ 100)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
(Bureau file 100-39326)

Encl 1

LOUIS F. BUDENZ, formerly managing editor of the "Daily Worker" and a Communist Party functionary until he broke with the Party in October, 1945 has been interviewed during the past few months concerning the concealed Communists whom he knew. The person named above as the subject of this case, was one of those individuals whom BUDENZ described as a concealed Communist. BUDENZ describes a concealed Communist as one who does not hold himself out as a Communist and who would deny membership in the Party.

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BUDENZ advised SA [redacted] on June 21, 1950, of all he knew concerning the subject, that he felt was pertinent, and he dictated this information to a stenographer of this office, who was present during the interview.

He used, in order to bring out all he knew about the subject, the following set of questions. He considered all questions in connection with this subject. Where he did not comment on some particular question as to the activity of the subject, then it is because he had no knowledge. If he recalled anything about the subject as a result of these questions he dictated what he knew. The questions are as follows:

1. Identify individual
   a. If observed a description and other identifying data;
   b. If not seen, enough descriptive data about individual to positively identify him or her;
   c. Any aliases

2. Narrate how he knows individual as a Communist [redacted]
   a. If seen at a closed meeting get date, place and persons present at meeting
   b. If told officially that individual was a Communist, who said it, what were the circumstances, and who was present;
   c. Relate all occasions when he met or heard of individual as Communist.

3. Documents
   a. Did individual ever write anything that might be considered Communist literature.
      1. For "Daily Worker", "New Masses", "Political Affairs", and any front publications or other publications.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/12/12 BY [redacted]

2 ENCL 47

cc: NY 62-8988

RECORDED - 67
INDEXED - 67

100-39326-43
AUG 25 1950

51 SEP 25

EX-16 WJM:APK
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EX-16

24

4 Fronts
Was individual active in front organizations.
a. Which organizations
b. How active was individual

5. Espionage

Was individual ever involved in secret work;
What work;
Who knew it;
Did individual ever do any special work for party.

6. Is individual still active or sympathetic toward Party.

7. Can you recall any trips abroad particularly to Russia and the approximate date of the trips? Can you recall the nature of the trips.

8. Did you ever hear that he had attended any of the training schools in Russia?

9. Did this subject appear to have entree to the Russian Consulate or did he receive special consideration and attention from known Russian Agents or Communist Officials in U.S.?

10. Is the subject working for the U.S. Government or is he affiliated in any way in Confidential Government work at this time?

11. Did this individual have military training, Abraham Lincoln Brigade, U.S. Army, other service?

12. Was this individual employed in vital industry?

13. Do you know any other members of his family who are Communists?

14. Do you know of any other activity on the part of the individual which would indicate that the individual is a concealed Communist?

Additional questions were asked as a result of his answers to the above questions in order to fully develop his information.

Attached is a blind memorandum dictated by LOUIS F. BUDENZ and containing all the pertinent information concerning the subject which BUDENZ could presently recollect.

The original of each memo has been reviewed by Mr. BUDENZ and he has made any necessary corrections and he has signed the original. The signed original of each memo is being retained in the confidential informant file of LOUIS F. BUDENZ, NY file 62-8988.

Since the individuals such as the subject of this case are, according to BUDENZ, concealed Communists and since they are, in most instances, persons of some prominence, it is suggested that if the information appearing in the attached blind memo is reported, then Mr. BUDENZ should be given a temporary confidential informant symbol.

For the information of the Bureau the subject is one of the 400 concealed Communists whom BUDENZ stated he knew. The names of these concealed Communists were sent to the Bureau in the case captioned "Communist Party, USA, Internal Security - C".

MURIEL DRAPER

Mother of PAUL DRAPER and working extensively among the Park Avenue set. Mrs. DRAPER had roughly cut hair, with pursed lips.

About 1944 I met her in an enlarged meeting of the National Committee of the Communist Party, being introduced to her by ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN. They stated that she was a Communist, which she would have to be in order to attend any such session.

Repeatedly in the 1940's and up to 1945, I was advised officially by JACK STACHEL and EUGENE DENNIS, together with TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, that Mrs. DRAPER was a devoted member of the Communist Party. In that capacity she was a member of a number of fronts and also represented the Party in the Women's International meeting at Prague, although she did not state her representation openly so far as the Party was concerned.

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ENCLOSURE
100-393261-43

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 100-14713 RM

REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK	11/4/50.	10/25-27/50.	

TITLE	CHARACTER OF CASE
MURIEL DRAPER, wa.	INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

MURIEL DRAPER continues to reside at 322 East 58th Street, NYC, and she is still President of the Congress of American Women, where she is at present in charge of a group dissolving said organization. Additional information received indicating subject's membership in the CP. Subject has continued her activities in the Congress of American Women; has chaired meetings of the organization, and was active in organizing a delegation of women to the United Nations in July, 1950. Subject has also been active in other Communist front activities.

- P* -

DETAILS:

OCCUPATION AND RESIDENCE

On October 31, 1950, Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER continues to reside at 322 East 58th Street, New York City.

On October 28, 1950, Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER still comes to the headquarters of the Congress of American Women, of which she is President, at 2 East 23rd Street, New York City. This informant stated that MURIEL DRAPER comes to the building daily and works there for a few hours. This informant believes that the Congress of American Women is dissolving and the subject has indicated to the informant that this is so and that she is liquidating the affairs of the outfit.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: Edward Scheidt SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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3 New York

COPY IN FILE

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
100-39326-44
NOV 6 1950

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INDEXED - 80
EX-26

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9 NOV 29 1950

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 7—2034

On October 24, 1950, Confidential Informant T-3, of unknown reliability, advised that MURIEL DRAPER had been appointed to the committee "To Wind Up Affairs of CAW". The informant furnished a letter dated October 20, 1950, stating that a decision to dissolve the organization had been made at the National Executive Board Meeting, held in New York City, on September 21, 1950. This letter called upon all members of the board, officers, etc., to forward their resignations. The letter was signed by MURIEL DRAPER, "For the Committee to Wind Up Affairs of CAW".

MEMBERSHIP IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY

On October 14, 1950, Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that during the period of the informant's membership in the Communist Party, from 1931 to 1940, it was generally acknowledged among the leaders of the Communist Party that MURIEL DRAPER was a member. Confidential Informant T-4 said that he had never seen her at any Communist Party meetings, but his knowledge was based on her reputation.

On June 21, 1950, LOUIS F. BUDENZ advised that he first met MURIEL DRAPER at an enlarged meeting of the National Committee of the Communist Party, being introduced to her by ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN. They stated that she was a Communist, which she would have to be in order to attend any such session.

Repeatedly in the 1940's and up to 1945, BUDENZ was advised by JACK STACHEL and EUGENE DENNIS, together with TRACHTENBERG and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, that MURIEL DRAPER was a devoted member of the Communist Party. In that capacity, she was a member of a number of fronts and also represented the Party in the Women's International Meeting at Prague, although she did not state her representation openly so far as the Party was concerned.

Page 239 of the book "Men Without Faces" by LOUIS FRANCES BUDENZ states in part, "LOUISE BRANSTEN (who was also a Soviet Agent), and Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, were given the responsibility of working out relationships which would plant Communists firmly in Scarsdale, Larchmont, and Bronxville. Where actual Communist converts could not be made, friendly associations were to be initiated, which would permit concealed Communists

b6
b7C

"to speak before community organizations as experts on foreign affairs, particularly on the satelite states and China".

ACTIVITIES IN THE CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN

On May 7, 1950, Stenographer [redacted] and the writer attended a rally sponsored by the Metropolitan Council of the Congress of American Women at the Gold Room, on the sixth floor of Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth Avenue, New York City. MURIEL DRAPER spoke at this meeting and protested the production of the Atom and Hydrogen Bombs, and against President TRUMAN'S plan for Point Four.

The "Daily Worker" of March 8, 1950, Page 5, Column 3, contained an article entitled "Women's Rally Hits Plan to Make H Bomb". The article stated in part, "In a speech scheduled for delivery at the meeting, MURIEL DRAPER, President of the CAW, warned that an atomic war, in addition to frightful horrors, would mean imposition of full fledged Fascism on the United States". She urged women to sign the Congress of American Women's post card now being distributed, which calls upon President TRUMAN to stop the manufacture of the H Bomb.

The "Daily Worker" of April 5, 1950, Page 4, Column 3, in an article entitled "Demonstrate Today Against H Bomb", stated that "Mrs. MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women, will lead the Manhattan contingent of a city wide protest demonstration this morning against the manufacture of the H Bomb. The demonstration will begin at 11:00 a.m. and close at 2:00 p.m..... Mrs. DRAPER'S group will demonstrate on Fourth Avenue and Fourteenth Street". At 11:00 p.m., the writer went to Fourth Avenue and 14th Street, but no activity was observed at this location from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

On May 11, 1950, Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, furnished the minutes of a meeting of the Congress of American Women, dated May 2, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order at 8:15 p.m. by President MURIEL DRAPER. At this meeting Bread and Butter Conference on Child Welfare, Peace Activities, Finance, and a report from the Manhattan Chapter #1 of the Congress of American Women was read and accepted.

On June 13, 1950, Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, furnished the minutes of a meeting of the Congress of American Women dated May 31, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order at 8:15 p.m. by President MURIEL DRAPER. MURIEL DRAPER reported that she had met with JEANETTE STEARN TURNER Vice President of the Congress of American Women, at a luncheon, and after a discussion with her, she felt that she must accept her decision to resign from the Congress of American Women's Executive Board. The following items were discussed at this meeting: "Report on United Nations Delegation; Summer Plans; the Financial Report; and the Metropolitan Council Report".

A discussion was held centering around the women of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee who were being sent to jail on the following week. It was agreed that MURIEL DRAPER would check and find what would be most appropriate for the Congress of American Women to do. The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee has been designated by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order number 9835.

On June 30, 1950, Confidential Informant T-2 furnished the minutes of the Administrative Committee meeting held by the Congress of American Women on June 7, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m. by President MURIEL DRAPER. At this meeting, a general discussion was held regarding future activities of the Congress of American Women.

On June 28, 1950, Confidential Informant T-6 furnished a letter dated June 13, 1950, issued by the Congress of American Women, Metropolitan Council, 1133 Broadway, New York City. This letter stated that MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women, had suggested that members of the National Executive Board of the organization should be invited to attend their meeting, which was to be held on Thursday, June 22, at 8:00 p.m.

On June 26, 1950, Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, furnished a letter of the Congress of American Women dated June 21, 1950, re "Summer Peace Campaigns and Finance". This letter was signed by MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women. This letter called upon the members of the Congress of American

Women to support the protest against the sentencing of the women members of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. This letter also called upon members to support the Stockholm Peace Petition, and to write letters to Mr. TRYGVE LIE, urging him to continue his efforts for peace.

On July 14, 1950, Confidential Informant T-6 furnished a mimeographed message appearing on a blank Western Union telegram form. This notice was dated June 30, 1950, and stated, "Urge you attend a representative emergency meeting, Thursday, July 6, 4:00 p.m. sharp, 2 East 23rd Street, to plan immediate women's delegation to the United Nations, to strengthen the drive for peace. Signed, MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women". b6 b7C

On July 13, 1950, Special Agent [redacted] observed a Women's Peace Delegation, which had come to the United Nations, Lake Success, New York, on that date. Special Agent [redacted] observed this group and observed MURIEL DRAPER among them. She was observed to be a leader of the group and to be active in talking to the women there.

During the course of the activities of the group, which went to the United Nations on the above date, Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, obtained a letter dated July 10, 1950, on the letterhead of the Congress of American Women, 2 East 23rd Street, New York City. This letter was signed by MURIEL DRAPER, President. This letter set out the attitude of the Congress of American Women on the Korean War, and states in part, "Write to President TRUMAN and protest this action. Urge him to withdraw our troops and put an end to this dangerous conflict".

On July 22, 1950, Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised of attending a meeting of the Congress of American Women, held at 2 East 23rd Street, New York City, on July 19, 1950. The informant observed that MURIEL DRAPER was Chairman of this meeting, which was called regarding a delegation which was to go to Washington, D. C., on August 8, 1950, for peace. It was decided that

the delegation would be called "American Women For Peace". The main topic of this entire meeting was this American Women For Peace Delegation, which was discussed by MURIEL DRAPER.

On October 24, 1950, Confidential Informant T-3 furnished the minutes of the National Executive Board of the Congress of American Women, dated September 21, 1950. According to these minutes, the meeting was called to order by 8:30 p.m. by President MURIEL DRAPER. According to these minutes, President MURIEL DRAPER reviewed the history of the Congress of American Women and many aspects of work the organization was engaged in. She stated that the Congress of American Women was not receiving the support necessary for its continuation as an actively functioning national women's organization. At this meeting, a committee to wind up the affairs of the Congress of American Women was appointed and MURIEL DRAPER was on this committee.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

The "Daily Worker" of May 26, 1950, Page 4, Column 2, contained an article entitled "Manhattan Leaders Oppose Mundt Bill". This article lists the names of various people who expressed their opposition to the Mundt Bill in statements received by the Manhattan Citizens Committee to Defeat the Mundt Bill. Included among these individuals was MURIEL DRAPER, President of the Congress of American Women.

On June 9, 1950, Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised of a meeting held in "honor of the twenty-one great Americans who are on their way to jail", sponsored by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and the National Council of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions, held at the Manhattan Center, New York City. MURIEL DRAPER, according to the informant, spoke at this meeting and said that the cold war was responsible "for the jailing of these great Americans". She said that the women are beginning to take a militant stand against "the war mongers". She said that her organization (Congress of American Women) is engaged fully and wholeheartedly in the fight against the cold war and for freedom of those who are being sent to jail. She made an appeal for funds, and stated that donations were coming in too slowly.

The "Daily Worker" of June 6, 1950, Page 4, Column 1, contained an article entitled "2500 at Rally, Open Drive to Free 21". This article reflected that MURIEL DRAPER was to be one of the main speakers at this meeting.

- P E N D I N G -

LEADS

NEW YORK

At New York City, New York

Will continue to follow and report the activities of the subject.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated November 4, 1950, at New York City, are as follows: b6 b7C

T-1 Telephone call made under suitable pretext to the residence of MURIEL DRAPER, telephone number El 5-3965.

T-2 [redacted] who furnished information to Special Agent [redacted]

T-3 [redacted] b2

T-4 [redacted] b6

[redacted] former Confidential Informant [redacted] b7C b7D

T-5 Deleted.

T-6 [redacted] who furnished information to Special Agent [redacted] and Special Employee [redacted]

T-7 [redacted] who furnished information to Special Agent [redacted] and Special Employee [redacted]

T-8 A confidential source, who furnished this information on July 13, 1950, to Detective [redacted] of the Alien Squad, Nassau County Police Department, Mineola, New York.

T-9 [redacted] who furnished information to Special Agent [redacted]

T-10 [redacted] who furnished information to Special Agent [redacted] b6 b7C

REFERENCE: Report of SA [redacted] New York, 3/1/50.

FD-122
(10-19-49)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Card U.T.D.
2-27-51 ETB

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: February 7, 1951

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa.
INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Bufile 100-39326

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/25/84 BY SP2 Bright DAS

____ It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above captioned individual.

__X__ The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows: (Specify change only)

FBI STAT S FEB 24 3 17 PM '51 IST CS A

NAME _____

ALIASES _____

_____

_____

RACE _____ SEX _____ NATIVE BORN _____ NATURALIZED _____ ALIEN _____

COMMUNIST _____ SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY _____ INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST LEAGUE _____

MISCELLANEOUS (Specify) _____

FBI STAT S FEB 5 3 53 PM '51 IST CS

TAB FOR DETCOM X KEY FIGURE OK TAB FOR COMSAB _____

DATE OF BIRTH _____ PLACE OF BIRTH _____

RESIDENCE ADDRESS _____

_____

BUSINESS ADDRESS (Show name of employing concern and address) _____

_____

_____

NATURE OF INDUSTRY OR BUSINESS (Specify from Strategic and Vital Industry List)

_____

WTM:mat
100-39326-45
FEB 27 1951 420
RECORDED - 115 100-39326-45 FEB 9 1951
FINGERPRINTS A.E. Leonard

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI.

DATE: 9/10/51

FROM : SAC, New York.

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa;
INTERNAL SECURITY - C. (BF 100-39326)

Re O-1 form 7/23/51.

The agent to whom this case had been assigned was not able to submit a report due to the fact that he was also assigned to a Communist fugitive investigation. However, this case has been reassigned to another agent and it is anticipated that a report can be submitted by 10/22/51.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 9-25-74 BY SP4 Bit/Sep

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100-39326 - 46
SEP 11 1951
16

EWW:DJG
100-14713

SEP 19 1951

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI. (BF 100-39326) DATE: 10/23/51

FROM : SAC, New York.

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa;
INTERNAL SECURITY-C.

Remylet 9/10/51.

A report will not be submitted in this case on 10/22/51 due to recent Bureau instructions requiring a Summary Report be submitted in the place of the next regularly scheduled report.

It is anticipated that a Summary Report can be submitted by 10/30/51.

EWW:DJG
100-14713

RECORDED - 104 100-39326-47

OCT 28 1951

12

EX-3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 9/21/12 BY SP1 [illegible]

52 OCT 30 1951

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI.

DATE: 10/29/51

FROM : SAC, New York.

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa;
INTERNAL SECURITY - C.

Remylet 10/23/51.

It is not possible to submit a report in this case on 10/30/51 due to other expedite Communist investigations being handled. It is anticipated that a summary report in this case can be submitted by 11/15/51.

G.I.R.-5

EWW:DJG
100-14713

RECORDED - 100

100-39,326-48

OCT 30 1951

12

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/25/96 BY SP4 [illegible]

FIVE

59 NOV 6 1951

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-39326)

DATE: November 15, 1951

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: MURIEL DRAPER, wa.
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Remylet dated 10/27/51, that report would be submitted to reach Bureau by 11/15/51.

This is to advise that a summary report in this case is presently being dictated and will be submitted to Bureau as soon as it is typed.

EWW:MTH
100-14713

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/23/96 BY SP4 [illegible]/DAB
361491

RECORDED - 41
100-39326-49
NOV 19 1951

EX-83

76 NOV 21 1951

New York 7, New York

June 19, 1950

MEMO:

RE: MRS MURIEL DRAPER
IS-C

The attached clipping is from page 239 of the book "Men Without Faces" by LOUIS FRANCIS BUDENZ.

HPL:LJR

EDWARD SCHEIDT
SAC NEW YORK, N.Y.

RECORDED - 56
EX-115
370479
SEP 27 100
NOT RECORDED
14 JUL 1950

51 JUL 25 1950

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DATE 10/11/96 BY SP4 B/M/Das
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FIVE

of wealth in the party, such as Louise Bransten (who was also a Soviet agent) and Mrs. Muriel Draper, were given the responsibility of working out relationships which would plant the Communists firmly in Scarsdale, Larchmont, and Bronxville. Where actual Communist converts could not be made, friendly associations were to be initiated which would permit concealed Communists to speak before community organizations as experts on foreign affairs, particularly on the satellite states and China. Pro-Communist books were to be plugged at informal dinner parties, in women's clubs, study groups, and educational institutions.